



**Calhoun: The NPS Institutional Archive** 

**DSpace Repository** 

Theses and Dissertations

1. Thesis and Dissertation Collection, all items

1981

### The lateral response of an airship to turbulence.

Wrobleski, John J.

Monterey, California. Naval Postgraduate School

http://hdl.handle.net/10945/20582

Downloaded from NPS Archive: Calhoun



Calhoun is the Naval Postgraduate School's public access digital repository for research materials and institutional publications created by the NPS community. Calhoun is named for Professor of Mathematics Guy K. Calhoun, NPS's first appointed -- and published -- scholarly author.

> Dudley Knox Library / Naval Postgraduate School 411 Dyer Road / 1 University Circle Monterey, California USA 93943









6695 251



# NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL

Monterey, California



## THESIS

THE LATERAL RESPONSE
OF AN AIRSHIP TO TURBULENCE

by

John J. Wrobleski, Jr.

December 1981

Thesis Advisor:

Donald M. Layton

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited

T204931



SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
I. REPORT NUMBER 2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
4. TITLE (and Substitle)  The Lateral Response of an Airship to Turbulence	Master's Thesis; December 1981
Turburence	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(*)	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(e)
John J. Wrobleski, Jr.	
Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, California 93940	10. PROGRAM ÉLEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA à WORK UNIT NUMBERS
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS	12. REPORT DATE
Naval Postgraduate School	December 1981
Monterey, California 93940	13. NUMBER OF PAGES
14 MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II dillerent from Centrolling Office)	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
	Unclassified
	15. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING

IA. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited

17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Black 20, if different from Report)

16. SUPPLEMENTARY HOTES

19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

Airships

Lateral Response

Turbulence

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

A method is derived for finding the linear response and loading transfer functions for the lateral aerodynamic case of airship flight through atmospheric turbulence. The functions obtained are in a form that can be applied to the various spectral analysis methods used to predict survivability currently employed by designers. A numerical example using the USS AKRON (ZR-4) is presented. The results show that peak motion response



UNCLASSIFIED SECURTY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGETWON DOTE Entered and loading occur when the encountered spectral component has a wavelength equal to the airship length, and that simple feedback of heading angle does not significantly decrease this peak.



Approved for public release; distribution unlimited

The Lateral Response of an Airship to Turbulence

by

John J. Wrobleski, Jr.
Lieutenant, United States Navy
B.A.E.M., University of Minnesota, 1975

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degrees of

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

and

AERONAUTICAL ENGINEER

from the

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL December 1981 -4+3

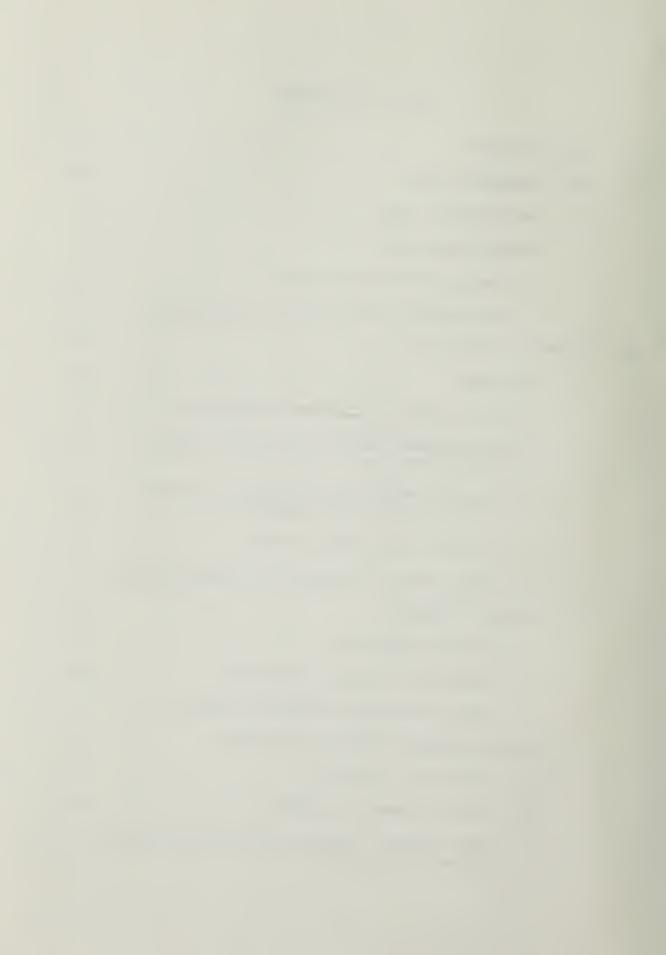
#### ABSTRACT

A method is derived for finding the linear response and loading transfer functions for the lateral aerodynamic case of airship flight through atmospheric turbulence. The functions obtained are in a form that can be applied to the various spectral analysis methods used to predict survivability currently employed by designers. A numerical example using the USS AKRON (ZR-4) is presented. The results show that peak motion response and loading occur when the encountered spectral component has a wavelength equal to the airship length, and that simple feedback of heading angle does not significantly decrease this peak.

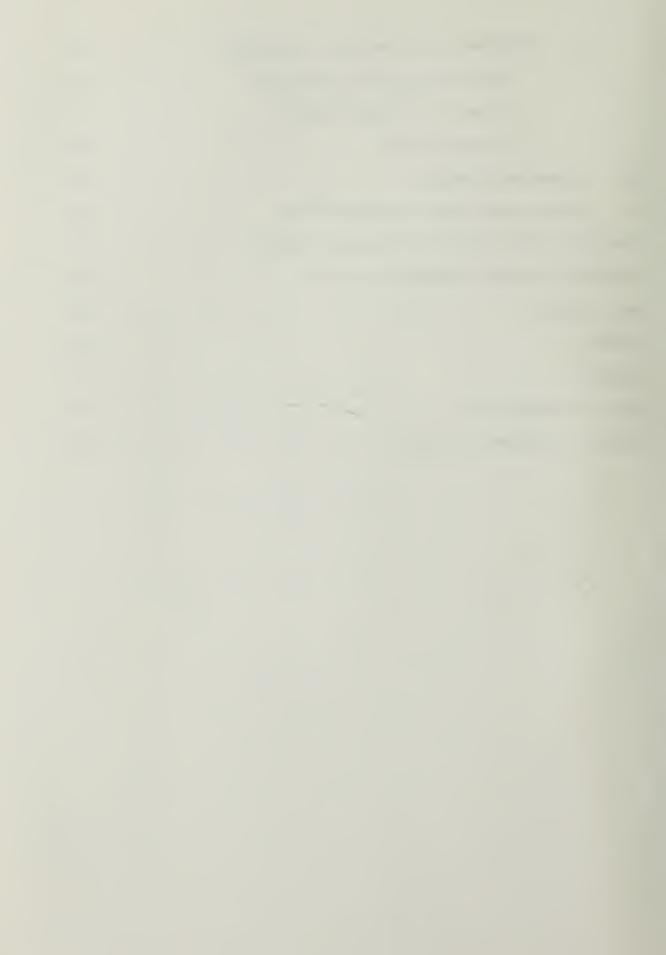


#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	INTE	RODUCI	CION .		•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	15
II.	THE	TURBU	JLENT W	IND .	•		•		•		•	•		•	•		18
	Α.	THE D	DISCRET	E GUS	Т		•		•	•	•	•	•	•		•	18
	В.	RANDO	M TURB	ULENC	E		•		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	19
		1. 1	Turbule	nce O	rga	niza	ati	on	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	22
		2. F	Probabi	lity	Dis	tri	out	ior	n ar	nd	Sp	ec	tr	a	•	•	23
III.	METH	HOD OF	F ANALY	sis .	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	28
	Α.	THE M	MODEL		•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	28
		1. F	orces	from	Tur	bul	enc	e (	Comp	on	en	ts		•	•	•	28
			Aerodyn Airship				an		iome				e •	to ·			31
			Inertia Nynamic							-						•	32
		4. E	Buoyanc	y and	Co	ntr	ol	Ter	ms	•				•	•	•	33
		5. 8	Shear F	orce,	Ве	ndi	ng	and	ł Tv	vis	ti	ng	М	om	en	t	33
	В.	FLIGH	HT DYNA	MICS			•		•			•	•		•	•	34
		1. [	ynamic	Stab	ili	ty	•				•	•	•	•	•	•	34
		2. 1	Turbule	nce F	orc	ing	Fu	nct	ior	ıs		•	•		•	•	38
		3. N	Motion	Respo	nse	.Tr	ans	fer	Fu	ınc	ti	on	s	•	•	•	39
	c.	LOAD	RESPON	SE TR	ANS	FER	FU	NCI	IOI	ıs	•			•			40
		1. 7	Turbule	nce L	oad	ing	•		•		•	•		•	•		40
		2. N	Motion	Respo	nse	Lo	adi	ng	•			•		•	•	•	40
			Shear F Transfe														41



	D.	RESI	PONSE	TO	ATI	MOSP	HE	RIC	TUI	RBU	LE	NC	Ξ	•	•	•	٠	٠	43
		1.	Root-	-Mea	an-	Squa	re	Re	spoi	nse	s	•	•	•	•	•		•	43
		2.	Miss	Lon	Ana	alys	is	Me	tho	f	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		44
		3.	Other	c Me	etho	ods	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	45
IV.	NUME	ERICA	AL EXA	AMP	LE		•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	47
٧.	CONC	CLUS	IONS A	AND	REG	COMM	ENI	TAC	IONS	3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	50
COMPUT	rer o	OUTPU	JT FOI	R TI	HE I	NUME	RIC	CAL	EXA	AMP	LE	3	•	•	•	•	•	•	52
COMPUT	rer e	PROGI	RAM1	IMU	ERI	CAL	EXF	MP:	LE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	109
MASS I	PROGE	RAM .		•			•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	116
TABLES	S	• •		•			•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	127
FIGURE	ES .			•			•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	132
LIST (	OF RE	EFERE	ENCES	•			•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	148
TNTTT	דת .דע	ומייצו	רפווידו	ז ואכ	TS	r													150



#### LIST OF TABLES

I.	PARAMETERS FOR TURBULENCE	•	127
II.	LOAD RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTIONS	•	128
III.	GEOMETRICAL AND INERTIAL PROPERTIES OF THE USS AKRON (ZR-4)		130
IV.	STABILITY DERIVATIVES OF THE USS AKRON (ZR-4)		131



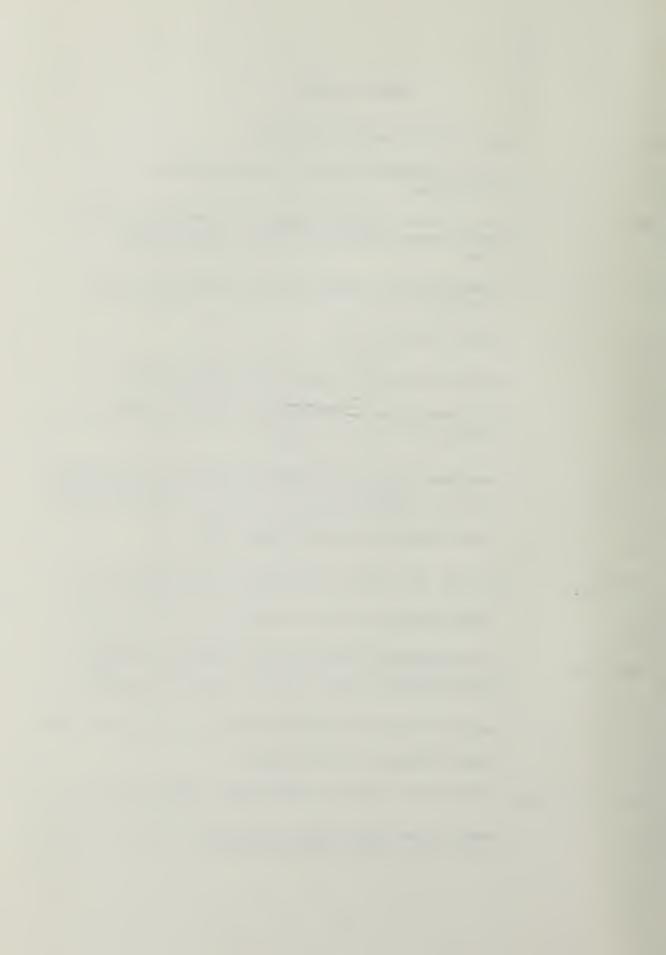
#### LIST OF FIGURES

1.	The (1-Cosine) Gust Shape	•	132
2.	Derived Gust Velocity for Gust Load Formula	•	132
3.	Elementary Spectral Components in Two Dimensions	•	133
4.	Typical Power Spectra of Vertical Gust Velocity	•	134
5.	Measured and Fitted Von Karman Spectra of Vertical Gust Velocity from Severe Storm		135
6.	Schematic of Airship Loads from Turbulence	•	136
7.	Schematic of Buoyancy Forces and Moments	•	137
8.	Lateral Root-Locus of the USS AKRON (ZR-4)	•	138
9.	Turbulence Forcing Functions	•	139
0.	Side Slip Response	•	140
1.	Yaw Response	•	141
2.	Yaw Rate Response	•	142
3.	Roll Response	•	143
4.	Roll Rate Response	•	144
5.	Shear Force Coefficient	•	145
6.	Bending Moment Coefficient	•	146
7.	Twisting Moment Coefficient		147

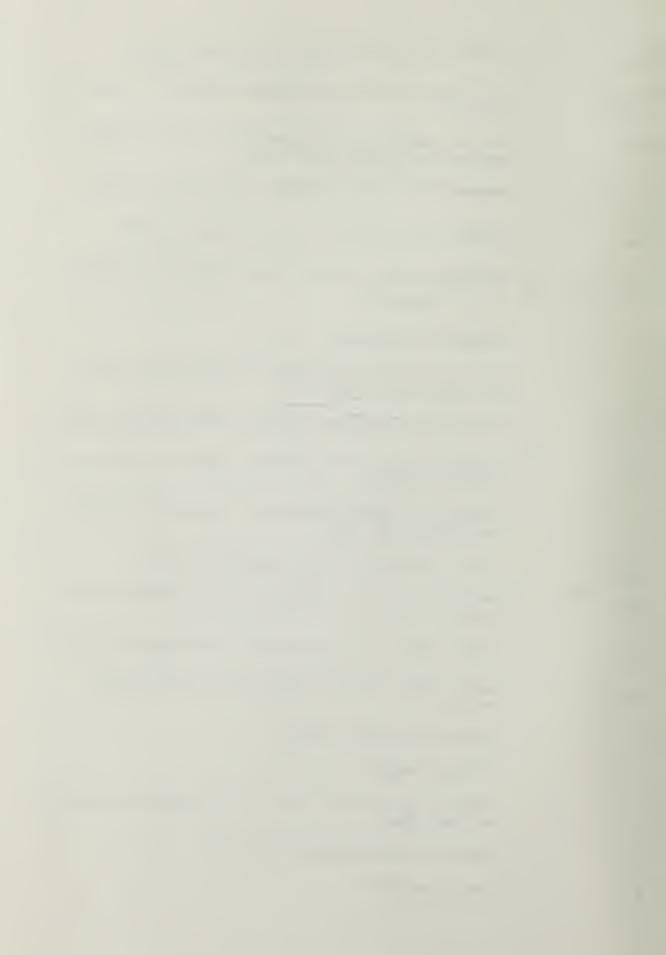


#### NOMENCLATURE

A	hull cross-sectional area
В	total buoyancy force of the airship, $\rho \cdot g \cdot volume$
BM	hull bending moment about the vertical axis distributed along the hull longitudinal axis
c	longitudinal characteristic length of the airship
$\overline{c}_s$	mean chord of fin
c, c	matrix of coefficients from equation 51
CA	nondimensional aerodynamic force in the y-direction, $C_y = 2Y/\rho U_0^2 S$
C <sub>1,n</sub>	nondimensional aerodynamic rolling and yawing moments respectively, $(C_1, C_n) = 2(L,N)/\rho U_0^2 S\overline{c}$
$c_{\mathbf{L}}$	nondimensional aerodynamic lift
(C <sub>L</sub> *) <sub>s</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> for the fins alone, no hull interference
Cs	nondimensional shear force $C_s = 2S(1)/\rho U_0^2 S$
C <sub>BM</sub> , C <sub>TM</sub>	nondimensional bending and twisting moment respectively, $(C_{BM}, C_{TM}) = 2(BM,TM)/\rho U_0^2 sc$
D()	nondimensional time derivative, (c/2U <sub>o</sub> )d()/dt
g	gravitational acceleration
$G_{Y_{\gamma}}$ , $G_{l_{\gamma}}$ , $G_{n_{\gamma}}$	turbulence forcing functions (equation 59)
h	body-fixed coordinate measured normal to the hull centerline (positive up)



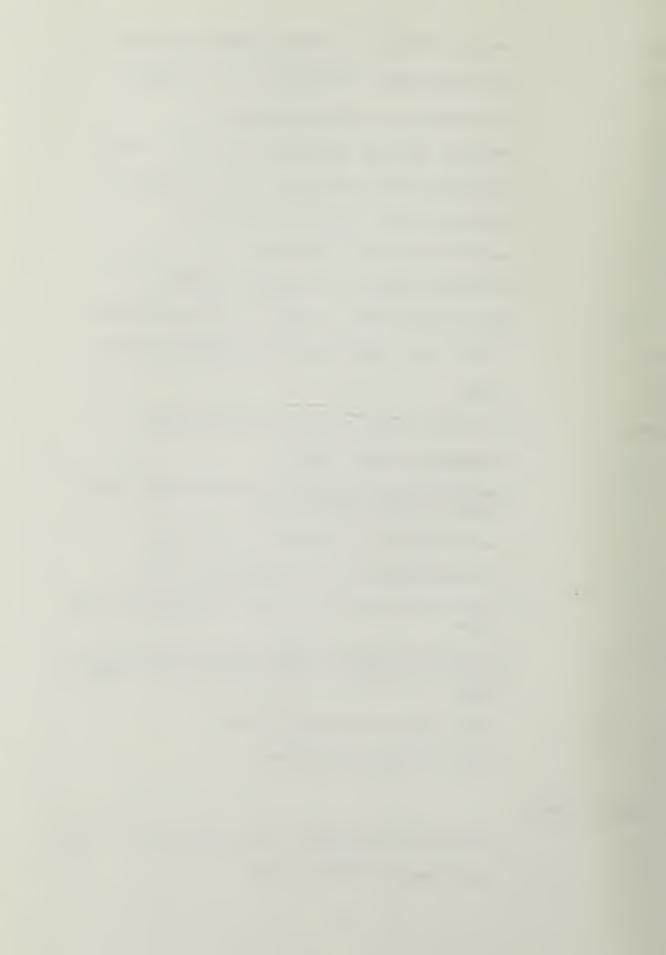
h <sub>cm</sub>	h location of the vehicle's mass center
(h <sub>cm</sub> )s	h location of the empennage-assembly's mass center
H(k)	Sears' function corrected for finite aspect ratios by Filotas [Ref. 16]
I <sub>xx</sub> , I <sub>zz</sub>	moments of inertia about the x- and z-axes
I <sub>xz</sub>	product of inertia w.r.t. x- and z-axes
i <sub>xx</sub> , i <sub>zz</sub> , i <sub>xz</sub>	nondimensional moments and product of inertia $i_{xx} = 8I_{xx}/\rho S\overline{c}^{3}$
i	imaginary operator, $i = \sqrt{-1}$
К	hull potential cross-flow factor from Jones and DeLaurier [Ref. 6]
k <sub>1</sub> , k <sub>2</sub>	axial and traverse apparent-mass coefficients
k <sub>c</sub>	control gain of fin normal force to vehicle azimuth angle
1	axially-aligned body-fixed coordinate origi- nating at the nose
1 <sub>b</sub>	axial location of the buoyancy center
1 <sub>h</sub>	axial location of the hull-fin intersection point
l <sub>s</sub>	axial location of the fin's aerodynamic center
lcm	axial mass-center location of the entire vehicle
ř.	turbulent scale length
L	rolling moment
m	mass of the entire vehicle, including internal air and gas
m <sub>s</sub>	mass of the empennage assembly
N	yawing moment



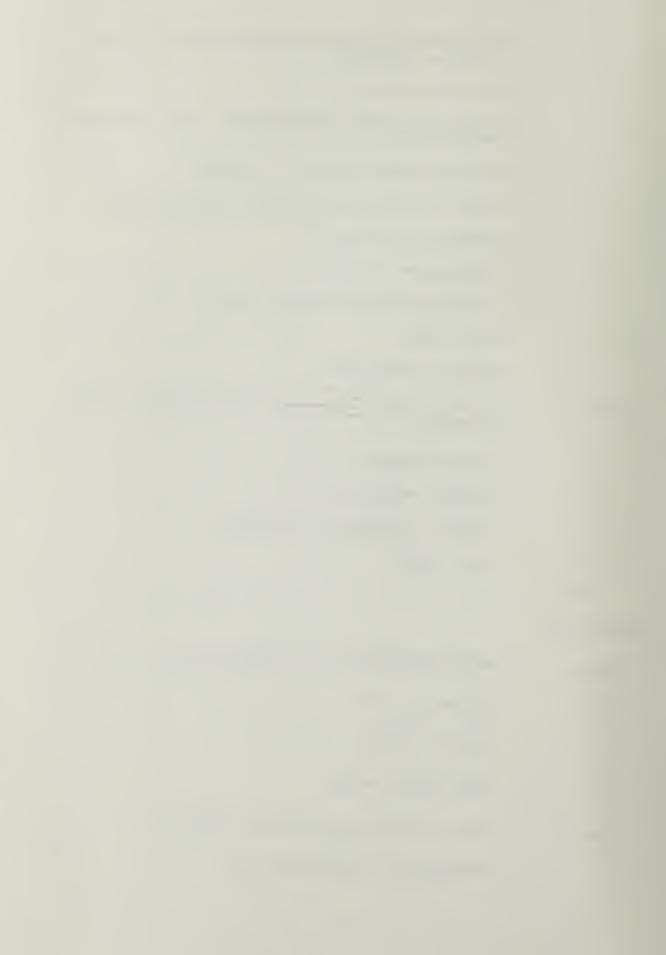
p	vehicle angular velocity about the x-axis
ĝ	nondimensional value of p, $\hat{p} = (\bar{c}/2U_0)p$
p	nondimensional maximum value of $\hat{p}$
r	vehicle angular velocity about the z-axis
Ŷ	nondimensional value of r, $\hat{r} = (\bar{c}/2U_0)r$
Â	nondimensional maximum value of f
R(τ)	auto-correlation function
S	reference area of airship, (volume) 2/3
S(1)	hull shear force, normal to the centerline
S <sub>s</sub>	stabilizer reference area (planform area)
t	time
TM	twisting moment, about the hull axis
Uo	reference flight speed
v	perturbation velocity of the vehicle's mass center in the y-direction
ŷ	nondimensional value of v, $\hat{v} = v/U_0$
ŷ	nondimensional maximum magnitude of $\hat{\textbf{v}}$
v <sub>g</sub>	horizontal velocity of the atmospheric turbu- lence
x, y, z	body-fixed wind-aligned stability axes (x positive forward, y positive right, z positive down)
x', y', z'	axes fixed in inertial space
Y	force in the y-direction

#### GREEK SYMBOLS

 $\alpha_{o}$  reference aerodynamic relative angle of attack aerodynamic sideslip angle



```
horizontal nondimensional velocity of the
Y
                spectral component
                maximum value of Y
Γ
                stabilizer efficiency factor, from Jones and
ηs
                DeLaurier [Ref. 6]
                nondimensional mass, \mu = 2m/\rho Sc
                axial coordinate, measured from the nose
ξ
                atmospheric density
ρ
                turbulence intensity
                nondimensional stability root
                roll angle
ф
                maximum value of o
Φjj(Ω)
                power-spectral function for turbulence com-
                ponent vq
                azimuth angle
1
                maximum value of \psi
                spectral component frequency
                wave number
Ω
SUBSCRIPTS
()<sub>aero</sub>
                aerodynamic force or moment terms
( )<sub>B</sub>
                buoyancy terms
( )<sub>C</sub>
                control terms
( ) cm
                mass center terms
                term for entire empennage assembly
()
emp
                atmospheric-turbulence term
( )<sub>a</sub>
```



( )<sub>h</sub> hull term inertial term ( )<sub>m</sub> reference equilibrium value () derivative w.r.t. p ( ) derivative w.r.t. Dp ( ); derivative w.r.t. r ( )<sub>r</sub> derivative w.r.t. Dr (); ( )<sub>s</sub> fin term thruster-rotor term ( )<sub>T</sub> derivative w.r.t.  $\hat{v}$ ( )<sub>v</sub> derivative w.r.t. Dv ( ); ( )<sub>B</sub> derivative w.r.t.  $\beta$ ( ) å derivative w.r.t. Dß

#### SUPERSCRIPTS

(^) nondimensional term
(') derivative w.r.t. time



#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT

This thesis was supported with funds from the United States Coast Guard Airship Office.

Tha author would like to thank Mr. Peter Talbot of NASA for his help in obtaining references and information on the current state-of-the art in the airship field and Dr. James DeLaurier of the University of Toronto for his help in finding sources and suggesting methods of analysis. His review of the equations in Chapter III did much to ensure the accuracy of that derivation. Finally, the author is greatly indebted to his advisor, Professor Donald M. Layton, for his guidance and support. His time spent as a pilot in the Navy's airship community, together with his historical insight, were invaluable in ensuring the work undertaken was meaningful and in accordance with experience.

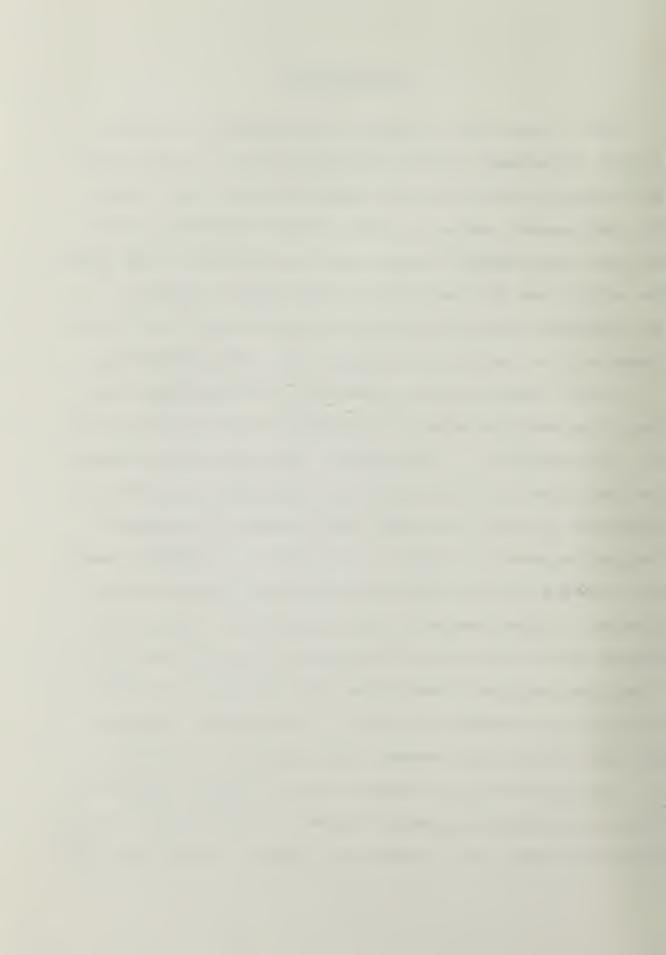


## I. INTRODUCTION

When a close look is taken of the history of airship flight, it becomes evident that turbulence is a prime cause for concern in the design of lighter-than-air (LTA) craft. The spectacular crashes of the airships Shennandoah, Akron, and Macon are perhaps the most obvious reminders of the powerful effect the wind can have on these fragile vehicles. It is imperative that proper consideration be given to the gust response of an airship, both dynamically and structurally.

At the time the great rigids were built, designers had only a cursory knowledge of turbulence and how to deal with it. Burgess [Ref. 1], for example, dedicates only one page to the subject, and that is mainly a warning that gusts encountered in flight can place larger loads on an airship than any maneuver of which it is capable. He suggests using the standard gust analysis technique of the day—a "fixed—in—space" flight through a ramp shaped gust. This was the method used to evaluate all aircraft at the time, and provided some measure of confidence that the structure would withstand the stresses of flight. Its principal weakness was that it took into account only the direct gust loads.

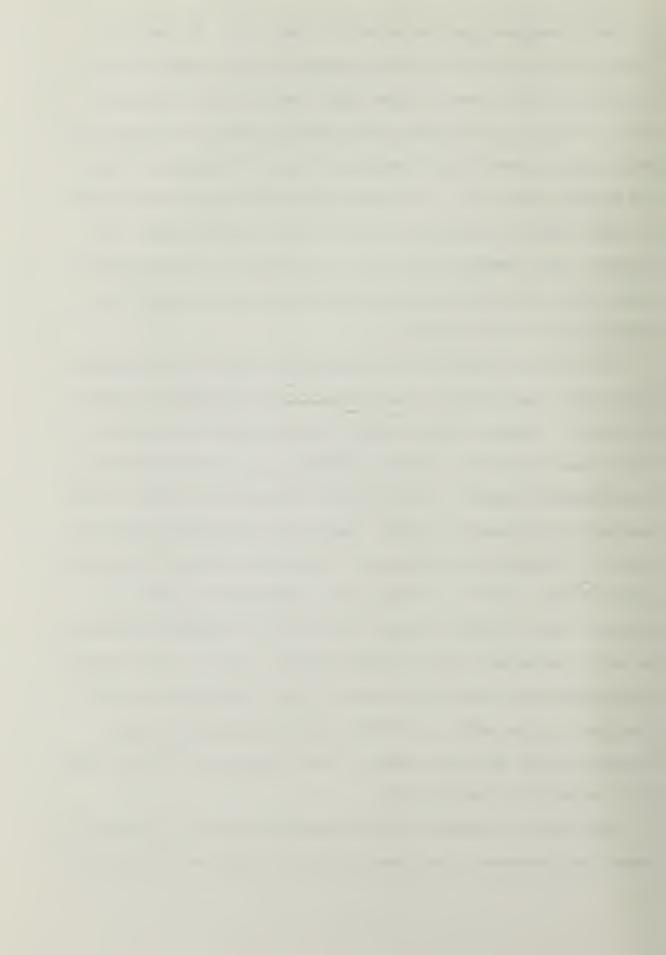
Since that time, the methods used to analyze response to turbulence have been greatly improved. Over time, the ramp shaped gust gave way to other gust shapes, finally settling



on the (1-cosine) gust as standard [Ref. 2]. By the midfifties enough data had been gathered on the nature of the
turbulent wind to derive some basic statistical relations.
This, in turn, allowed the development of the power spectral
method for aircraft load analysis (see, for example, Press
and Meadows [Ref. 3]). The spectral method has been applied
to many types of aircraft over the last twenty years. At
present, both methods are used in analysis of flight structures, the one giving the more conservative structure determining the final design.

While the development of turbulence modeling techniques progressed, applications to airship technology were slower in coming. Because the success of heavier-than-air (HTA) craft made the slower airship economically less attractive, LTA research lagged. In the period between World War II and the Arab Oil Embargo of 1973, the only significant contribution to the study of airships in turbulence was by Calligeros and McDavitt [Ref. 4]. This paper presented a method of analysis that allowed a stable airship to respond dynamically to both sinusoidal and (1-cosine) gusts. Thus, the inertial and aerodynamic reaction forces of gust encounter could be included in the model. Further, by using the sinusoidal representation for gust shape, it was possible to apply spectral methods to the analysis.

The recent interest in LTA brought about by rising fuel costs has increased the research in all aspects of airship



flight. The spectre of the great rigids disintegrating in turbulence makes it imperative that the designer have adequate means to predict an airship's response to gust penetration. Current research is aimed at supplying that means. DeLaurier and Hui [Ref. 5] refined the technique of Calligeros and McDavitt [Ref. 4], by introducing refinements to the aerodynamic cross-flow model [Ref. 6] and allowing for stability augmentation through pilot control input. The model allows statistical prediction of an airship's dynamic response and operational lifetime for various combinations of speed, altitude and control gain.

DeLaurier and Hui's work (as well as most others dealing with this subject) concentrated only on the longitudinal aerodynamic case. This thesis proposes to apply their model to the lateral case, enabling the response to side-force to be calculated. Bending and shear in the horizontal plane, as well as twisting moment, can then be taken into account when predicting airship life expectancies.

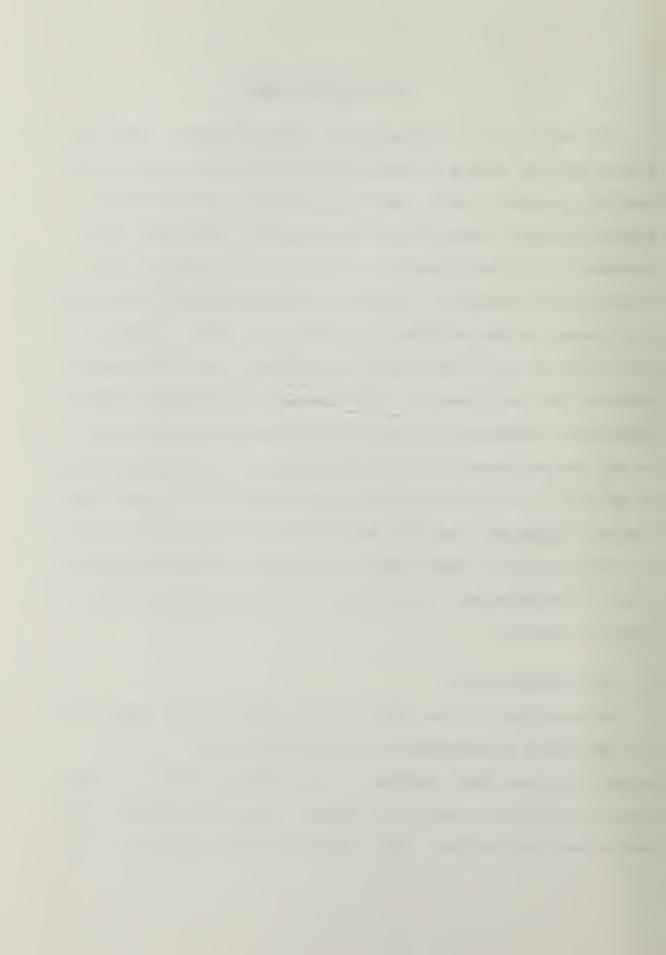


#### II. THE TURBULENT WIND

The motion of the atmosphere is very complex. Shearing stress between layers of different speeds and at the ground, thermals caused by solar heating, weather fronts, vortex shedding behind obstructions and aircraft, plus many other phenomena, all contribute to a velocity field that is most difficult to describe. Of the methods available, that chosen will depend on the purpose for which it is used. A goal in the design of any flight vehicle is safety, with performance adequate for the mission. This dictates using models giving reasonable estimates for the design parameters, and it may or may not be necessary to closely match the physical reality to do this. In any case, the designer must be familiar with the advantages and limitations of methods available in order to choose wisely. What follows is a brief review of some of the turbulence models currently in use and how they apply to airship analysis.

#### A. THE DISCRETE GUST

As mentioned in the introduction, the discrete gust model has been used to analyze aircraft for many years. It is especially good when response to the passage through a steady velocity gradient, such as a thermal, mountain updraft, or jet stream, is desired. The method has been improved



steadily until, as Etkin [Ref. 7] points out, it has attained a high degree of sophistication.

Figure 1 shows the shape for a (1-cosine) gust, where  $\mathbf{W}_{m}$  and  $\mathbf{d}_{m}$  are maximum gust velocity and distance along the flight path of this maximum. By varying these parameters, the gust severity can be controlled. The value for  $\mathbf{d}_{m}$  is prescribed by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) as

$$2d_m = 25\overline{c}$$

The size of W<sub>m</sub> is dependent on airspeed and altitude, and is shown in figure 2 for three values of equivalent airspeed.

The 25c wavelength was chosen because it historically couples with the short period pitch mode of a rigid aircraft to produce the largest load factors. Calligeros and McDavitt [Ref. 4] showed that, for airships, the maximum loads occur when the wavelength is equal to the airship length.

The British dictate (ARB CAR CH D3-3) that the gust parameters be chosen to produce the peak response with aircraft flexibility taken into account. In this way, the model is "tuned" to the aircraft, thus assuring a conservative design.

#### B. RANDOM TURBULENCE

Extensive measurements of the atmospheric velocity field have been made, and the techniques involved are well established and reliable [Ref. 2]. They show that the velocity vector is best characterized by a random function of space

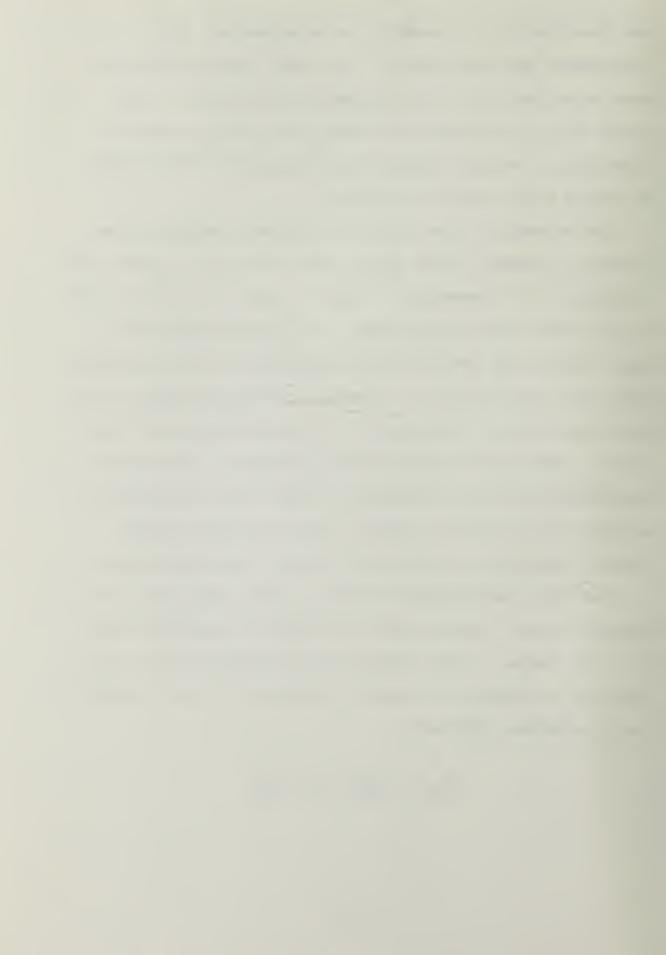


and time that is, in general, non-homogeneous, nonstationary, and anisotropic. The exact function has not
been developed due to its tremendous complexity. Until
enough data is collected (if ever) to allow the precise
formulation, certain simplifying assumptions must be made
to enable flight vehicle analysis.

One assumption that applies everywhere except in the planetary boundary layer (below about 1000 ft), is that the turbulence is 'homogeneous', that is, the statistics of the field do not vary through space. In the boundary layer, scale length and intensity are homogeneous in the horizontal plane, but not vertically. Another assumption made is that the turbulence is 'stationary', or statistically time constant. Over the time periods of interest to flight this approximation is quite adequate. Also, the turbulence is assumed to be isotropic (again, except in the boundary layer), making the statistics invariant with orientation.

One last simplification used to model atmospheric turbulence is the 'frozen field' or Taylor's hypothesis [Ref. 8]. The change in the velocity field perceived by an aircraft as it passes with speed U through the air is given by the substantial derivative

$$\frac{D()}{Dt} = \frac{\partial()}{\partial t} + U_0 \frac{\partial()}{\partial x}$$



Taylor's hypothesis states that for all but the smallest values of  $\rm U_{\rm O}$ , the second term dominates and the first may be ignored. The result is that the correlations and spectra reduce to three-dimensional functions of space only. Physically, this means the velocity field is 'frozen' in time, and the changes are due only to displacement.

In an effort to specify an acceptable lower limit on U, for which the frozen field applies, Dobrolenskiy [Ref. 9] cites studies comparing records of turbulence spectra gathered by captive balloon and an aircraft flying nearby at the same time. Within the margin of error, the two are statistically quite similar, and he concludes the lower limit on U is comparable to the convection velocity (for all practical purposes, the mean wind speed). Etkin [Ref. 7] points out that the vehicle speed can be as low as one-third the wind speed for good results. Note that the only vehicles capable of less than this velocity are LTA and VTOL craft, and then only when they are convected downwind with the airmass. In hover, or upwind flight, the hypothesis holds. For that small portion of the flight envelope in which it does not, the forces generated on an airship's structure are small and, therefore, do not present a problem.

The techniques for dealing with isotropic, frozen turbulence are well known [Ref. 8]. For those not familiar with the mathematical background necessary to deal with the



subject in depth, Chapters 2, 3, and 13 of Etkin [Ref. 10] will provide a good primer.

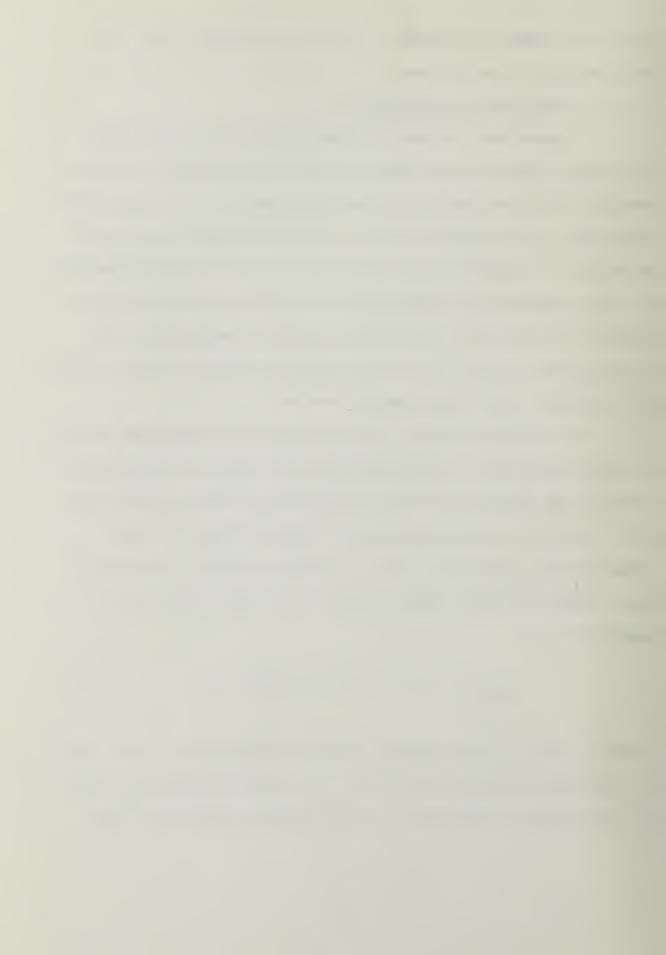
## 1. Turbulence Organization

Anyone who has seen leaves swirl on an autumn day, or watched someone blow smoke rings, has an intuitive understanding that the motion of the atmosphere is not completely arbitrary. What happens at one location effects conditions at another. Fuidynamicists characterize this interdependence by using expressions relating the stress and strain in the fluid. The technique has been applied to turbulence [Ref. 11] with some success in predicting the actual velocity field of a boundary layer type flow.

For flight vehicle analysis, a more convenient method of specifying the velocity field is the spectral decomposition of the three-dimensional homogeneous vector field [Ref. 12]. Figure 3 shows an aircraft flying through a (two-dimensional) sinusoidal wave of shearing motion. The velocity change from the mean is given (for the lateral gust component) by

$$dv_{g}(x',y') = e^{i(\Omega_{1}x' + \Omega_{2}y')} dc_{2}$$
 (1)

where  $\Omega_1$  and  $\Omega_2$  are the wave number components in the x' and y' directions respectively, and  $c_2$  is the complex amplitude of the lateral component. If the vehicle penetrates the



field with velocity  $U_{0}$ , the coordinates become  $x' = x + U_{0}t$ , and y' = y in the body fixed system. Equation (1) then becomes

$$dv_{q}(x,y) = e^{i\Omega_{1}U_{0}t} e^{i(\Omega_{1}x + \Omega_{2}y)} dc_{2}$$
 (2)

The air velocity over the vehicle is then periodic with wavelengths  $(2\pi/\Omega_{1,2})$  and frequencies  $(\Omega_{1,2}U_0/2)$ . The total field is made up of the superposition of these spectral components, much as a Fourier series represents a random scalar.

## 2. Probability Distribution and Spectra

With the expression for a single spectral component available, the next difficulty is determining the probability distribution of the individual frequencies. The power spectral density of a time varying function, X(t), is defined (in terms of wave number) as

$$\Phi(\Omega) = \lim_{\begin{subarray}{c} \Delta\Omega \to 0 \\ T \to \infty \end{subarray}} \frac{1}{T\Delta\Omega} \int_{0}^{T} x(t, \Omega, \Delta\Omega) dt \tag{3}$$

where  $\Phi(\Omega)$  is expressed in  $(ft/sec)^2/(radians/ft)$ , and T is the duration over which X(t) is measured. The value is usually computed by taking the autocorrelation function  $R(\tau)$  [Ref. 10: Chapter 2], and performing a Fourier transformation, thus



$$\Phi(\Omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(\tau) e^{i\Omega\tau} d\tau$$
 (4)

Figure 4 [Ref. 2] shows the spectra of three different meteorological conditions. While varying in detail, they all exhibit the same decreasing trend at higher frequency. The vertical dimension is a measure of the intensity of the turbulence at that particular frequency, and the square root of the area under the curve a measure of the overall rms gust velocity [Ref. 13]. As a point of practicality, only the area under the actual measured curve is included, because values of the spectrum at higher frequencies contribute little to the response of an aircraft.

parent the probability distribution is non-Gaussian [Ref. 14], with very high and very low values of intensity occurring more frequently than predicted by a normal distribution. However, the vast majority of values do fall on a Gaussian curve, so it is reasonable to use this assumption for most applications. This is very beneficial because, whereas Gaussian input to a linear system results in Gaussian output, response to non-Gaussian input is, in general, unknown. In the analysis of flight vehicles, linear system models are used extensively, making the assumption of normal distribution most desirable. In order to account for the large gusts omitted by this type model, the (1-cosine) method can



be employed. This is the practice recommended by many certifying agencies.

Two Gaussian models in current use are the Dryden spectrum

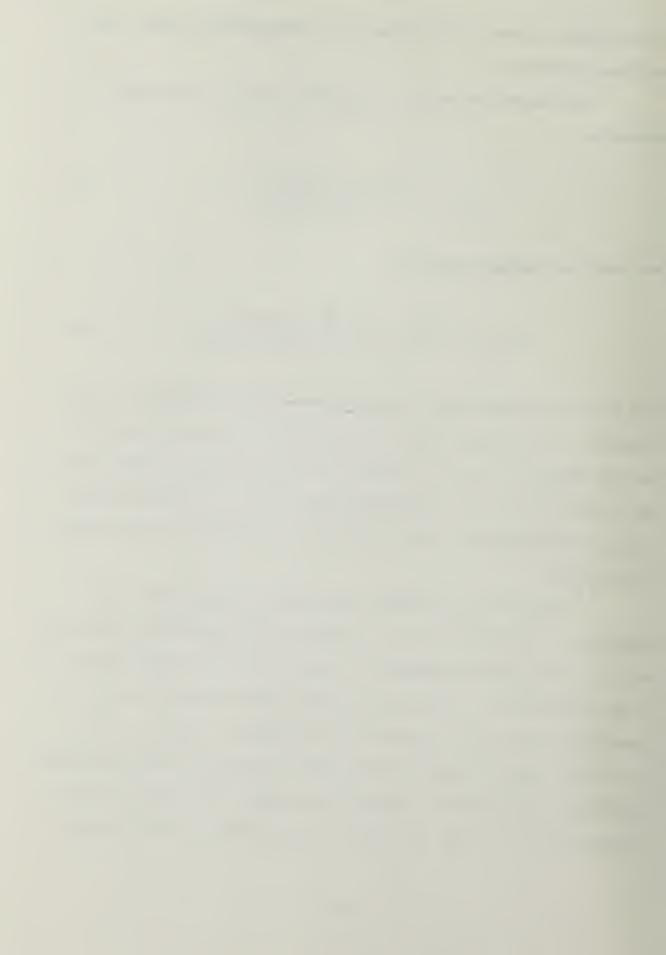
$$\Phi_{33}(\Omega) = \frac{\sigma^2 \tilde{L}}{\pi} \frac{1 + 3\tilde{L}^2 \Omega^2}{(1 + \tilde{L}^2 \Omega^2)^2}$$
 (5)

and the von Karman spectrum

$$\Phi_{33}(\Omega) = \frac{\sigma^2 \tilde{L}}{\pi} \frac{1 + \frac{8}{3} (1.339 \tilde{L}\Omega)^2}{[1 + (1.339 \tilde{L}\Omega)^2]^{11/10}}$$
(6)

The first was developed to define turbulence spectra in wind tunnels. It is the simpler of the two, but not as accurate as the second. For that reason it is not used as much today as in the past, but is mentioned here due to its historical significance and the large number of references to it in the literature.

Today, the von Kàrmàn spectrum is used almost universally. In equation (6),  $\sigma$  is the rms turbulence intensity, and  $\tilde{L}$  is the "scale length"—a measure of the average eddy size encountered. Testing has shown that the model is a reasonable fit to all levels of turbulence. Figure 5 is a plot of one set of experimental data along with the predicted turbulence spectra for severe storm conditions using various values for  $\tilde{L}$ . As can be seen, the agreement is quite good.



The values for  $\sigma$  and  $\tilde{L}$  are variable and appear to be functions of altitude. In addition, two standard categories of intensity are defined--"storm" and "non-storm". Table I [Ref. 15] lists values for non-storm (b<sub>1</sub>) and storm (b<sub>2</sub>) intensities, as well as scale length, currently used by NASA for horizontal atmospheric flight. In this table, the values p<sub>1</sub> and p<sub>2</sub> are the probabilities of encountering non-storm and storm turbulence, respectively, at the altitude specified. Note that the values of  $\tilde{L}$  given for flight below 1000 ft are representative values that are probably low, giving conservative (high) numbers of load exceedances per unit length of flight. These values are usable for structural analysis, but inappropriate for control system studies of flight simulation where the vertical inhomogeneity must be taken into account.

Equation (6) is the expression for the transverse spectrum needed to analyze the longitudinal response to vertical gusts. When dealing with lateral aerodynamics, such as the analysis done in Chapter III, it is necessary to use the longitudinal spectrum

$$\Phi_{11}(\Omega) = \frac{\sigma^2 \tilde{L}}{\pi} \frac{2}{[1 + (1.339 \tilde{L}\Omega)^2]^{5/6}}$$
 (7)

where  $\sigma$  and  $\tilde{L}$  are the same as in the transverse case. The term "longitudinal" refers to the variation in gust velocity parallel to the direction of the mean wind, whereas



"transverse" refers to the perpendicular direction (both vertically and horizontally), thus

$$\Phi_{22} = \Phi_{33}$$

It should be obvious from this discussion that flight direction relative to the mean wind becomes important when dealing with lateral aerodynamics.



#### III. METHOD OF ANALYSIS

#### A. THE MODEL

The aerodynamic model used in this analysis is the same as used by DeLaurier and Hui [Ref. 5], except that it is applied for the lateral case. The assumptions are as follows:

- i) the vehicle is perfectly rigid, flying at a reference velocity U<sub>O</sub> through a constant density p
- ii) the motions are described by the lateral case only
- iii) the control provided by rudder deflection is linearly proportional to the yaw angle  $(\psi)$ , that is,  $\Delta C_{YC} = k_C \psi$

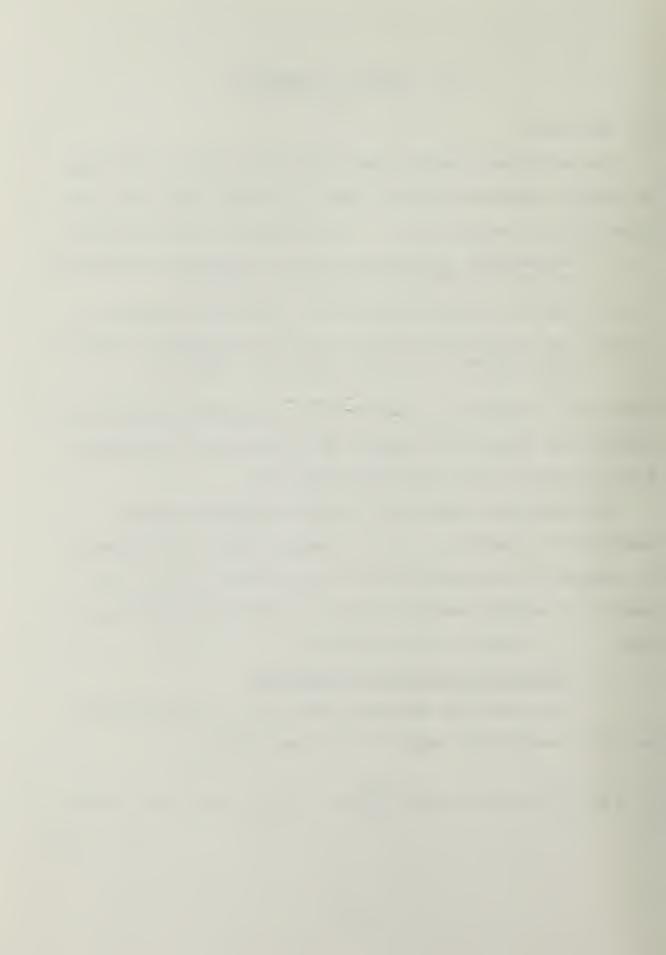
This last assumption is the case for a helmsman using greater control the farther off heading he is perturbed, an assumption in keeping with operational practice.

The turbulence model used is the von Kàrmàn spectra described in Chapter II. It is assumed that the turbulence is composed of horizontal gusts only--either  $\mathbf{u}_g$  or  $\mathbf{v}_g$  depending on airship heading relative to the mean wind direction. ( $\mathbf{v}_g$  is shown in the analysis.)

# 1. Forces from Turbulence Components

From Jones and DeLaurier [Ref. 6], the normal force on a hull segment of length  $d\xi$  is (see figure 6)

$$F_{h} = \frac{1}{2} \rho U_{o}^{2} [K \sin(2\theta) \cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \frac{dA}{d\xi} d\xi + (C_{d_{c}})_{h} \sin\theta \sin|\theta| 2rd\xi]$$
(8)



where: K is the hull potential cross-flow factor [Ref. 6]  $\theta$  is the angle between the hull centerline and U  $_{\text{O}}$  r is the radius of the hull segment.

Differentiating with respect to  $\theta$  to obtain a perturbation equation gives

$$dF_{h} = \frac{1}{2}\rho U_{o}^{2} \left[ \left( -\frac{K}{2}\sin(2\theta)\sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) + 2K\cos(2\theta)\cos\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) \right] d\theta \frac{dA}{d\xi} d\xi + \left( C_{d_{c}} \right)_{h} (\cos\theta \sin\left|\theta\right| + \sin\theta \cos\left|\theta\right|) d\theta 2r d\xi \right]$$

By limiting the analysis to the lateral aerodynamic case only,  $(\theta)$  becomes  $(\beta)$ , the sideslip angle, and  $F_h$  becomes  $Y_h$ , the hull sideforce. Further, if  $(\beta_0)$ , the undisturbed value of sideslip, is assumed to be zero—the usual case—the above expression becomes

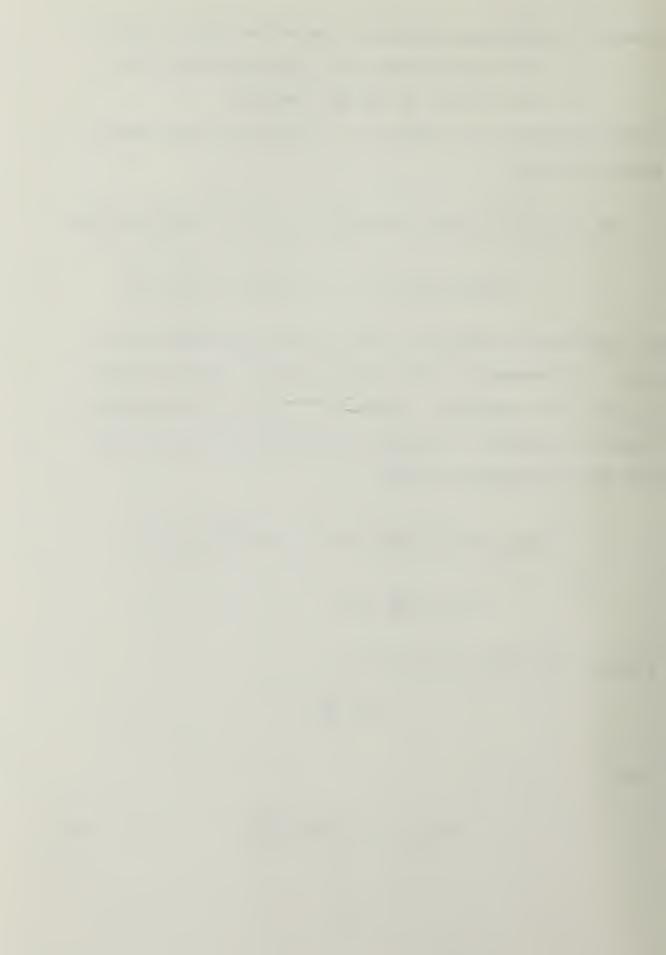
$$(dY_g)_h = \frac{1}{2}\rho U_o^2 K \frac{dA}{d\xi} \left[ 2\cos(2\beta_o) \cos\left(\frac{\beta_o}{2}\right) \right] d\beta_o d\xi$$
$$= \rho U_o^2 K \frac{dA}{d\xi} d\xi d\xi$$

Finally, for small values of  $v_g$ ,

$$d\beta = \frac{v_g}{U_o}$$

and

$$(dY_g)_h = \rho U_o^2 K \frac{dA}{d\xi} d\xi \frac{v_g}{U_o}$$
(9)



The stabilizer forces are given by

$$(Y_g)_s = \rho \frac{U_o^2}{2} S_s (C_{L_\alpha}^*)_s H(k_s) \eta_s \frac{(v_g)_s}{U_o}$$
 (10)

where:  $H(k_s)$  is the generalized Sears function as given by Filotas [Ref. 16]

 $k_s = \frac{\omega \overline{c}_s}{2U_o}$  , the "reduced frequency" of the fin  $(v_g)_s$  is the gust velocity at the fin mid-chord

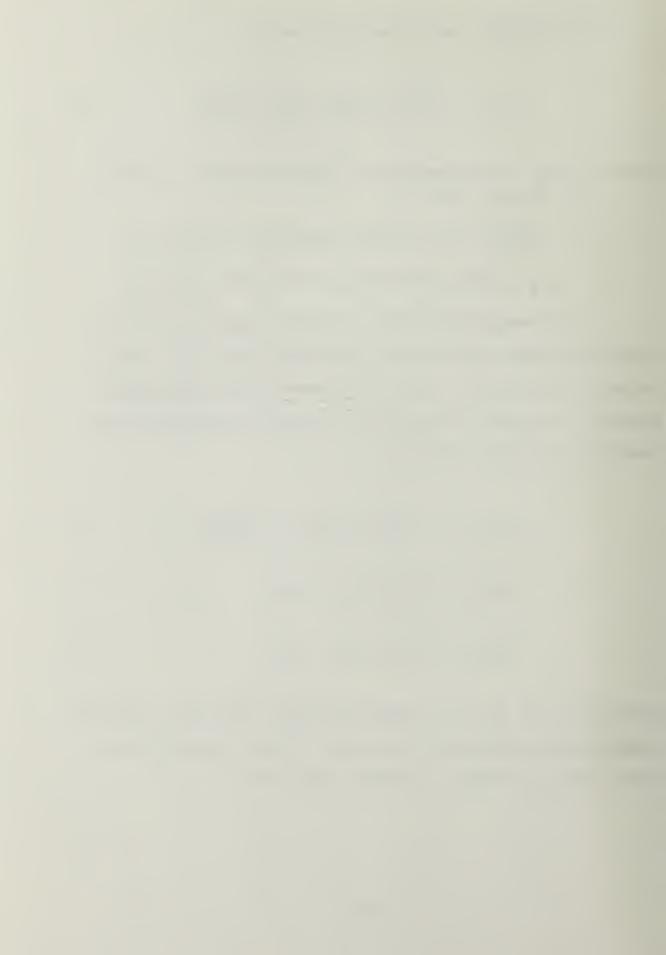
The propellers used to drive the airship produce a side force when acted by the turbulence [Ref. 17]. Each thruster contribution adds to the total force and moment produced, and can be described, for the jth thruster-rotor combination by the following:

$$(Y_g)_{T_j} = -\rho \frac{U_o^2}{2} s_{T_j} (c_{Y_\beta})_{T_j} \frac{(v_{g_T})_j}{U_o}$$
 (11)

$$(L_g)_{T_{\dot{1}}} = (Y_g)_{T_{\dot{1}}} (h_{cm} - h_{T_{\dot{1}}})$$
 (12)

$$(N_g)_{T_j} = (Y_g)_{T_j} (1_{cm} - 1_{T_j})$$
 (13)

Equations (12) and (13) assume that the rotors are arranged symmetrically about the x-z plane, so that moments due to rotor offset in the y-direction cancel out.



## 2. Aerodynamic Forces and Moments Due to Airship Motion

$$(dY_w)_h = \rho U_o^2 K \frac{dA}{d\xi} d\xi \frac{v(\xi)}{U_o} + \rho A \left[k_2 \frac{\partial v(\xi)}{\partial t} + U_o r k_1\right] d\xi$$
 (14)

where  $k_2$ ,  $k_1$  are the horizontal and longitudinal apparent mass coefficients respectively and

$$v(\xi) = v - r[(l_{cm} - \xi)]$$

For the fins we have

$$(Y_{w})_{s} = -\rho \frac{U_{o}^{2}}{2} S_{s} \left[ \left( C_{y\beta} \right)_{s} \frac{V_{s}}{U_{o}} + \left( C_{yr} \right)_{s}^{ac} \frac{\overline{c}r}{2U_{o}} + \left( C_{y\dot{\beta}} \right)_{s} \frac{\overline{c}\dot{v}_{s}}{2U_{o}^{2}} \right]$$
(15)

where  $v_s = v - r(l_{cm} - l_s)$ 

$$\dot{v}_{s} = \dot{v} - \dot{r}(l_{cm} - l_{s})$$

$$(L_{W})_{S} = (Y_{W})_{S} (h_{CM})_{S}$$

$$(16)$$

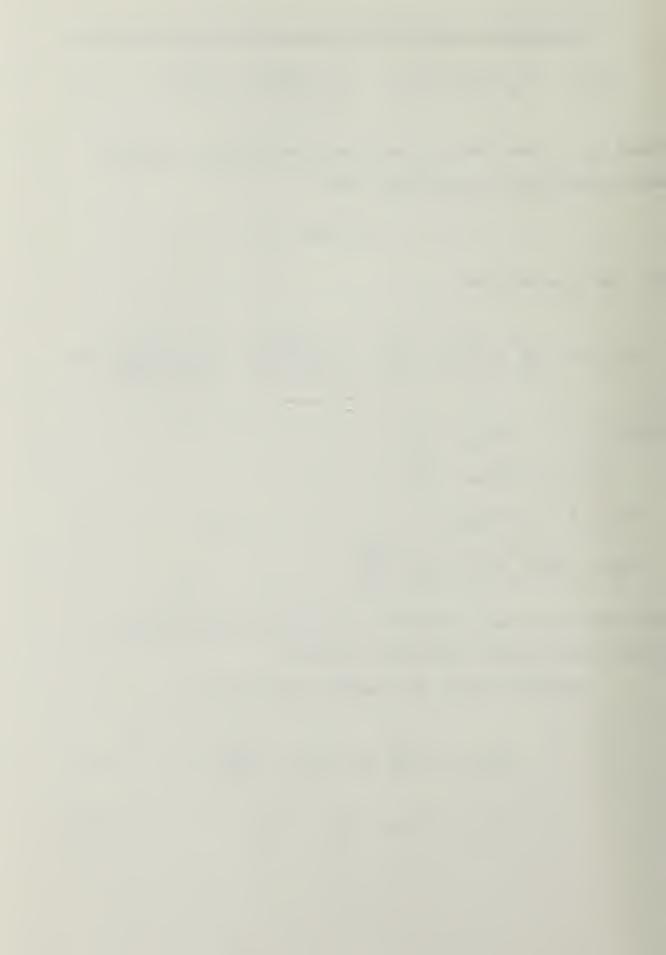
$$(N_w)_s = \frac{1}{2} \rho U_o^2 S_s \overline{c}_s (C_{n_r})_s^{ac} \frac{\overline{c}_r}{2U_o}$$
(17)

The superscript ac indicates the quantity in parentheses is taken about the fin aerodynamic center.

Thruster forces and moments are given by:

$$(Y_w)_{T_j} = -\rho \frac{U_o^2}{2} S_{T_j} (C_{Y\beta})_{T_j} \frac{(v_T)_j}{U_o}$$
 (18)

$$(L_w)_{T_{j}} = (Y_w)_{T_{j}} (h_{cm} - h_{T_{j}})$$
 (19)



$$(N_W)_{T_j} = (Y_W)_{T_j} (l_{cm} - l_{T_j})$$
 (20)

where

$$(v_T)_j = v - r(l_{cm} - l_{T_j}) - p(h_{cm} - h_{T_j})$$

# 3. <u>Inertial Reaction of Airship to Aerodynamic Forces</u> and Moments

The "forces" covered here are those arising as reactions to airship motion. They are, in general, the negative of the forces and moments that give rise to the indicated airship translational and angular velocities and accelerations so as to produce a state of dynamic equilibrium  $(\overline{F} - m\overline{a} = 0)$ .

For the hull:

$$(dY_m)_b = -\dot{y}'(\xi)(d_m)_b$$
 (21)

where  $\dot{y}' = \dot{v} + \dot{r}(l_{cm} - \xi) + U_{o}r$ 

$$(dL_m)_h = -dI_{xx}\dot{p} + dI_{xz}\dot{r}$$
 (22)

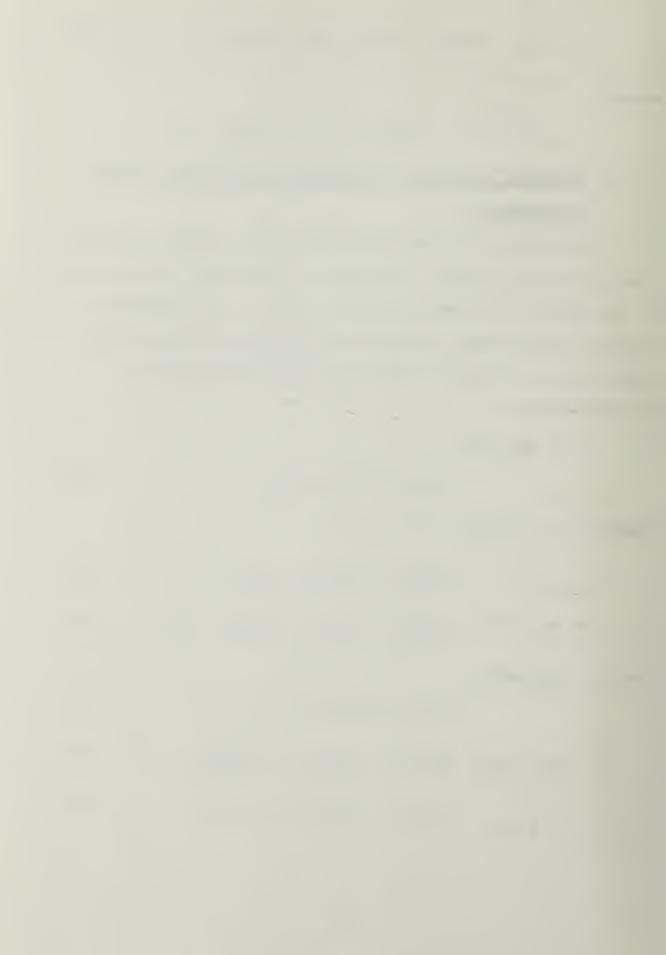
$$(dN_m)_h = -dI_{zz}\dot{r} + dI_{xz}\dot{p}$$
 (23)

For the empennage:

$$(Y_{m})_{s} = -\dot{Y}_{s}^{i} m_{s} \tag{24}$$

$$(N_m)_s = -(I_{zz})_s \dot{r} + (I_{zx})_s \dot{p}$$
 (25)

$$(L_m)_s = -(I_{xx})_s \dot{p} + (I_{zx})_s \dot{r}$$
 (26)



where  $dI_{xx}$ ,  $dI_{zz}$  and  $dI_{xz}$  are the moments and product of inertia respectively of the differential element under consideration, including all structure, air and gas contained in the airship.

## 4. Bouyancy and Control Terms

Referring to figure 7, the force due to bouyancy is given by:

$$(Y_b)_h = -(gdm - \rho gAd\xi) \sin \phi \cos \alpha_0$$

$$\phi = roll \ angle$$

$$\alpha_0 = steady \ state \ angle \ of \ attack$$

Differentiating to obtain a perturbation equation gives

$$(dY_b)_h = (\rho gAd\xi - gdm) \cos \phi_0 \cos \alpha_0 d\phi$$

and letting  $\phi_0 = 0$  results in

$$(dY_b)_h = [\rho gAd\xi - gdm] \cos \alpha d\phi$$
 (27)

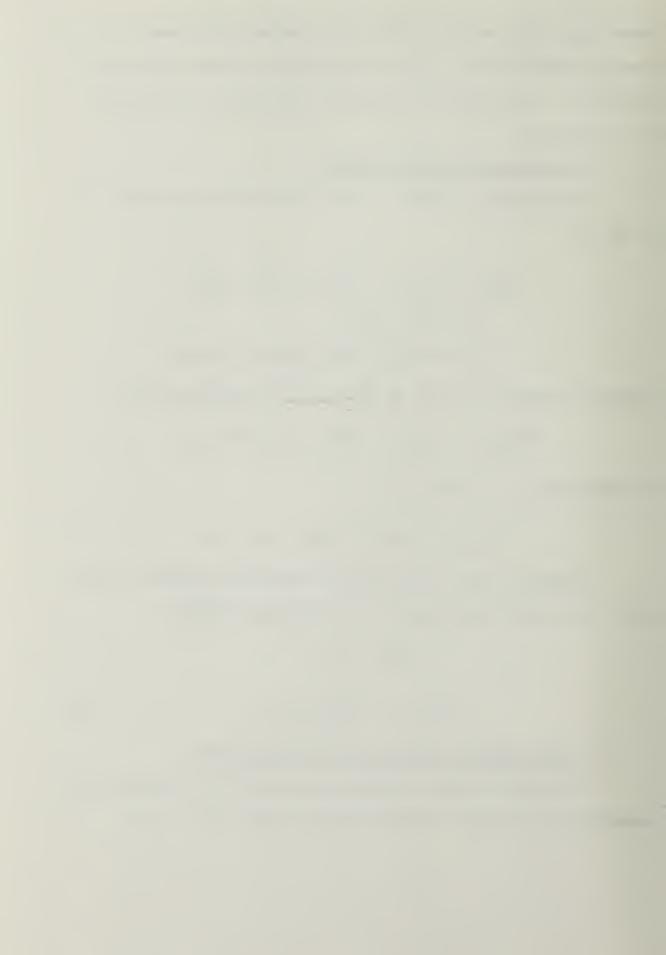
Control force is assumed to come from rudder deflection, and acts through the fin aerodynamic center.

$$\Delta C_{YC} = k_C \psi$$

$$(Y_C)_S = \rho \frac{U_0^2}{2} S_S k_C \psi$$
(28)

# 5. Shear Force, Bending and Twisting Moment

The hull's shear force at station (1) is obtained by summing the sideforce values from the nose, up to (1):



$$S(1) = \int_{0}^{1} (dY)_{h} + \int_{j=1}^{a} [(Y_{g})_{T_{j}} + (Y_{w})_{T_{j}}]$$
 (29)

where  $(dY)_h = (dY_g)_h + (dY_w)_h + (dY_m)_h + (dY_b)_h$ 

and (a) is the number of rotors forward of station (1).

Likewise, the bending moment at (1), measured along the centerline, is

$$BM(1) = \int_{0}^{1} (1_{cm} - \xi) (dY)_{h} + \int_{0}^{1} (dN_{m})_{h} + \int_{j=1}^{a} (1 - 1_{T_{j}}) [(Y_{g})_{T_{j}} + (Y_{w})_{T_{j}}]$$
(30)

Finally, the twisting moment at station (1) is

$$TM(1) = -\int_{0}^{1} h_{cm}(\xi) (dY)_{h} + \int_{0}^{1} (dL_{m})_{h} + \int_{0}^{1} (dL_{mg})_{h}$$
$$-\int_{j=1}^{a} (h_{T_{j}}) [(Y_{g})_{T_{j}} + (Y_{w})_{T_{j}}]$$
(31)

The term  $(dL_{mg})_h$  is the torque contribution due to the center of gravity being offset from the central axis (see figure 7). It is calculated from

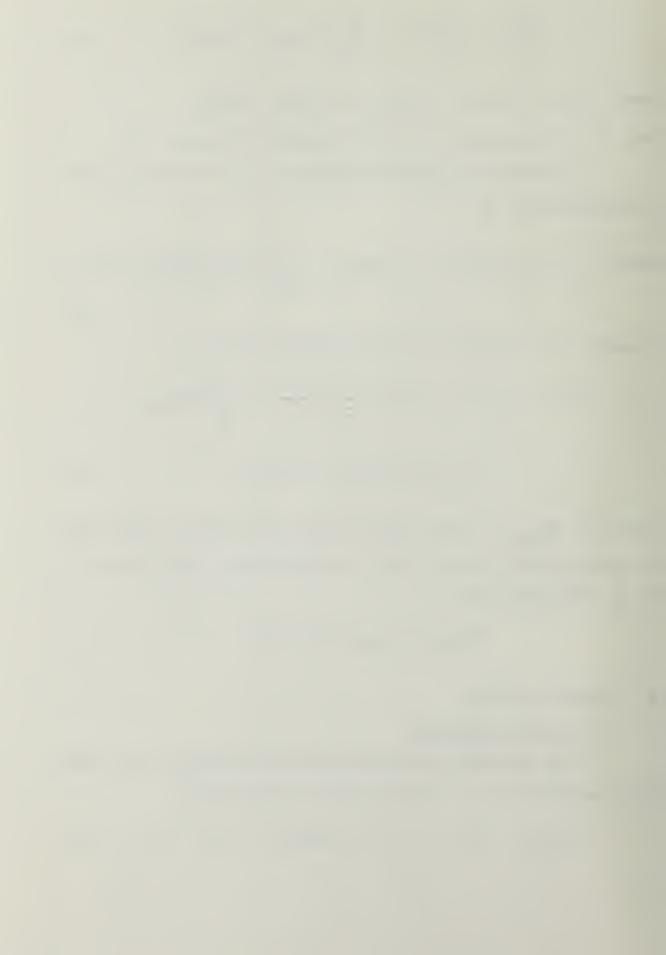
$$(dL_{mg})_h = h_{cm}g dm \phi cos\alpha_o$$

#### B. FLIGHT DYNAMICS

# 1. Dynamic Stability

The equations for Lateral Dynamic Stability are taken from DeLaurier et. al. [Ref. 18] and given below:

$$\Delta C_{\text{yaero}} + \Delta C_{\text{yc}} - (\hat{B} - \hat{m}g) \cos \alpha_{\text{o}} \phi = 2\mu (D\beta + \hat{r})$$
 (32)



$$\Delta C_{\text{naero}} + \Delta C_{\text{nc}} - \hat{x}_{b} \hat{B} \cos \alpha_{o} \phi = I_{zz} D \hat{r} - I_{xz} D \hat{p}$$
 (33)

$$\Delta C_{laero} + \Delta C_{lc} + \hat{z}_b \hat{B} \cos \alpha_o \phi = I_{xx} D\hat{p} - I_{xz} D\hat{r}$$
 (34)

$$D\phi = \hat{p} + \hat{r} \tan \alpha \qquad (35)$$

$$D\psi = \hat{\mathbf{r}} \sec \alpha \tag{36}$$

$$\Delta C_{\text{Yaero}} = C_{\text{Y}\beta}\beta + C_{\text{Y}\dot{\beta}}D\beta + C_{\text{Y}\dot{r}}\hat{r} + C_{\text{Y}\dot{r}}D\hat{r} + C_{\text{Y}\dot{p}}\hat{p} + C_{\text{Y}\dot{p}}D\hat{p}$$
(37)

$$\Delta C_{\text{naero}} = C_{n_{\beta}} \beta + C_{n_{\beta}} D\beta + C_{n_{r}} \hat{r} + C_{n_{r}} D\hat{r} + C_{n_{p}} \hat{p} + C_{n_{p}} D\hat{p}$$
 (38)

$$\Delta C_{laero} = C_{l_{\beta}} \beta + C_{l_{\beta}} D \beta + C_{l_{r}} \hat{r} + C_{l_{r}} D \hat{r} + C_{l_{p}} \hat{p} + C_{l_{p}} D \hat{p}$$
 (39)

$$\Delta C_{Y_C} = k_C \psi \tag{40}$$

$$\Delta C_{n_C} = \frac{[l_s - l_{cm}]}{\overline{c}} \Delta C_{Y_C} = \frac{[l_s - l_{cm}]}{\overline{c}} k_c \psi$$
 (41)

$$\Delta C_{1_{C}} = \frac{[h_{s} - h_{cm}]}{\overline{c}} \Delta C_{Y_{C}} = \frac{[h_{s} - h_{cm}]}{\overline{c}} k_{c} \psi$$
 (42)

In this analysis  $\beta = \frac{v}{U_o} = \hat{v}$ , thus equations (32) to

#### (39) become

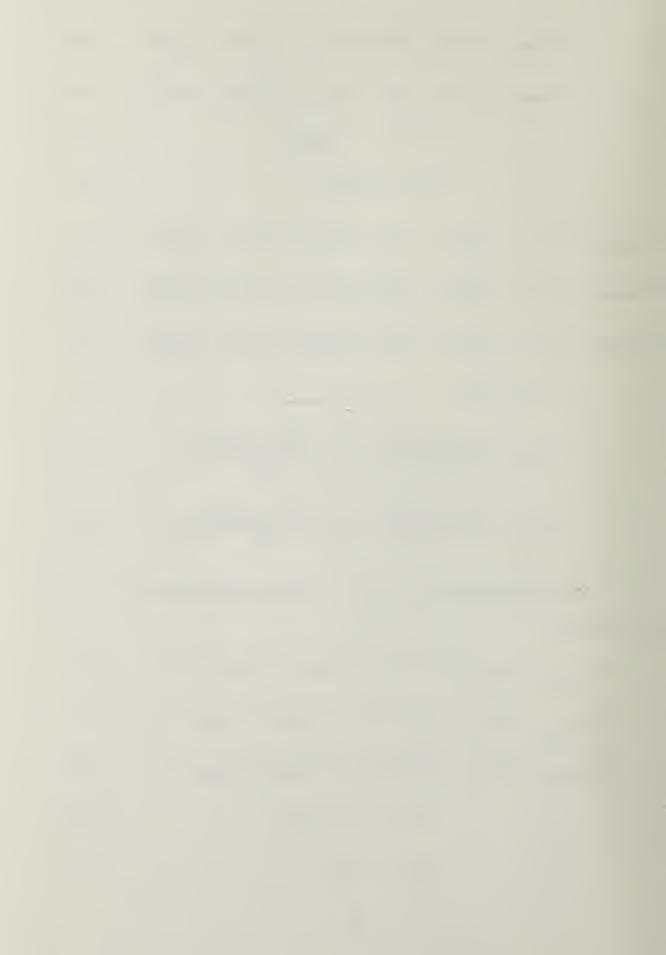
$$\Delta C_{\text{Yaero}} + \Delta C_{\text{Yc}} - (\hat{B} - \hat{m}g) \cos \alpha_{\text{O}} \phi = 2u(D\hat{v} + \hat{r})$$
 (43)

$$\Delta C_{\text{n}_{\text{aero}}} + \Delta C_{\text{n}_{\text{C}}} - \hat{x}_{\text{b}} \hat{B} \cos \alpha_{\text{o}} \phi = I_{\text{zz}} D \hat{r} - I_{\text{xz}} D \hat{p}$$
 (44)

$$\Delta C_{laero} + \Delta C_{lc} - \hat{z}_b \hat{B} \cos \alpha_o \phi = I_{xx} D\hat{p} - I_{xz} D\hat{r}$$
 (45)

$$D\phi = \hat{p} + \hat{r} \tan \alpha_{O}$$
 (46)

$$D\psi = \hat{\mathbf{r}} \sec \alpha \tag{47}$$



$$\Delta C_{\text{Yaero}} = C_{\text{Y}\hat{\beta}} \hat{v} + C_{\text{Y}\hat{\beta}} D \hat{v} + C_{\text{Y}\hat{r}} \hat{r} + C_{\text{Y}\hat{r}} D \hat{r} + C_{\text{Y}\hat{p}} \hat{p} + C_{\text{Y}\hat{p}} D \hat{p}$$
(48)

$$\Delta C_{\text{naero}} = C_{n_{\hat{\beta}}} \hat{\nabla} + C_{n_{\hat{\beta}}} \hat{D} \hat{\nabla} + C_{n_{\hat{r}}} \hat{r} + C_{n_{\hat{r}}} \hat{D} \hat{r} + C_{n_{\hat{p}}} \hat{p} + C_{n_{\hat{p}}} \hat{D} \hat{p}$$
(49)

$$\Delta C_{laero} = C_{l\hat{g}} \hat{v} + C_{l\hat{g}} D \hat{v} + C_{lr} \hat{r} + C_{lr} D \hat{r} + C_{lp} \hat{p} + C_{l\hat{p}} D \hat{p}$$
 (50)

These equations are linear, and along with equations (40) through (42) can be written in matrix form as:

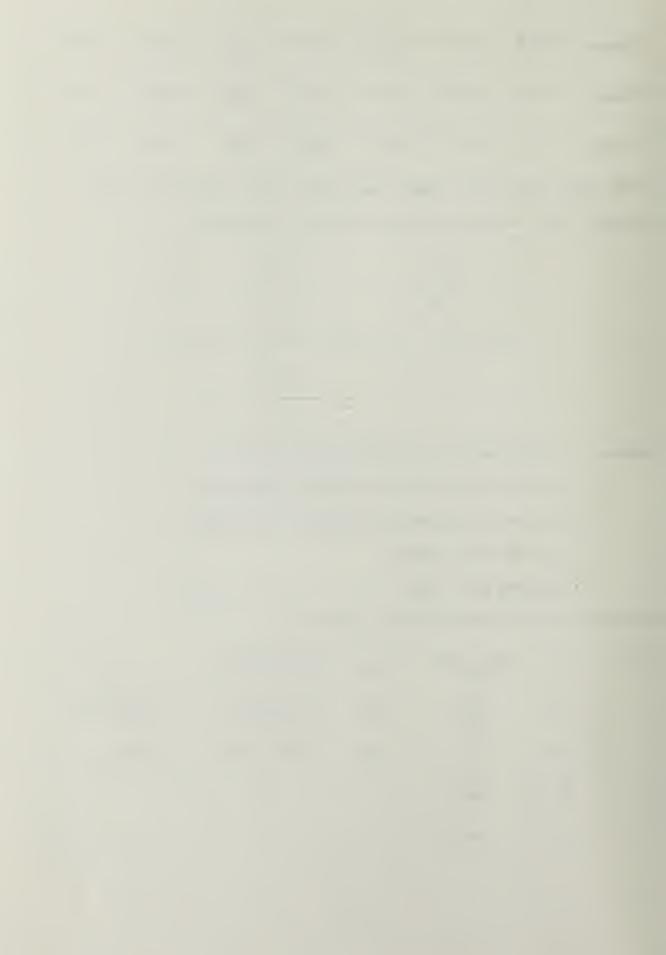
$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{v}} \\ \hat{\mathbf{r}} \\ \hat{\mathbf{p}} \\ \hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}} \\ \hat{\boldsymbol{\psi}} \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{\mathbf{D}} \hat{\mathbf{v}} \\ \tilde{\mathbf{D}} \hat{\mathbf{r}} \\ \tilde{\mathbf{D}} \hat{\mathbf{p}} \\ \tilde{\mathbf{D}} \hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}} \\ \tilde{\mathbf{D}} \hat{\boldsymbol{\psi}} \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

where: v is translation in the y-direction

- r is the rotation rate about the z-axis
- p is the rotation rate about the x-axis
- $\phi$  is the roll angle
- $\psi$  is the yaw angle

The matrices  $[\tilde{C}]$  and  $[\tilde{D}]$  are given by

$$\begin{split} [\tilde{C}] &= \begin{bmatrix} c_{y_\beta} & (c_{y_r} - 2\mu) & c_{y_p} & (\hat{m}g - \hat{B})\cos\alpha_o & -k_c \\ c_{n_\beta} & c_{n_r} & c_{n_p} & -\hat{x}_b \hat{B} \cos\alpha_o & \frac{(1_s - 1_{cm})}{\overline{c}} k_c \\ c_{1_\beta} & c_{1_r} & c_{1_p} & -\hat{z}_b \hat{B} \cos\alpha_o & \frac{+h_{cm}}{\overline{c}} k_c \\ 0 & \tan\alpha_o & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sec\alpha_o & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$[D] = \begin{bmatrix} (2\mu - C_{Y\dot{\beta}}) & -C_{Y\dot{r}} & -C_{Y\dot{p}} & 0 & 0 \\ -C_{n\dot{\beta}} & (I_{zz} - C_{n\dot{r}}) & -(I_{xz} + C_{n\dot{p}}) & 0 & 0 \\ -C_{1\dot{\beta}} & -(I_{xz} + C_{1\dot{r}}) & (I_{xx} - C_{1\dot{p}}) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

To solve this system of equations, assume a solution of the form

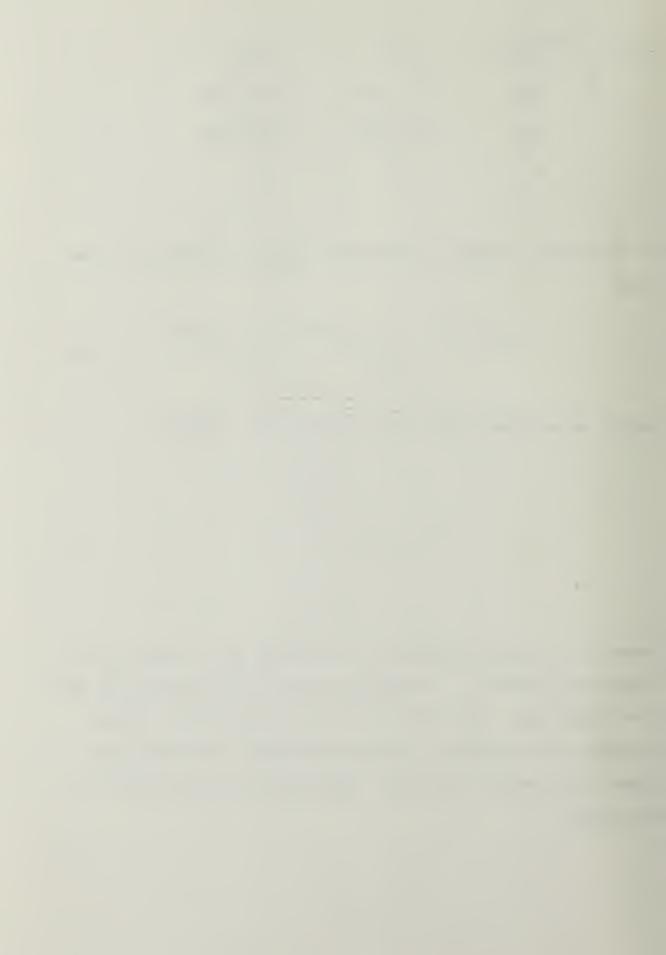
$$\hat{\mathbf{v}} = \hat{\mathbf{v}} e^{\hat{\mathbf{i}}\hat{\mathbf{v}}\hat{\mathbf{t}}} , \quad \hat{\mathbf{p}} = \hat{\mathbf{p}} e^{\hat{\mathbf{i}}\hat{\mathbf{v}}\hat{\mathbf{t}}} , \quad \hat{\mathbf{r}} = \hat{\mathbf{R}} e^{\hat{\mathbf{i}}\hat{\mathbf{v}}\hat{\mathbf{t}}}$$

$$\Phi = \Phi e^{\hat{\mathbf{i}}\hat{\mathbf{v}}\hat{\mathbf{t}}} , \quad \Psi = \Psi e^{\hat{\mathbf{i}}\hat{\mathbf{v}}\hat{\mathbf{t}}}$$
(52)

which, when substituted into equation (51) becomes

$$\begin{bmatrix} \tilde{\mathbf{C}} - \mathbf{i}\hat{\boldsymbol{\sigma}}\tilde{\mathbf{D}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{V}} \\ \hat{\mathbf{R}} \\ \hat{\mathbf{P}} \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{0}$$
 (53)

where  $\hat{\sigma}$  is the non-dimensional stability root. This is an eigenvalue problem. A computer solution is performed to find the eigenvalues (stability roots) and eigenvectors (model vectors) for the control gains considered. For the subsequent load-response analysis, dynamically stable cases must be chosen.



## 2. Turbulence Forcing Functions

As mentioned above, the model chosen for the turbulence is sinusoidal with Gaussian statistics, in particular,

$$\frac{\mathbf{v_g}(\xi)}{\mathbf{U_o}} = \Gamma \exp\left[i\omega t - i\omega \xi \frac{\cos \alpha_o}{\mathbf{U_o}}\right]$$
 (54)

By using this expression in equation (9), integrating from  $\xi=0$  to  $\xi=l_h$  (the hull/fin intersection) and adding the contributions of the fins and thruster-rotor combinations, the complete turbulence forcing functions for the airship can be found. That is,

$$Y_{g} = \int_{0}^{1_{h}} d(Y_{g})_{h} + \int_{j=1}^{a} (Y_{g})_{T_{j}} + (Y_{g})_{s}$$
 (55)

Likewise, the yawing moment about the nose is

$$N_{gnose} = + \int_{0}^{1_{h}} \xi d(Y_g)_{h} + \sum_{j=1}^{a} [(1_T)_{j} (Y_g)_{T_{j}}] + 1_{s} (Y_g)_{s}$$

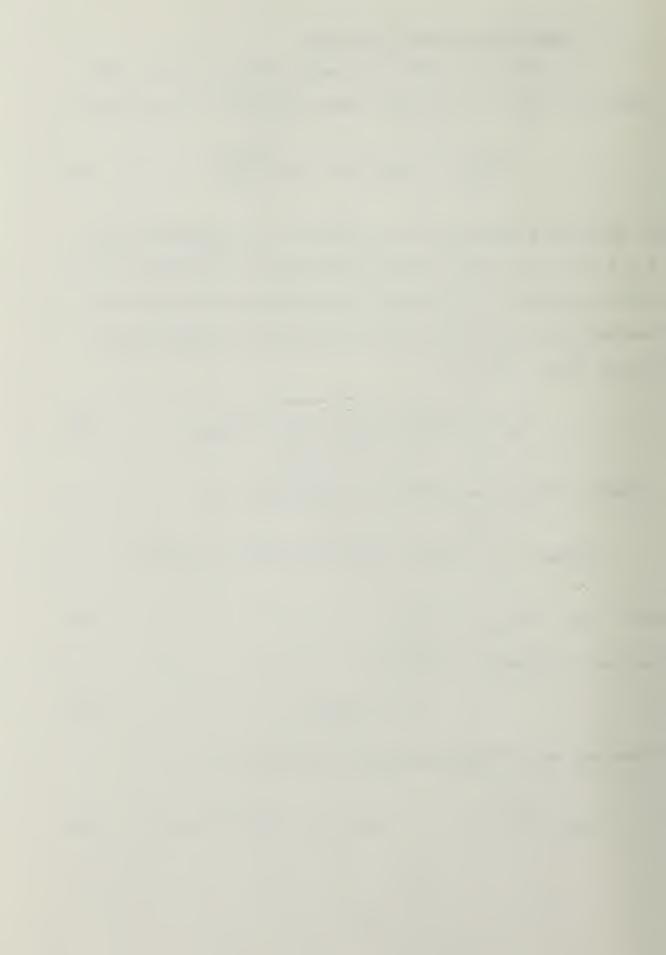
and 
$$N_{g_{cm}} = N_{g_{nose}} - l_{cm} Y_g$$
 (56)

and rolling moment is given by

$$L_{g} = -h_{cm} Y_{g}$$
 (57)

These may be non-dimensionalized according to

$$Y_g = \frac{U_o^2}{2} S G_Y$$
  $(L_g, N_g) = \frac{U_o^2}{2} S \overline{c} (G_1, G_n)$  (58)



and the non-dimensional equations can be expressed as

$$G_{\mathbf{y}} = G_{\mathbf{y}\gamma} \gamma \qquad G_{\mathbf{1}} = G_{\mathbf{1}\gamma} \gamma \qquad G_{\mathbf{n}} = G_{\mathbf{n}\gamma} \gamma$$
 (59)

where 
$$\gamma = \Gamma \exp(i\omega t) = \Gamma \exp(ik\hat{t})$$
 (60)

$$k = \frac{\overline{c}\omega}{2U_{o}}$$

 ${\sf G}_{Y\gamma},\ {\sf G}_{1\gamma}$  and  ${\sf G}_{n\gamma}$  are the turbulent forcing functions for the vehicle.

## 3. Motion Response Transfer Functions

Using the functions of equation (59) as forcing functions on the right-hand side of equation (53), and dividing through by  $\gamma$  gives

$$[\tilde{C} - ik\tilde{D}] \quad \tilde{V}/\Gamma \quad G_{Y\gamma}$$

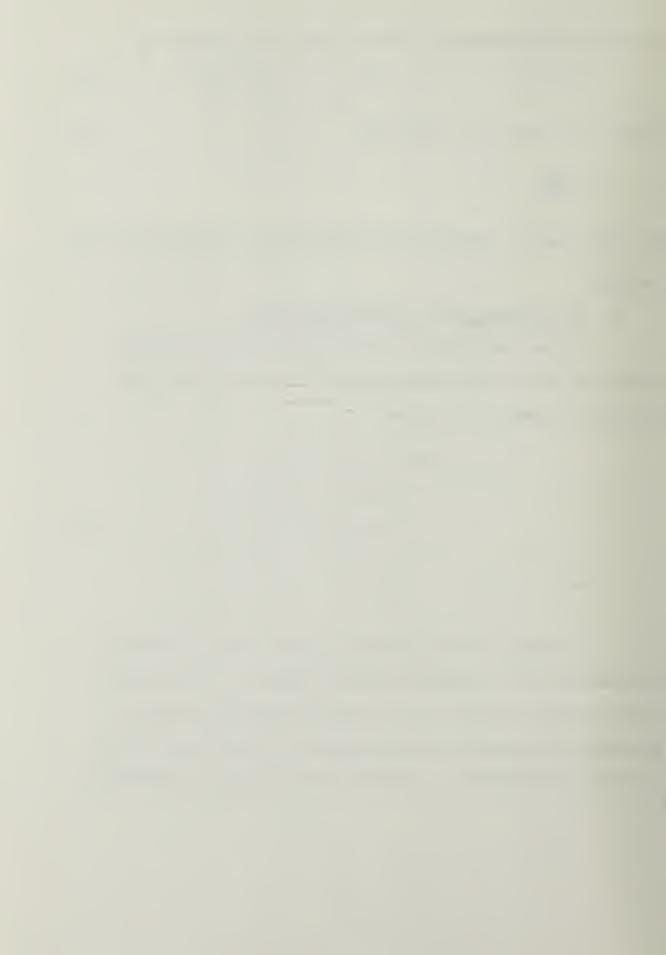
$$R/\Gamma \quad G_{n\gamma}$$

$$P/\Gamma \quad G_{1\gamma}$$

$$\Phi/\Gamma \quad 0$$

$$\Psi/\Gamma \quad 0$$

Solution of this expression for specific reduced frequencies (k), or spectral wave numbers ( $\Omega$ ), and fixed stable control gains ( $k_{\rm C}$ ), allows calculation of the expressions necessary for the solution of distributed force loadings and moments, by means of the following expressions.



$$\hat{\mathbf{v}} = \frac{\mathbf{v}}{\mathbf{U}_{0}} = \frac{\hat{\mathbf{V}}}{\Gamma} \exp(\mathrm{i}\mathbf{k}\hat{\mathbf{t}}), \qquad \frac{\overline{\mathbf{c}}\mathbf{p}}{2\overline{\mathbf{U}}_{0}} = \frac{\hat{\mathbf{p}}}{\Gamma} \exp(\mathrm{i}\mathbf{k}\hat{\mathbf{t}})$$

$$\frac{\overline{\mathbf{c}}\mathbf{r}}{2\mathbf{U}_{0}} = \frac{\hat{\mathbf{R}}}{\Gamma} \exp(\mathrm{i}\mathbf{k}\hat{\mathbf{t}}), \qquad \Phi = \frac{\Phi}{\Gamma} \exp(\mathrm{i}\mathbf{k}\hat{\mathbf{t}}) \qquad (62)$$

$$\psi = \frac{\Psi}{\Gamma} \exp(ik\hat{t})$$

#### C. LOAD RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTIONS

Once the motion response of the airship is known, the load response transfer functions can be calculated.

## 1. Turbulence Loading

These may be obtained by substituting equation 54 into equations (9) through (13) and dividing by  $\gamma$  (equation (60)). This gives, for example, for equation (9):

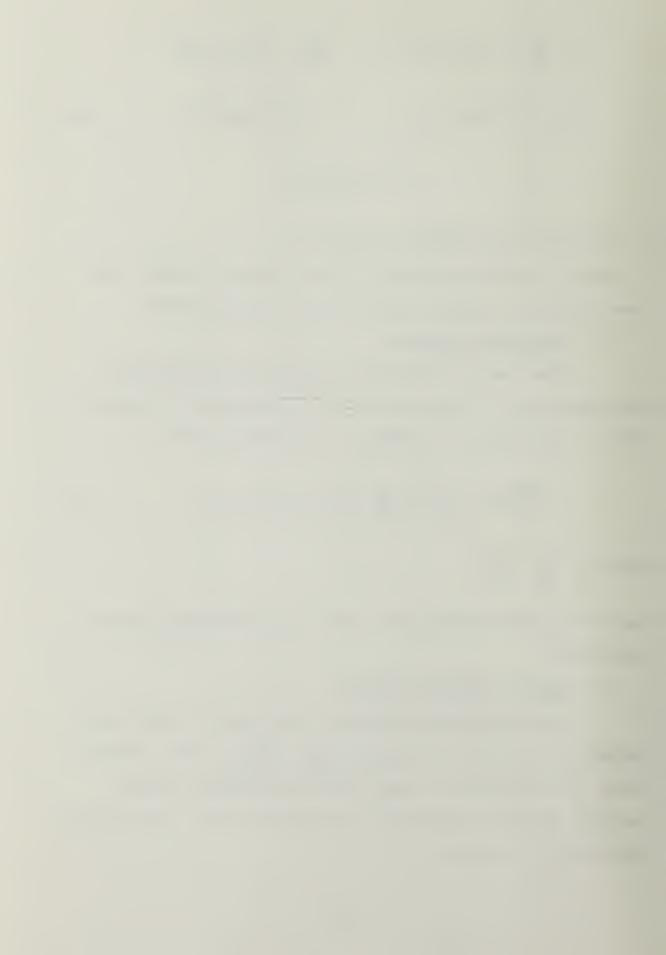
$$\frac{(dY_g)_h}{\Gamma} = \rho \frac{U_o^2}{2} \times \frac{dA}{d\xi} \exp(-i\Omega\xi \cos\alpha_o) d\xi$$
 (63)

where 
$$\Omega = \frac{\omega}{U_0} = \frac{2k}{\overline{c}}$$

Table II gives the complete list of load response transfer functions.

## 2. Motion Response Loading

The aerodynamic-reaction loading may be obtained by replacing the motion variables,  $\left(\frac{v}{U_O}\right)$ ,  $\left(\frac{\overline{cp}}{2U_O}\right)$ , etc., in equations (14) through (20) with the corresponding motion-response transfer functions in equations (62). For example, equation (14) becomes



$$\frac{(dY_{w})_{h}}{\Gamma} = \left\{ \rho \frac{U_{o}^{2}}{2} K \frac{dA}{d\xi} \left[ \frac{\hat{V}}{\Gamma} - \frac{2}{c} (1_{cm} - \xi) \frac{\hat{R}}{\Gamma} \right] + \rho U_{o}^{2} A \left\{ i\Omega \left[ \frac{\hat{V}}{\Gamma} - \frac{2}{c} \frac{\hat{R}}{\Gamma} (1_{cm} - \xi) \right] k_{2} + \frac{2}{c} \frac{\hat{R}}{\Gamma} k_{1} \right\} \right\} d\xi$$
(64)

The Inertial-Reaction, and Bouyancy loading transfer functions are similarly obtained from equations (21) through (27). For example, equation (21) becomes

$$\frac{(dY_m)_h}{\Gamma} = \left\{-\frac{2U_o^2}{\overline{c}}\frac{\hat{R}}{\Gamma} + i\Omega U_o^2\left[\frac{\hat{V}}{\Gamma} - \frac{2}{\overline{c}}\frac{\hat{R}}{\Gamma}(1_{cm} - \xi)\right]\right\} dm$$
 (65)

and equation (27) becomes

$$\frac{(dY_B)_h}{r} = [\rho gAd\xi - gdm] \cos \alpha_0 \frac{\Phi}{r}$$
 (66)

# 3. Shear Force, Bending and Twisting Moment Transfer Functions

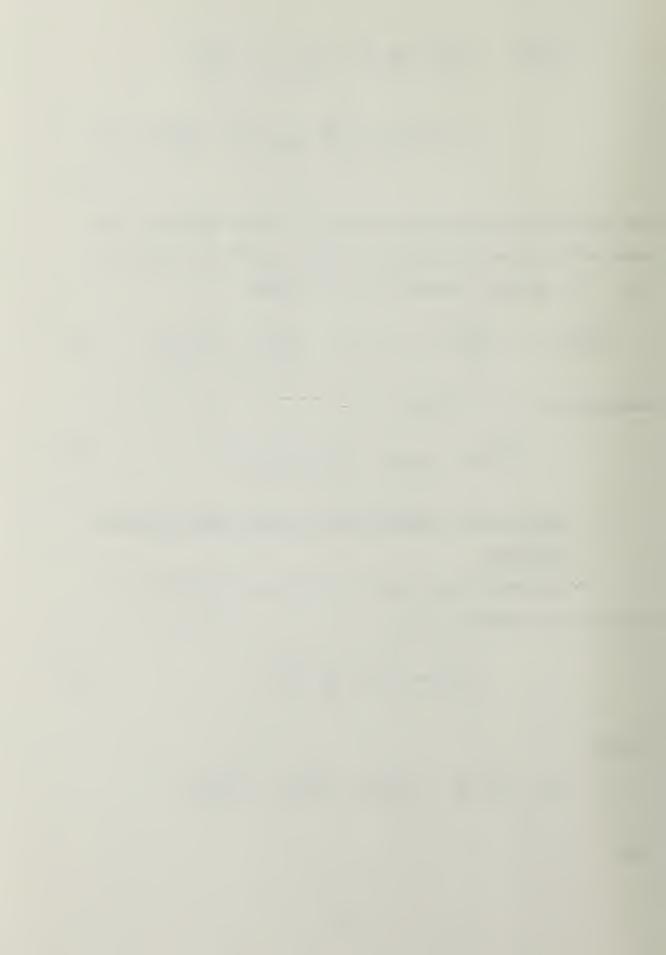
The shear force loading transfer function is obtained using equation (29):

$$\frac{S(1)}{\Gamma} = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{dY}{\Gamma} + \int_{j=1}^{a} \frac{(Y_{T})_{j}}{\Gamma}$$
 (67)

where:

$$\frac{dY}{\Gamma} = \frac{(dY_g)_h}{\Gamma} + \frac{(dY_w)_h}{\Gamma} + \frac{(dY_m)_h}{\Gamma} + \frac{(dY_B)_h}{\Gamma}$$

and



$$\frac{(Y_T)_j}{\Gamma} = \frac{(Y_g)_{T_j}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(Y_w)_{T_j}}{\Gamma}$$

The bending-moment transfer function comes from equation (30)

$$\frac{BM(1)}{\Gamma} = \int_{0}^{1} (1_{cm} - \xi) \frac{(dY)_{h}}{\Gamma} + \int_{0}^{1} \frac{(dN_{m})_{h}}{\Gamma} + \sum_{j=1}^{a} (1 - 1_{T_{j}}) \left[ \frac{(Y_{g})_{T_{j}}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(Y_{w})_{T_{j}}}{\Gamma} \right]$$
(68)

and finally the twisting-moment transfer function, from equation (31), is:

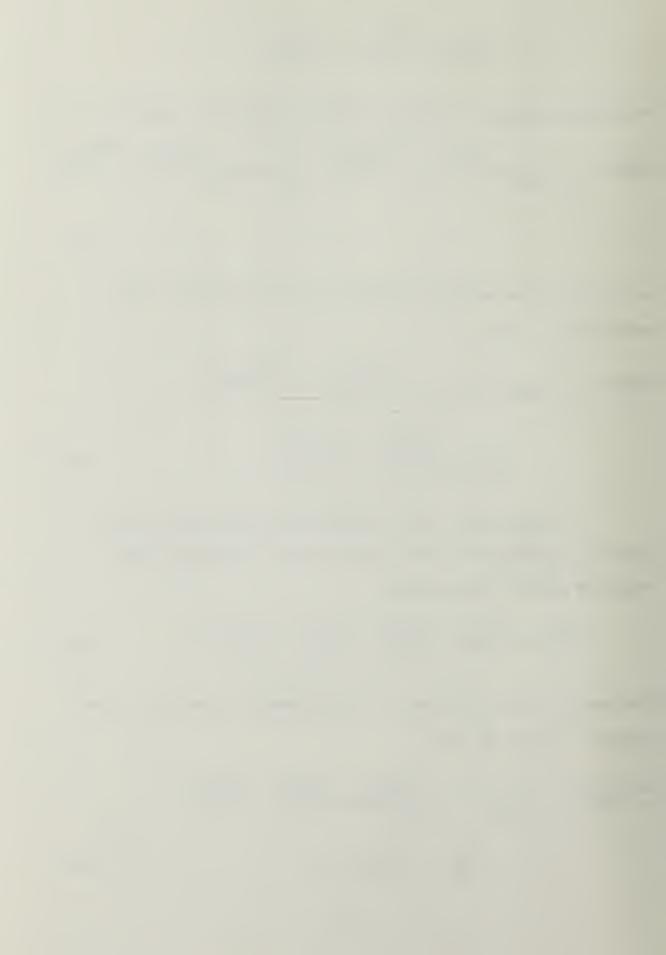
$$\frac{\text{TM}(1)}{\Gamma} = -\int_{0}^{1} h_{\text{cm}}(\xi) (dY)_{h} + \int_{0}^{1} \frac{(dL_{m})_{h}}{\Gamma} + \int_{0}^{1} \frac{(dL_{mg})_{h}}{\Gamma} - \int_{j=1}^{a} h_{Tj} \left[ \frac{(Y_{g})_{Tj}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(Y_{w})_{Tj}}{\Gamma} \right]$$
(69)

An important check on the analytical model is obtained by ensuring the net Shear Force, and Bending and Twisting Moments equal zero.

$$\frac{S(1)_{h}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(Y_{g})_{s}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(Y_{w})_{s}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(Y_{m})_{s}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(Y_{c})_{s}}{\Gamma} = 0$$
 (70)

The moments are evaluated to the empennage assembly's mass center,  $(l_{cm})_s$ , so that

$$\frac{BM(1_{cm})_{s}}{\Gamma} + [(1_{cm})_{s} - 1_{s}] \left[ \frac{(Y_{g})_{s}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(Y_{w})_{s}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(Y_{c})_{s}}{\Gamma} \right] + \frac{(N_{w})_{s}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(N_{m})_{s}}{\Gamma} = 0$$
(71)



$$\frac{\operatorname{TM}(l_{\operatorname{cm}})_{s}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(l_{w})_{s}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(l_{m})_{s}}{\Gamma} + (h_{\operatorname{cm}})_{s} \left[ \frac{(Y_{g})_{s}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(Y_{w})_{s}}{\Gamma} + \frac{(Y_{c})_{s}}{\Gamma} \right] = 0$$
(72)

These equations may be non-dimensionalized as follows:

$$\frac{C_{s}(1)}{\Gamma} = \frac{2}{\rho U_{o}^{2} s} \frac{s(1)}{\Gamma}$$
 (73)

$$\frac{C_{BM}(1)}{\Gamma} = \frac{2}{\rho U_{O}^{2} S\overline{c}} \frac{BM(1)}{\Gamma}$$
 (74)

$$\frac{C_{TM}(1)}{\Gamma} = \frac{2}{\rho U_0^2 s\overline{c}} \frac{TM(1)}{\Gamma}$$
 (75)

#### D. RESPONSE TO ATMOSPHERIC TURBULENCE

Once the force and moment transfer function coefficients are known, the turbulence statistics can be applied to obtain estimates of airship lifetime and failure probability. When dealing with the lateral aerodynamic case, two different spectra must be considered— $\Phi_{11}$  and  $\Phi_{22}$ . This analysis will use the von Kàrmàn spectra as given by equations (7) and (6) respectively. As explained in Chapter II, the first is used when the flight direction is perpendicular to the mean wind, and the second when the direction is parallel.

#### 1. Root-Mean-Square Responses

The root-mean-square response to turbulence of any system parameter can be obtained using its transfer function



multiplied by the spectrum (provided, of course, the spectrum is Gaussian). For example, the rms shear force coefficient is

$$\frac{\left(C_{s}\right)_{rms}}{\sigma} = \left[\frac{2}{U_{o}^{2}}\int_{0}^{\infty}\left|\frac{C_{s}}{\Gamma}\right|^{2}\frac{\Phi_{ii}}{\sigma^{2}}d\Omega\right]^{1/2}$$
(76)

Response to various conditions can be evaluated using appropriate values for  $\sigma$  and L in the equations for  $\Phi_{ii}$ , and choosing either  $\Phi_{11}$  or  $\Phi_{22}$  according to desired flight direction.

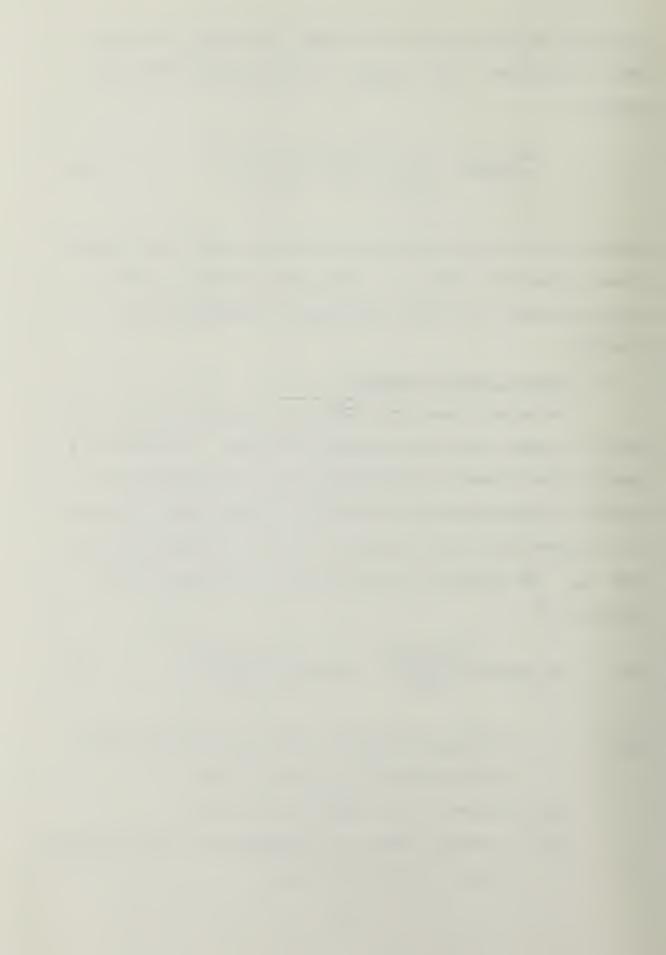
## 2. Mission Analysis Method

The mission analysis method is a technique for estimating a flight vehicle's probable lifetime. The method is based on the probability distribution of encountering turbulence in representative flight operations [Refs. 7 and 15]. It is assumed the total flight is a sum of Gaussian patches [Ref. 2]. The formula for calculating the number of exceedences is

$$N(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} tN_{o} \left[ p_{1} exp \left( \frac{-|x-x_{ref}|}{b_{1}\overline{A}} \right) + p_{2} exp \left( \frac{-|x-x_{ref}|}{b_{2}\overline{A}} \right) \right]$$
(77)

x<sub>ref</sub> = value of x in one-g level flight,

N(x) = average number of exceedences of the indicated
 value of x per unit time



 $N_{\odot}$  = number of zero crossings of x per unit time

$$\overline{A}$$
 =  $[(C_{BM})_{rms}/\sigma]/\gamma_{rms}$ 

t = fraction of time in mission segment

p<sub>1</sub>, p<sub>2</sub> = probability values from Table I

 $b_1$ ,  $b_2$  = intensity levels from Table I

also

$$N_{O} = \left[\frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{(\dot{BM})_{ms}}{(\dot{BM})_{ms}}\right]^{1/2}$$

where

$$(BM)_{ms} = \left(\frac{\rho U_0^2 s \overline{c}}{2}\right)^2 \int_0^\infty \left|\frac{c_{BM}}{r}\right| \Phi_{ii} d\Omega$$
 (78)

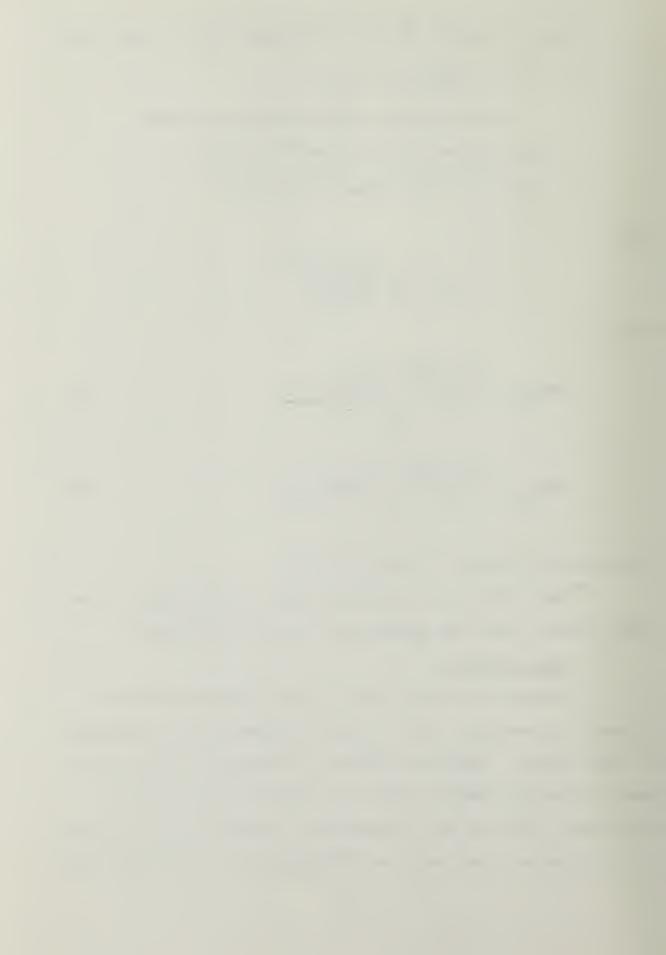
$$(\dot{BM})_{ms} = \left(\frac{\rho U_o^2 s \overline{c}}{2}\right)^2 \int_0^\infty \left|\frac{C_{BM}}{\Gamma}\right| \Omega \Phi_{ii} d\Omega \tag{79}$$

The probable lifetime is then  $[N(x)]^{-1}$ 

Shear force and twisting moment are analyzed in the same fashion using the appropriate transfer functions.

## 3. Other Methods

DeLaurier and Hui [Ref. 5] also include FailureProbability analysis [Ref. 3] and "Mil-Spec Storm" analysis
in their paper. There are others in existence, such as the
Design Envelope Analysis [Ref. 7] that have been used for
HTA flight, and are well documented. Because of this, they
will not be included here, as techniques for using them are



the same once the transfer functions of response are known. The exact method used is up to the designer, based on his needs.



#### IV. NUMERICAL EXAMPLE

In order to illustrate the lateral aerodynamic case developed in Chapter III, an example using the USS AKRON (ZR-4) is presented. The flight conditions chosen are:

$$U_0 = 123 \text{ ft/sec}$$

$$Alt = 1000 ft$$

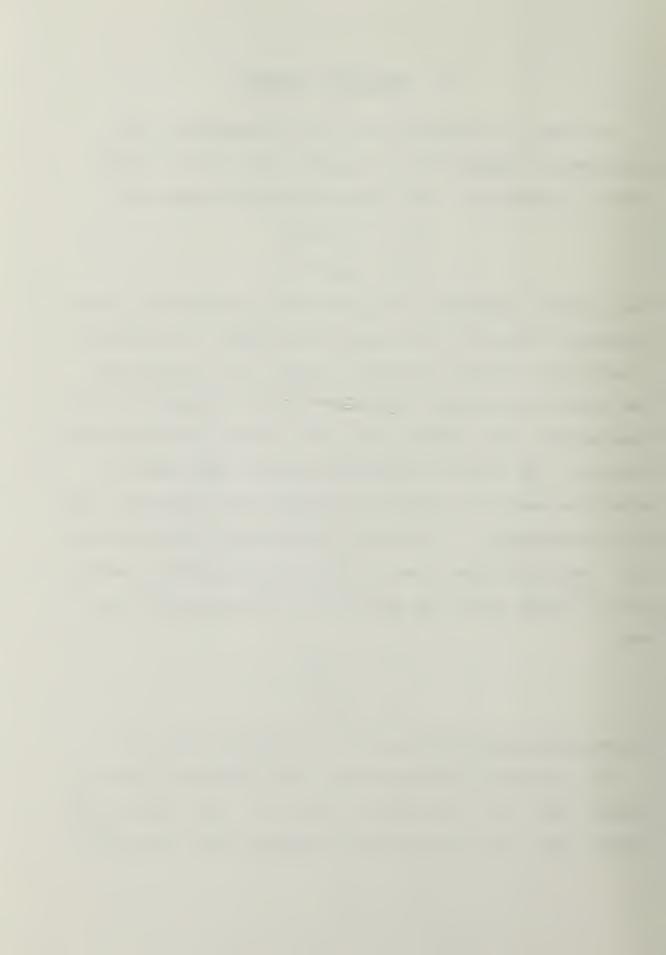
The velocity represents the maximum for the vehicle, and the altitude is typical of its operational range. In addition, a condition of neutral buoyancy (B-mg = 0.0) was selected. The geometry was taken from Freeman [Ref. 19] and the weight distribution from Woodward [Ref. 20]. With this information available, the inertial properties of the AKRON could be calculated using the method of Scholaert and DeLaurier [Ref. 21] (see Appendix). The values obtained are shown in Table III. The Hull cross-flow and stabilizer efficiency factors are calculated using the method given in reference 6, and are:

$$K = 0.93225$$

$$\eta_s = 0.2600$$

The apparent-mass coefficients are from Munk [Ref. 22].

The stability derivatives are taken from DeLaurier and Schenck [Ref. 18], and shown in Table IV. With these, the control gain, and the inertial and geometrical properties,

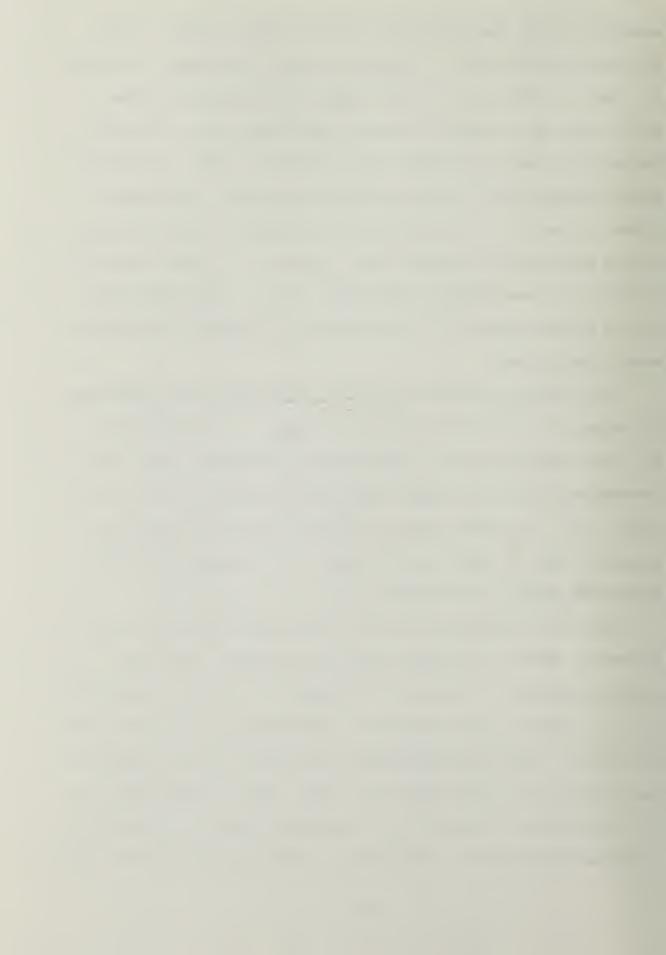


equation 53 can be solved to find the stable roots. This was done in reference 18 and the results are shown in figure 8. Mode 4 (indicated in the figure) is characterized by roll, yaw, and sideslip of equal magnitudes not unlike the dutch roll mode of a fixed wing aircraft. Mode 5 is one of equal and opposite  $\beta$  and  $\psi$  motions with small  $\varphi$  perturbations. Mode 6 is a relatively high-frequency rolling motion, little affected by control gain. Modes 1, 2, and 3 refer to longitudinal aerodynamic modes [Ref. 18]. From this analysis, a control gain of 0.2 was found to provide the minimum stable condition.

The forcing functions were next obtained using equations 54 through 60, and are plotted in figure 9. The peaks in all the curves occur at a wave number of about .008. This corresponds to a wavelength equal to the length of the airship.  $|G_{l_{\gamma}}|$  is significantly smaller than the others, as expected, due to the smaller moment arm through which the sideforce works in producing roll.

With the turbulence forcing functions, equation 61 was solved to obtain the motion response transfer functions.

These are shown in figures 10 through 14. Control gains of 0.2, 1.0, and 2.0 were used to illustrate the effect of its variation. The most significant feature of these responses is the peak at a wave number of .008. This corresponds, as in the forcing functions, to a condition where the spectral component wavelength exactly equals the airship length. This



is the result predicted by Calligeros and McDavitt [Ref. 4] for the longitudinal case. DeLaurier and Hui [Ref. 5] also obtained this result, but only for cases of higher control gain. For the lateral case, the control gain does not significantly change this peak, although, for yaw and yaw rate  $(\psi$  and  $\gamma$ ), and to a lesser extent roll  $(\phi)$ , the response at lower wave numbers is reduced.

Finally, the load response transfer functions were calculated. The results are shown in figures 15 through 17 for a wave number of .009, and a control gain of 0.2. Complete results are given in the appendix. For the most part, the results yield no surprises. The magnitudes of the load response follow the general trend of the combined motion responses, thus the peak loads occur at wave numbers near .008. The location along the axis of the peak load varies as the magnitude of the motions increases, shifting aft in the case of shear and twisting moment, and to the center for bending moment. Again, the lack of significant change with control gain is apparent.



#### V. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The analysis presented is an extension of the work by DeLaurier and Hui [Ref. 5], and is subject to the same restrictions. That is, it is limited to small perturbations in order to allow a linear analysis usable with power spectral methods, and its ability to make precise predictions of the loading when used with one of the methods that accounts for severe turbulence is questionable. Nonetheless, it is a valuable tool in understanding the response to an initial disturbance, and when employed as the aerodynamic input to the various statistical methods discussed earlier, it can yield important design and operational insight.

The limited effectiveness of the simple control model employed, which is typical of someone cuing his response to a compass, was demonstrated. It is suggested that an examination of the effects of roll control and yaw rate feedback be made. This would allow a decision as to the feasibility of using control to provide gust alleviation. As discussed by DeLaurier and Hui, control gain made a large difference in the expected lifetime of an airship when considering only longitudinal aerodynamics. Undoubtedly, for the lateral case, even the yaw control used in this analysis will contribute to increased survivability due to the reduction of loads at low wave numbers. Thus, the next step is to employ



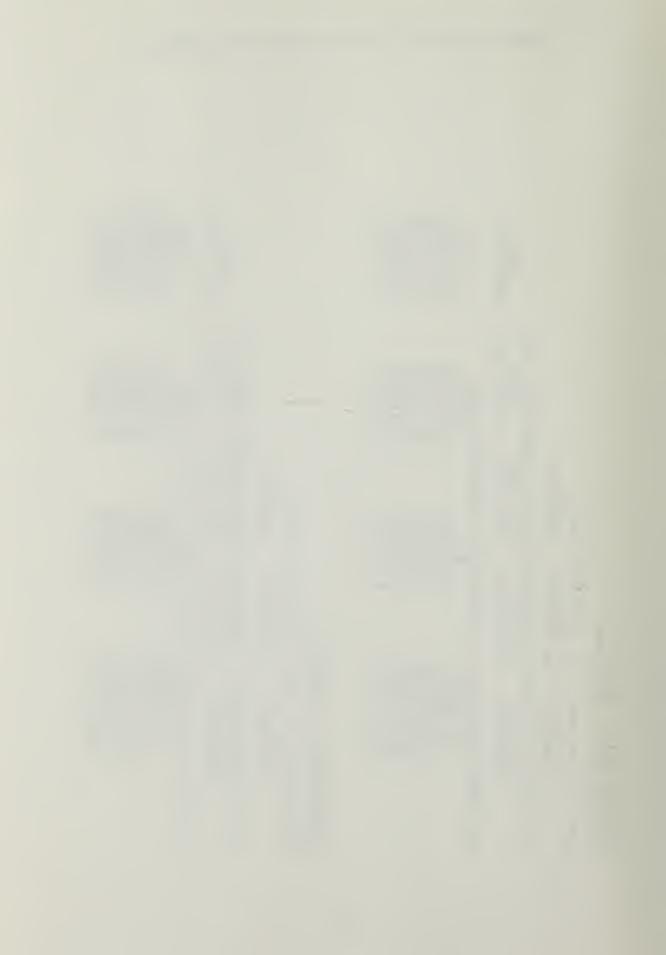
the statistical methods to discover how much change is realized.

The case of combined longitudinal and lateral motion needs to be studied. No aircraft ever built has ever managed to fly through turbulence that is strictly one dimensional, as is assumed for this analysis. Coupling the two cases would give a much better idea of the true action of an airship in turbulence.

Finally, some means must be found to establish the veracity of this model, as well as that for the longitudinal case. To the author's knowledge, no investigation of the actual response of an airship to conditions of known turbulence has ever been made. This is, of course, a difficult project, considering the limited number of airships currently available if full scale tests are to be carried out. Wind tunnel investigations, made in the various oscillating flow tunnels available, would be helpful. Until some tests are done, however, this type of analysis must be considered only for its qualitative aspects as opposed to its quantitative predictions.



```
08WW-40
                                                                                             04N00MM
                               015533
015533
015533
01689933
015817
                                                                                           0450000
0450000
0450000
0450000
                                                                                           AM
                                 000000
                                                                                   4007
                                                                                             000000
                       00+
                                                                                   +000
                                                                              ш
                                                                             FE ROLL
ROLL
12528E+1
                 MAGNITUDES A
ROLL
33 .12302E+
                           ARE:
237232
191262
064002
220875
24691
                                                                                             らっしっして
                                                                                             らろろう 604
                                                                                        ш
                                                                                          NN00-NN
                                 0000000
                                                                                             000000
                            GNITUE
                                                                                        MAGNITLE
                 FUNCTION MA
ROLL RATE
54070E-03
                                                                        E-0
                                                                              EHO!
                                                                              FUNCTION
ROLL RA
10971E-
                                                                   ARE: 66, 292916
        ·• — =
       RE
29
29
                            MAM
                           CIENT MA
652803
100814683
1209334
156551
570192
                                                                                        CIENT MA
1.653393
1.065389
1.205780
1.211145
1.158874
1.943718
            29
                                                                   PAGNITUDES
GN
61846+00 .2
       FUNCTION PAGNITUDES GE+00 .66185E+00 .
                                                                                        FICI
                                                                              œ --
                  Œ
                                                                              MMO
                  MMO
                                                                                             0----00
                 TRANSFE
AM RATE
                                                                              A P I
                                                                                        COEF
                            EF
                                                                              RAN
421
421
                            00
10 C C 0 E - C4
                                                                        661
                                                                              -45
                                                                   CING FLNC11CN
6Y
51056E+00 .66
                           >0
                    >~
                                                           = 0.20
.20000
                                                                             SPONSE
IP
+01
                  7
                 RESPONS
SLIP
CE+01
18 .
                                                              11
                                                                                        - 11
                            ZVIBITUT 77000
                                                                              といる。
∠"
                                                           AIN
ER
       CING
61066
                  SOF
SOF
                                 のこうてにらり
                                                                                шm
                                                                              NUS
SON
Q W
                                                                                                -namus
                                                           CL GA
                  SI
Sa
                            RCI
  Σ
                                                                   FCRC
                                                                              -5-
                                                                                        C
       FCR
                  MCT
                                                                              MCT
25
                                                                                        CR
FR
                                                           E H
                            u_
                                                                                        щ
42
04
       HE
                  H
                            出
                                                            z>
                                                                   HE
                                                                                        I
                                                            UA
                                                                              I
```



YAW . 40001E+01	00000000000000000000000000000000000000		YAW .39966E+01	CIM 0.000000 0.015670 0.020774 0.016363 0.008660
NTRCL GAIN = 0.20 VE NUMBER = .30C00E-04 E FORCING FLACTION PAGNITUDES ARE: .61046E+00 .66184E+00 .29287E-01 E MOTION RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: SIDESLIP YAN RATE ROLL RATE ROLL .15535E+01 .47101E-01 .16843E-02 .12894E+00 .	E FORCE AND MOPENT COEFFICIENT MAGNITLLES ARE:  STATICN  O.654447  O.237852  157.0C0C00  1.2084311  0.237852  157.0C0C00  1.2084311  0.152318  314.0C0C00  1.218296  0.065726  510.250000  0.949313  0.220692  605.559561	NTRCL GAIN = 0.20 VE NUMBER =.400006-04 IE FCRCING FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: .61036E+00 .66186E+00 .29282E-01	E MCTICN RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: SIDESLIP YAR RATE ROLL RATE ROLL RATE 19531E+01 .62746E-01 .23157E-02 .13388E+00 .	FCRCE AND MOMENT COEFFICIENT MAGNITLES ARE:   STATIEN
DA H H	Ŧ	H AC	E	H



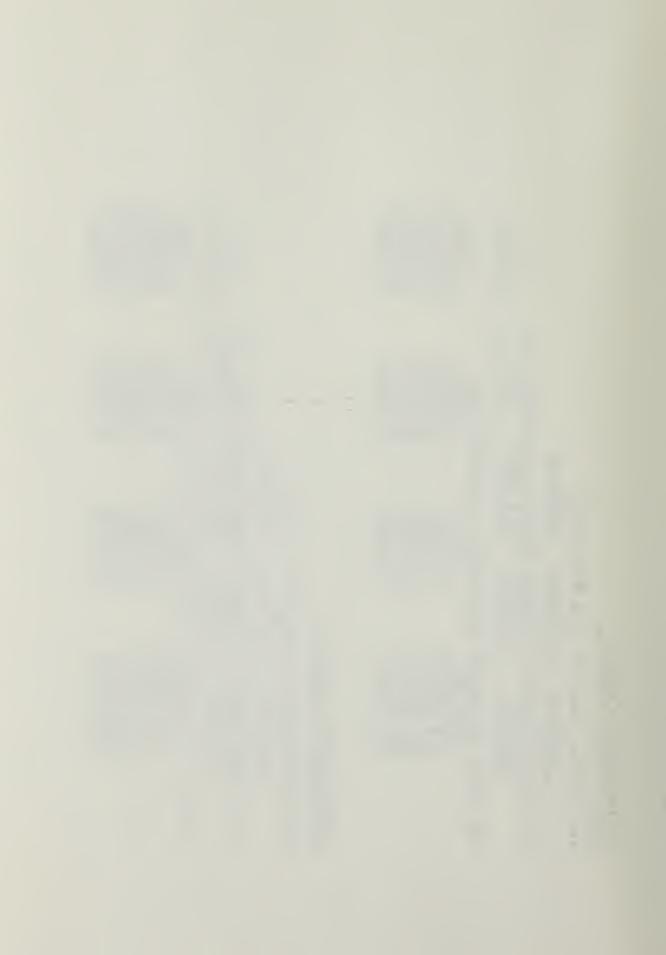
YAW .39920E+01	0.00000 0.015750 0.0205750 0.020528 0.017228	YAW .39865E+01	0.000000 0.015848 0.021239 0.018207 0.013944
L 7E-01 CN MAGNITUDES ARE: RATE 9E-02 .13995E+00	GNITLDES ARE:  0.239159 0.286098 0.194467 0.069944 0.220397 0.244475	: 2E-01 CN MAGNITUDES ARE: RATE 1E-02 .14699E+00	GNITLCES ARE: C.240060 0.287350 0.195931 0.067502 0.220209 0.244416
-04 MAGNITUDES ARE GN 185E+00 .2927 TRANSFER FUNCTI	COEFFICIENT MA C.657923 1.090310 1.216497 1.224521 1.175735 C.967100 0.614170	PAGNITUDES ARE GA CONTIUDES ARE GAS ARE CONTIUDES ARE GAS ARE CONTIUDES ARE CONTIUDES ARE CONTIUDES ARE CONTIUDES ARE CONTIUDES ARE CONTIUDES	COEFFICIENT MAC CS 0.660323 1.094449 1.222136 1.231519 1.184502 0.979101 0.632365
CCNTRCL GAIN = .50000E WAVE NUMBER = .50000E THE FCRCING FUNCTION .61C26E+00 .6 THE MCTICN RESPONSE THE MCTICN RESPONSE .19526E+01 .7	THE FORCE AND MOPENT 18.5000000000000000000000000000000000000	CCNIRCL GAIN = 60.20 WAVE NUMBER = 60.20 THE FCRCING FUNCTION .61015E+00 .6 THE MOTICN RESPONSE SIDESLIP Y	THE FCRCE AND MOMENT 1855000000 2255.500000 314.000000 3510.2500000 510.2500000



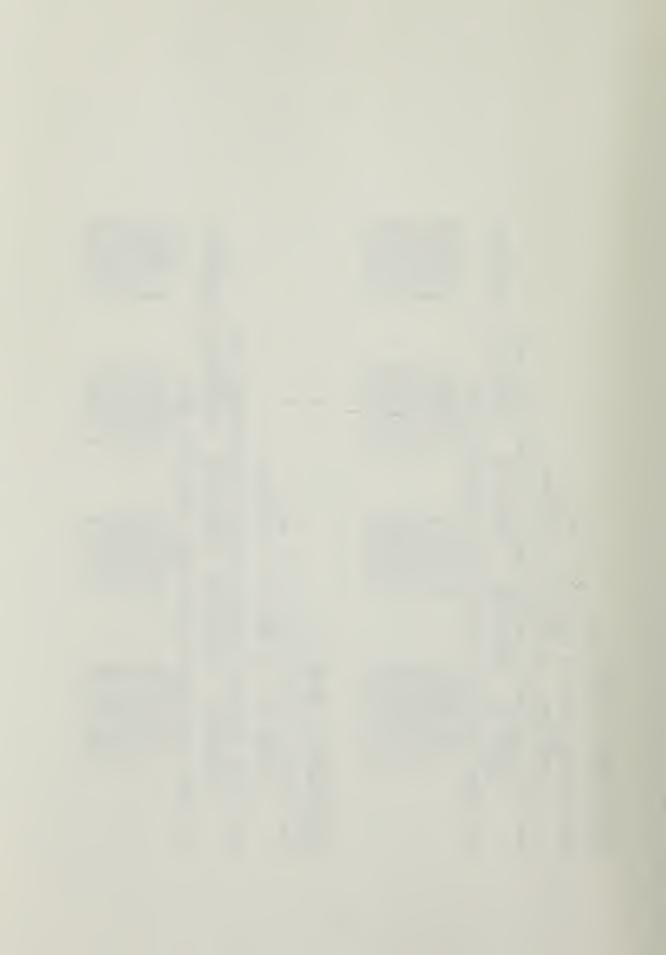
UDES ARE: YAW 15485E+00	ARE: CIM CIM CIM CIM CIM CO00000 641120 0.005962 68819 0.021567 73701 0.015381 19994 0.015381	UDES ARE: ROLL 6337E+00 .39726E+01	ARE: 67.331 6.000000 60456 69578 76432 68887 6.0120480 19753 6.017177
4 AGNITUDES ARE: 6N 61E+00 .29267E-01 ANSFER FUNCTION MAGNIT RATE ROLL RATE 35E+00 .45800E-02 .1	COEFFICIENT MAGNITLEES 0.663145 1.099314 1.228750 1.239710 0.993011 0.653064	4 AGNITUDES ARE: GR 08E+0C .29261E-01 ANSFER FUNCTION MAGNIT RATE ROLL RATE 74E+00 .54829E-02 .1	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUEES C.666369 1.104870 1.236292 1.249031 1.206339 1.008696 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.00000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0
CONTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = .70000E-0 THE FCRCING FUNCTION M .610C5E+00 .662 THE MCTION RESPONSE TR SIDESLIP .19516E+01 .109	THE FCRCE AND MONENT C 187-5000000 235-500000 312-5000000 510-5500000 605-559561	CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = 80CCOE-0 THE FCRCING FUNCTION P. .60954E+00 .662 THE MOTION RESPONSE TR	THE FORCE AND MOVENT OF STATION O



	.39642E+01	CTM 0.000000 0.016236 0.022344 0.022804 0.019269 0.019269		.39549E+01	0.00000 0.00000 0.000000 0.0000000 0.000000
-01	MAGNITUCES ARE: 17E ROLL -02 .17244E+00	GNITUDES ARE: CEM 0.243686 0.252369 0.20132 0.069783 0.219486 0.244206	.01	MAGNITUDES ARE: ATE ROLL -02 , 18194 E+00	TLCES ARE: 0.24517¢ 0.294426 0.204087 0.082520 0.070591 0.244129
-04 MAGNITUDES ARE: GN 6218E+00 .2925&E-	TRANSFER FUNCTION AM RATE ROLL RA 4003E+00 .64678E-	COEFFICIENT MAGNI CS 0.669578 1.111086 1.244714 1.259421 1.259421 1.259421 1.259421 1.259421 1.259421 1.259421 1.2700730	-03 MAGNITLDES ARE: 6229E+00 .29251E-	TRANSFER FUNCTION AN RATE ROLL RA 55236+60 .753746-	COEFFICIENT MACNIT C.673948 1.117921 1.253960 1.270804 1.233339 1.044790 0.727099
CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = .50CCOE- THE FCRCING FUNCTION I	THE MOTICN RESPONSE SIDESLIP Y 19503E+01 . 1	THE FCRCE AND MOMENT 16.5000000000000000000000000000000000000	CGNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER =.100000E THE FCRCING FUNCTION .60972E+00 .6	THE MCTICN RESPONSE SIDESLIP Y	THE FCRCE AND MCPENT 78-5000000000000000000000000000000000000



Y A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	.36207E+01	0.000001 0.000001 0.0041716 0.0049079 0.0056514
ES ARE:	NT MAGNITLES ARE: S CEM 7811 0.265368 0469 0.322141 8057 0.234921 2005 0.118367 7681 0.062189 1152 0.215064	ES ARE: -29137E-01 FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: ROLL RATE -45602E-01 .36288E+00	S ARE:  S ARE:  S ARE:  S ARE:  S ARE:  S ARE:  C BM  O . 288476  O . 268751  O . 353618  O . 353618  O . 152318  O . 152318
FCRCING FUNCTION PAGNITUDE GNUMBER = .200C0E-C3 FCRCING FUNCTION PAGNITUDE GNUMBER FCRCING FUNCTION PESPONSE TRANSFER FOR SIDESLIF SAN FATE	FCRCE ANC MCMENT COEFFICIE  157-5000000  235-5000000  314-0000000  352-5000000  1-42  510-250000  1-42  605-959561	FCRC ING FUNCTION MAGNITLD GN 34E+00 .66763E+00 MCT ION RESPONSE TRANSFER 15256E+01 .42633E+00	FORCE AND MOPENT COEFFICIE  157.000000 235.500000 314.000000 3510.2500000 1.51 1.51 605.559561 1.51
MAAV THE	THE	THE THE	T H E



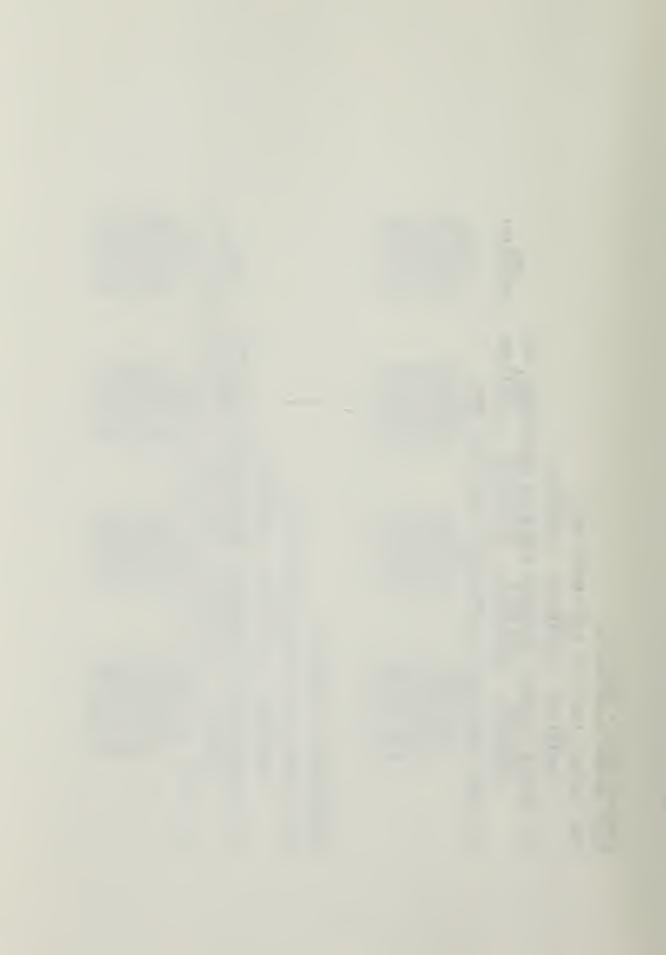
Y AW	CTM CTM CONSTAN CONSTA	.31634E+01	CTM 0.000002 0.023977 0.053408 0.053408 0.064909 0.016836
-01 ATEGN	ITLLES ARE: 0.307626 0.379664 0.276545 0.178739 0.105961 0.202849	-01 MAGNITUDES ARE: ATE . 52488E+00	GNITLEES ARE: 0.320029 0.356683 0.315360 0.156917 0.113992
AGNITLDES ARE: SN 45E+00 .29078 ANSFER FUNCTIC	COEFFICIENT M COEFFICIENT M CS 0.840595 1.403069 1.728057 1.728057 1.728057 1.728057 1.728057 1.728057	PAGNITUDES ARE: GA 7675E+CC .29020E- TRANSFER FUNCTIEN AL RATE ROLL R	COEFFICIENT MAGN 0.873510 1.458610 1.707350 1.889241 1.852855 1.683661
<u> </u>	E	CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = .50CCOE- THE FCRCING FUNCTION .60451E+00 .67 THE MCTICN RESPONSE	THE FCRCE AND MOMENT STATICA 157.000000 235.500000 352.500000 352.5000000 352.5000000 352.500000000000000000000000000000000000



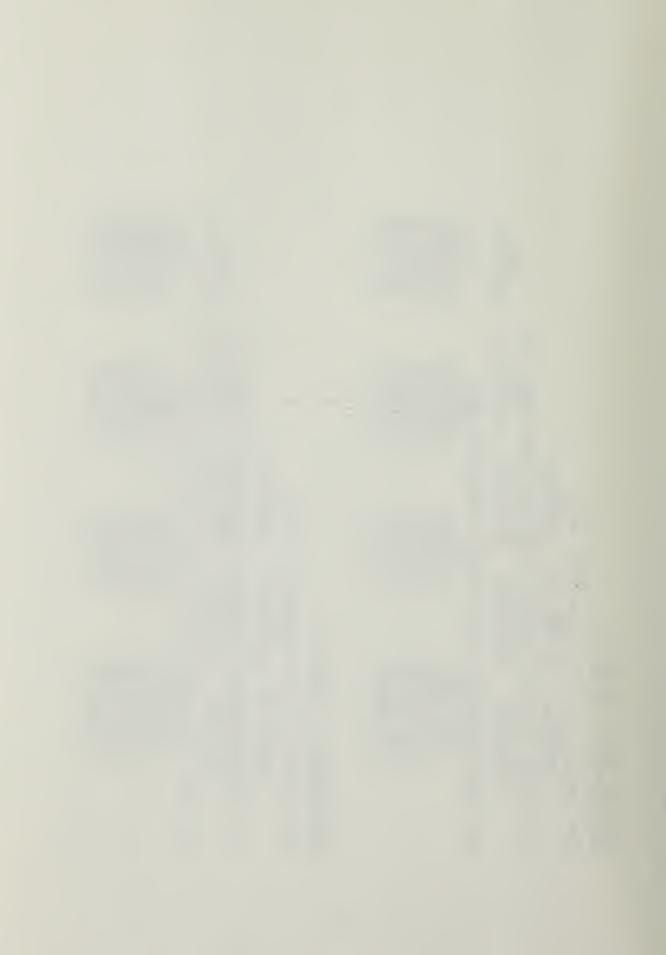
WAY WAY	C 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	YAW YAW .27423E+01	0.000006 0.024697 0.054483 0.057460 0.085158
MAGNITUDES ARE:	CCES ARE: 0.4025615 0.1025643 0.103294 0.10324 0.10324 0.10324 0.10324 0.10	-01 MAGNITUDES ARE: ATE ROLL +00 .60702E+00	ITUCES ARE: 0.325521 0.405048 0.328543 0.2132643 0.122217 0.184104 0.236359
AGNITUDES ARE:  SE+CC . 2896 FE  ANSFER FUNCTION  RATE	COEFFICIENT MAG C. 888033 C. 888033 I. 482316 I. 740728 I. 942540 I. 921973 I. 766445	PAGNITLDES ARE: GN 9521E+00 .28912E TRANSFER FUNCTION AL RATE ROLL R	COEFFICIENT MAGN C.887216 1.479346 1.739551 1.863228 1.951330 1.941836 1.798752
CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = .60CGOE-O. THE FCRCING FUNCTION M. .60375E+00 .686 THE MCTION RESPONSE TR	### AND ### AN	CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = .70CCGE THE FCRCING FUNCTION .60266E+00 .6° THE MCTION RESPONSE SIDESLIP .18478E+01 .7	THE FCRCE AND MCPENT STATICN 157-500000 235-500000 314-5000000 510-550000000000000000000000000



	YAW .25625E+01	0.00000 0.0024388 0.0043937 0.0043937 0.00413457 0.0086485		.24035E+01	0.000010 0.023789 0.053145 0.056866 0.076879 0.086654
20e-03 IGN MAGNITUDES ARE: .70527E+CC .28864E-01	AN RATE ROLL RATE ROLL O462E+00 .63402E+00	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUDES ARE:  C.874945 C.874945 I.456253 C.321186 I.713269 C.326251 I.836377 C.214491 I.926462 C.123539 I.793912 COEFFICIENT MAGNITUDES COEFFICIENT	-C3   MAGNITLDES ARE:   GN   16446+00   288216-01	TRANSFER FUNCTIC AN RAIE ROLL 4505E+00 .23233	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUDES ARE:  C.854832 C.854832 C.854832 C.854832 C.854832 C.854832 C.854832 C.854834 C.877569 C.123736 C.174014 C.1763109
CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = .800606 THE FCRCING FUNCTION .7	THE MOTION RESPONSE Y 18251E+01 .8	THE FORCE AND MOMENT 187-500000 225-500000 225-500000 314-000000 516-5500000	CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = 500000E THE FCRCING FUNCTION	CN RESPONSE IDESLIP 8015E+01	THE FCRCE AND MCPENT  18.150000  157.50000  235.50000  314.000000  510.550000  605.959561



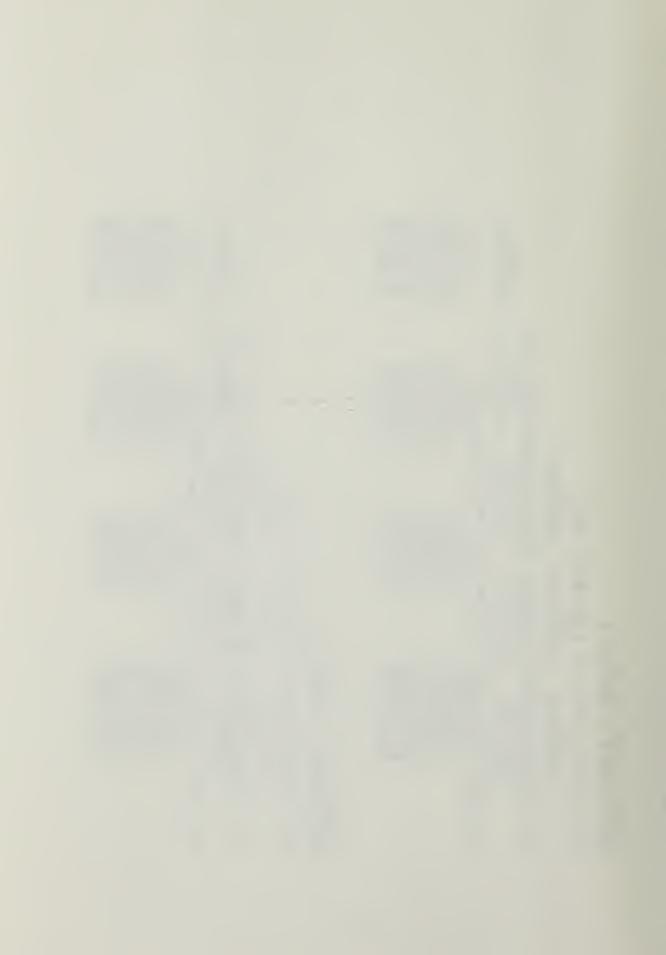
<b>∀</b>	00040000	YAW 14582E+01	2000000
CCOE-C2 TICN PAGNITLDES ARE: .72864E+00 .28783E-01 ASE TRANSFER FUNCTION PAGNITUDES A	E AND MCAENT COEFFICIENT MAGNITUCES ARE: CS 25 25 25 26 400	CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = .200000E-02  THE FORCING FUNCTION MAGNITLDES ARE: 60042E+00 .88883E+00 .28805E-01  THE MOTION RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: 12756401 .114476+01 .714476+01	E AND FOLENT COEFFICIENT MAGNITLLES ARE: STATICN 78.500000 0.586978 0.21671 0.24816 0.244674 0.1252 510.250000 1.073725 0.14573 0.14573



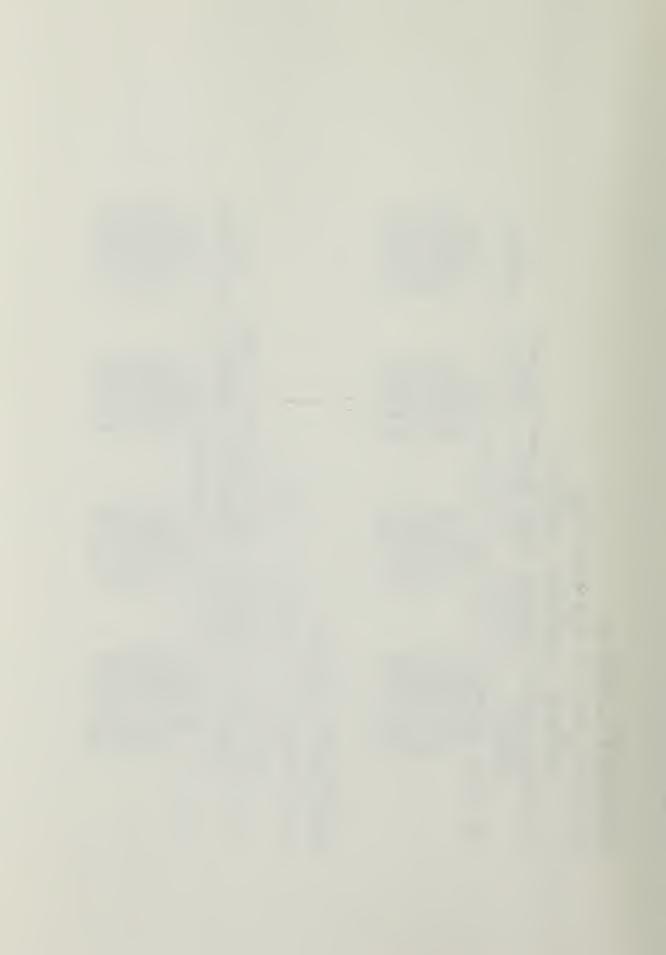
YAW 10212E+01	0.000200 0.005468 0.025085 0.055028 0.081781	YAW 400	0.0000491 0.006731 0.006731 0.127010 0.175656 0.175656
: 6E-01 CN MAGNITUDES ARE: RATE ROLL 7E+01 .11755E+01	MAGNITUCES ARE: 6 0.184123 8 0.165723 2 0.125322 7 0.151987	E-01 N MAGNITUDES ARE: RATE F+01 . 16211E+01	GNITLEES ARE: 0.160260 0.052671 0.081765 0.169587 0.221642 0.186965
AGNITUDES ARE SN SOE+01 .2960 ANSFER FUNCTI RATE RATE RALL RATE RALL RATE	COEFFICIENT MAC CS 0.538568 0.538568 0.367343 0.419372 0.6899627 1.358668	PAGNITUDES ARE: GN 2258E+01 .30915 TRANSFER FUNCTIC	COEFFICIENT MAC CS 0.292965 0.292965 0.240585 0.836513 1.437812 2.141464 2.478434
CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = 300C0E-C2 THE FCRCING FUNCTION PA .61712E+00 .1070 THE MCTICN RESPONSE TRA SIDESLIP .1202	THE FCRCE AND WCPENT 18-5000000000000000000000000000000000000	CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = .400COE THE FORCING FUNCTION .6444EE+CO .13 THE MCTION RESPONSE SIDESLIP .67565E+OO .1	THE FCRCE AND MOPENT 18100000000000000000000000000000000000



YAW 34576F+00	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	.30372E+00	0.002081 0.002081 0.155554 0.240635 0.346855 0.346855 0.34685
GNITLDES ARE:  OE+01 .32267E-01  NSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: RATE ROLL RATE ROLL FF.C. 43425F+01	FFICIENT MAGNITUCES ARE:  CS	GNITUDES ARE:  SE+01 .3320&E-01  NSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE:  RATE ROLL RATE  FATE ROLL  5E+00 .72023E+01 .30592E+01 .	EFFICIENT MAGNITLEES ARE:  CS 0.184072 0.778218 0.250753 1.826513 0.250753 3.118036 0.718689 6.445200 0.355100 7.238190 0.165356
CONTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = .500C0E-02 THE FORCING FUNCTION PAGE .67258E+00 .1331 THE MCTION RESPONSE TRAI	E STATION TO STATION T	CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.60000E-02  THE FCRCING FUNCTION MA 69215E+00 .1372  THE MOTION RESPONSE TRA SIDE SLIP 38654E+00 .7152	THE FCRCE AND MOMENT CO. 157-5000000 235-500000 3352-500000 510-2500000 605-559561



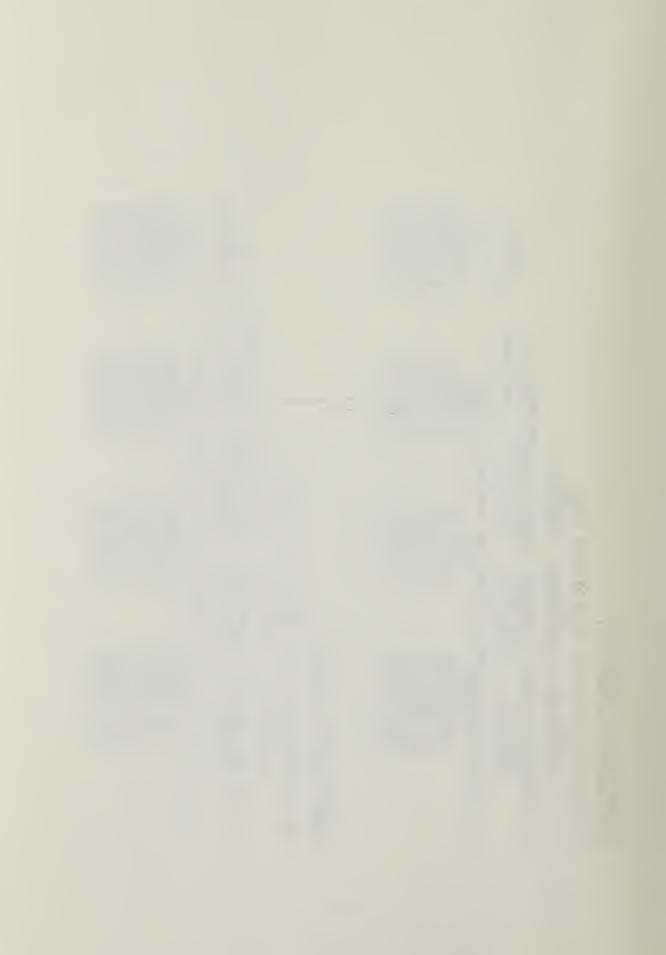
	YAW . 76104E+00	0.004162 0.026533 0.097797 0.197820 0.321883 0.541721			YAW .16222E+01	0.008521 0.008521 0.1236940 0.2577860 0.8199685
-01	ATE ROLL +02 .44961E+01	CNITLEES ARE: 0.438929 0.736564 1.172613 1.457283 1.457262 0.614341 0.558990		-01	ATE ROLL ARE:	GNITLEES ARE: 1.305918 1.305918 1.840727 2.571503 3.136181 3.1250183 1.250183
GNITLDES ARE: 5N 17E+01 .33444	AND RATE ROLL ROLL R 0505E+01 .12345E	COEFFICIENT PAGN CS 1-149822 2-162449 3-621204 5-498711 7-808969 10-938520 12-396368	-02	MAGNITUDES ARE: GN 25926+01 .328726	TRANSFER FUNCTION AM RATE ROLL R 0536E+01 .22118E	COEFFICIENT MAGN 2-452179 5-377102 7-396248 10-074638 13-690218 15-039459 21-936630
NIRCL GAIN = 0.20 VE NUMBER = 700006 E FORCING FUNCTION .697126+00 .1	SIDESLIP Y	HE FORCE AND MOPENT 78-500000 225-500000 314-500000 510-2500000	CNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 AVE NUMBER =.80000E	HE FCRCING FUNCTION GY . 1.	HE MOTICN RESPONSE Y SIDE SLIP Y . 227786+01 .5	HE FCRCE AND MOPENT 76-5C0CC0 235-500CC0 314-0C0CC0 352-5C0CC0 362-5C0CC0 51C-55C0C0 6C5-559561



	YAW 16470E+01	CIM 0.009247 0.040418 0.121645 0.328918 0.645486 1.11805	Y AW 89803E+00	CIM 0.005662 0.036617 0.093290 0.180272 0.181123 0.282001
-01	MAGNITUDES ARE: ATE ROLL +02 . 60459E+01	ITLCES ARE: 1.719222 2.5279095 2.532747 3.427219 1.439411	-01 MAGNITUDES ARE: ATE ROLL +02 .29989E+01	ITUDES ARE: CBM 1.167065 1.532093 1.868261 2.041378 0.547996 1.013124
-02 MAGNITUDES ARE: 11886+C1 .31543E	RANSFER FUNCTION RATE ROLL R 179E+01 .21336E	COEFFICIENT MAGNITU 4.577765 4.577765 6.748293 8.234304 10.067587 17.369659 20.566772	PAGNITUDES ARE: 60 4575E+CC .29635E TRANSFER FUNCTION AW RATE 5247E+01 .11758E	COEFFICIENT MAGNI 3-132074 4-656887 5-339117 6-727462 6-72783 6-673275 10-728956
CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER =.90000E- THE FCRCING FUNCTION	CN RESFONSE 1DESLIP 2280E+01 .5	THE FCRCE AND MONEY 18-500000 235-500000 1914-000000 510-5500000 510-5500000	CCNIRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = 10.20E- THE FCRCING FUNCTION .61780E+00 .94 THE MOTICN RESPONSE THE MOTICN RESPONSE 1	THE FCRCE AND MORENTALION 157-500000000000000000000000000000000000



<	178E+0 C1M -00210	0.112517 0.104482 0.028231 0.088081 0.071413		, 39393E-01	0.001601 0.0070025 0.0080930 0.052577 0.165876 0.065140
EE-01 CN MAGNITUDES	. 27832 S ARE: CEM . 43584	0.945259 0.657150 0.657150 0.9657150 0.9657150 0.965721	: 3E-02	CN MACNITUDES ARE: RATE ROLL 1E+01 .94253E-01	GNITUEES ARE: 0.250370 0.102953 0.519041 0.584548 0.554563
GNITUDES ARE 2E+CC .1406 NSFER FUNCTI	7746E+60 .21 COEFFICIENT	1.15257 1.03769 0.37227 1.61653 2.86101 2.18535 1.715155	-01 PAGNITUDES ARE GA 4178E+CC .5258	AM RATE ROLL ROLL 6384E+00 .1108	COEFFICIENT MACCS C.748360 C.812885 1.730423 1.728717 C.488448 2.383591 0.715155
GAIN = 0. EER = .200 ING FUNCT 6315E+00 CN RESPEN	HE FCRCING FUNCTION . 88  . 25315E+00 . 88  HE MCTICN RESPENSE T . 16034E+00 . 87  HE FORCE AND MOVENT . 87  157-0000000 235-500000000000000000000000000000000000	CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = 30000E THE FCRCING FUNCTION	THE MOTICN RESPONSE  SIDESLIP  TITTABE-01 .4	THE FURCE AND WORENT 1987 1987 1987 1987 1987 1987 1987 1987	



Y AW 18693E-01	0.001338 0.001338 0.0075660 0.0074600 0.050662 0.0278990	.98739E-02	0.001106 0.056533 0.096728 0.063408 0.058971 0.049124
20 COE-CI IGN MAGNITUDES ARE: .63635E+CO .11734E-O1 SE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: YAM RATE ROLL RATE ROLL	CONTINUES ARE:  CN COEFFICIENT MAGNITUDES ARE:  CN CO	CCCE-01  IICN MAGNITLDES ARE: 52671E+00 .17374E-01  NSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: 15377E+CC .45932E+00 .23442E-01	Chent Coefficient Magnituces Are:  CCS
CCNTRCL GAIN = 0. WAVE NUMBER = .40C  THE FCRCING FUNCT .2445E+00  THE MOTICN RESPON	M	CCNTRCL GAIN = 00 WAVE NUMBER = .50  THE FCRCING FLNC GY FLNC	THE FCRCE AND 157-0000 235-5-0000 235-5-5-0000 255-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5-5



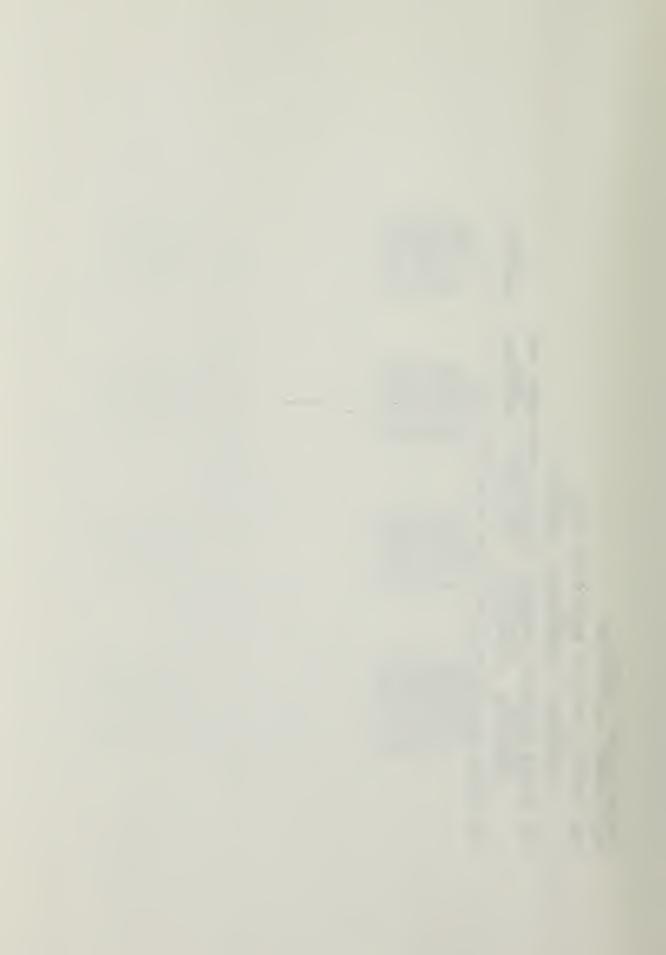
•	58151E-02 0.000921 0.079754 0.079754 0.033967	.35315E-02	0.000721 0.037318 0.079496 0.107676 0.116080 0.090895
-01 MAGNITUDES	11 ULES ARE 00.22/29 00.22/20 00.22/29 00.22/20 00.22/20 00.22/20 00.22/20 00.22/20 00.22/20	-01 MACNITUDES ARE: ATE ROLL +0C .77927E-02	GNITLEES ARE: 0.236757 0.221562 0.249585 0.331336 0.2472040 0.2772040 0.2772040
-01 FACNITUDES ARE: 5648E+00 .24634E IRANSFER FUNCTION	COEFFICIENT MA COEFFICIENT MA 0.643571 1.160521 1.1550056 1.165030 1.010427 0.337443	PAGNITUDES ARE: GA 9145E+0C .31577E TFANSFER FUNCTION AM RATE ROLL R	COEFFICIENT MAGN 0.672918 1.041965 1.340253 1.334963 C.910286
h = 0.20 =,60000 FUNCTIC 7E+00 .		CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = .700006 THE FCRCING FUNCTION .65821E+00 .3 THE PCTION RESPONSE SIDESLIP .22010E-01 .9	THE FCRCE AND MOMENT 157-000000 235-500000 314-000000 510-5500000



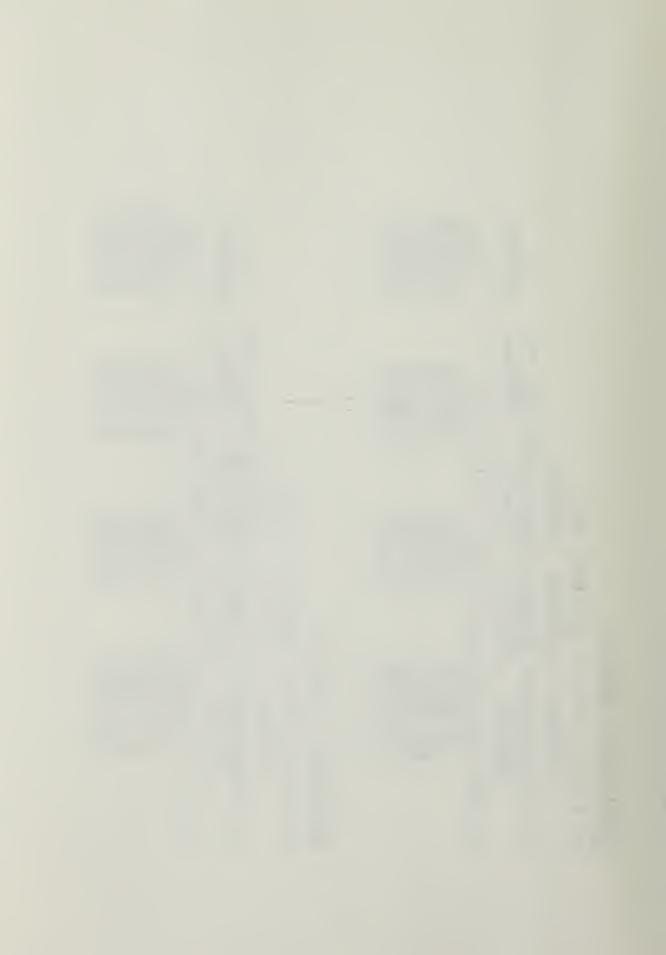
	.27161E-02	0.00672 0.016939 0.014292 0.007460 0.157102		.28092E-02	0.000834 0.028224 0.0732297 0.107678 0.097379 0.054539
-01	ATE ROLL +0C .55645E-02	O.255827 0.255827 0.231112 0.271900 0.333952 0.174401 0.109369		MAGNITUCES ARE: ATE ROLL +00 .54571E-02	GNITUGES ARE: 0.286531 0.444614 0.497728 0.438384 0.438384 0.154907
-01 PAGNITUDES ARE: GA 04246+00 .33632E	TFANSFER FUNCTION AN RATE ROLL R 5286E-01 .17442E	COEFFICIENT MAGNITU CS 0.710734 1.119813 1.157440 1.079324 C.967588 2.056246 1.063324	O1 PAGNITUDES ARE:	NSFER FUNCTI RATE ROLL 4E-01 .1924	COEFFICIENT MAGN C.368450 1.375266 1.737722 1.737990 1.406926 2.505047
CCNTRCL GAIN = 0.20 WAVE NUMBER = .800COE-0 THE FCRCING FUNCTION P.	THE MCTICN RESPONSE Y SIGESLIP Y 20873E-01 .8	THE FCRCE AND MOVENT 18-5-00000000000000000000000000000000000	GAIN = 0.20 BER = .500COE ING FUNCTION	SE SPONSE Y SE IP 99	THE FORCE AND MOVENT 1157-1000000 2255-5000000 352-5000000 510-250000000000000000000000000000000000



```
CTM
0.001331
0.054202
0.100733
0.082167
0.086716
                               .36635E-02
                          FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE ROLL RATE 276416+00 .705596-02
                                                   31310
                                          000000
                                          MAGNITLEES
           S ARE:
61
,58506E-01
                                           FCRCING FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARI
GY
12155E+01 .85951E+CG .585
                                          COEFFICE
                          YAN RATE
14379E+00
CCNIRCL GAIN = 0.20
WAVE NUMBER = 10000000
                                          SE
                          MCTICN RESPONSING SIDESLIP
                                                        よろうろうら
                                           FORCE
           THE
                                           THE
                           THE
```



Α Υ Ο Ο Ο Α Η Η Η Η Η Η Η Η Η Η Η Η Η Η Η Η	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	. 80099E+00	CTM 0.000000 0.015527 0.018942 0.014724 0.019149
ARE: 6L 92966-01 CTICN FAGNITUDES ARE: 016 RATE 1,2386-00	MACNITULES ARE: 7 7 0.237151 0.283293 5 0.151128 6 0.063660 0.065660 0.220889 4	ARE: 61 92916-01 CTICN MAGNITUDES ARE: 0LL RATE 83556-03 .122336+00	AA CNITLEES ARE:  COM CON 0.237127 68 0.283263 00 0.283263 65 0.063822 63 0.065872 47 0.220851
PAGNITLDES GN TLDES 61856+00 .2 TRANSFER FUN	COEFFICIENT CS 0.6525 1.0810 1.2038 1.1557 1.1557 0.9393	-04 MAGNITLDES GN 6184E+00 .2 TRANSFER FUN AL RATE 2877E-02 .9	1 COEFFICIENT 0 65255 1 08099 1 2037 1 1556 0 9393 0 5707
FCRCING FUNC FCRCING FUNC 61066E+00 MOTICN RESPO	### ### ##############################	TRCL GAIN = 1.00 E NUMBER = .200000 FORCING FUNCTIC GY .61056E+CO . MOTION RESPONSE SIDESLIP	FORCE AND MOREN ASSESSED ASSES
MAAV THE	THE	C ON THE	THE



	.80103E+00	CTM 0.000000 0.015526 0.020294 0.014744 0.001696		. 80110E+00	0.000000 0.015524 0.0165295 0.0018955 0.0002247
	RATE ROLL ROLL E-02 .12242 E+00	MAGNITUCES ARE: 0.237113 2.0.283245 3.0.191114 6.0.065817 1.0.220812	E-0 1	RATE ROLL ROLL E-02 .12255E+00	GNITLEES ARE: 0.237108 0.283236 0.191126 0.063958 0.065737 0.220771
-04 FAGNITLDES ARE: GN 61846+00 299876	TRANSFER FUNCTIC AN RATE ROLL 4321E-02 .14764	COEFFICIENT MAGINGS C.652479 1.080882 1.203603 1.208486 1.155644 0.939501 0.571319	-04 MAGNITLDES ARE: GN 6186E+00 .29282	TRANSFER FUNCTIC AL RATE ROLL 2577E-C1 . 19705	COEFFICIENT MAGI CS 0.652464 1.060831 1.203547 1.203547 1.155696 0.939781 0.572125
CONTRCL GAIN = 1.00 WAVE NUMBER = .30CCOE. THE FCRCING FUNCTION	CN RESPONSE IDESLIP 95356+01 .9	THE FCRCE AND MOPENT 17 TICN 157 TICN 225 FC0 C00 255 FC0 C00 C00 255 FC0 C00 C00 255 FC0 FC0 C00 FC0 FC0 FC0 FC0 FC0 FC0 FC0	CONTROL GAIN = 1,000 EWAVE NUMBER = 400000E	THE MOTICN RESPONSE SIDESLIP Y 195316+01 .1	THE FORCE AND MOPENT 18-5000000000000000000000000000000000000



		. 80118E+00	C1M 0.000000 0.015523 0.020296 0.018966 0.002800	.80129E+00	CT C
	: 	RATE ROLL ROLL F-02 .12271E+00	AAGNITUDES ARE:  2 00.237112 1 00.283238 7 00.064066 4 00.065790 3 00.220727 7 00.244521	E-01 N MAGNITUDES ARE: RATE ROLL RE-02 .12292E+00	GNITUEES ARE: CRM 0.237125 0.283250 0.191184 0.065856 0.220682 0.244474
-04	MAGNITUDES ARE	TRANSFER FUNCTIC AW RATE 5723E-01 .24664	COEFFICIENT MAC 0.652472 1.080811 1.203527 1.208468 1.155814 0.940183 C.573187	PAGNITLDES ARE: GN 6194E+00 .29272 TRANSFER FUNCTIC AN RATE ROLL E870E-01 .29645	COEFFICIENT MAC CSS 0.652505 1.203547 1.208626 1.156001 0.940710
CONTRCL GAIN = 1.00 WAVE NUMBER =.50CCOE-	THE FCRCING FUNCTION .6	THE MOTICN RESPONSE SIDESLIP Y 19526E+01 .1	THE FORCE AND MOVENT 76-500000 225-500000 314-000000 510-250000	CCNTRCL GAIN = 1:00 WAVE NUMBER = 6:00 COE THE FCRCING FUNCTION 6:1015 E+00 6 SIDE SLIF 15521E+01 1	THE FORCE ANE MOPENT STATICN 78.5C00C0 225.500C0 33.52.5C0C0 600 510.250000 600 605.959561



		.80143E+00	0.00000 0.015523 0.020303 0.014919 0.003906 0.003906 0.003906			.80158E+00	0.00000 0.015523 0.020308 0.019020 0.014986 0.024458
	-01	ATE ROLL ARE: -02 .12316E+00	AGNITLEES ARE: 0.237148 0.283273 0.191232 0.064358 0.065936 0.220634 0.24425		-01	ATE ROLL ARE:	GNITUDES ARE: 0.237178 0.23304 0.283304 0.151289 0.064541 0.220583 0.224374
<b>7</b>	MAGNITUDES ARE: GN 6201E+00 .29267E-	AR RATE ROLL RA 2019E-01 .34653E-	COEFFICIENT MAGNI 0.652563 1.080874 1.208636 1.208636 1.156256 0.941358 0.576067	-04	MAGNITUDES ARE: GA 6208E+00 .29261E-	AM RATE ROLL RASIGNES 169E-01 .39692E-	COEFFICIENT MAGNI 0.652642 1.080952 1.203695 1.208783 1.156572 0.942124
CNTRCL GAIN = 1.00 AVE NUMBER = .70000E	THE FERCING FUNCTION 64	THE MCTION RESPONSE Y	THE FCRCE AND MONENT 157-900000 235-500000 314-000000 600000 600000000000000000000000	CCNIRCL GAIN = 1.00 WAVE NUMBER =.80CC0E-	THE FCRCING FUNCTION .60	THE MOTION RESPONSE SIDESLIP . 24	THE FCRCE AND MOMENT  STATICA  16.500000  235.500000  314.000000  352.500000  510.250000



4	. 80175 0.00000 0.015523 0.015523 0.015061 0.015061 0.015061	. 80196E+00	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
E: GL 56E-01 ICN MAGNITUDES	AGNITULES ARE 0.2372 0.2372 0.2833 0.1913 0.0647 0.2265 0.2265	16: 66. 2516-01 11CN MAGNITUDES ARE: 12876-02 .124126+00	AGNITUDES ARE: 0.237266 0.283398 0.191441 0.066254 0.220475
E-04 N MAGNITUDES AR 66218E+CO .292 TRANSFER FUNCT	322E-01 .44 COEFFICIENT 0.65274 1.20382 1.20897 1.208997 1.208997 0.94300	E-03 N MAGNITUDES AR 66225E+CO .292 TRANSFER FUNCT YAW RATE ROL	T COEFFICIENT M  CS 0.652873  1.081205  1.203990  1.209214  1.157404  C.944012  0.5822099
CCNTRCL GAIN = 1.000 WAVE NUMBER = .90000E THE FCRCING FUNCTION .60583E+00 .6 THE MOTICN RESPONSE		CCNTRCL GAIN = 1.00 WAVE NUMBER = 100C06- THE FCRCING FUNCTION .60572E+00 .6 THE MOTICN RESPONSE THE MOTICN RESPONSE	HE FORCE AND MONEY TO THE PORCE AND MONEY TO THE PORCE OF



, 80514E+00	CIM 0.000000 0.015546 0.015546 0.01163933 0.01163933 0.0110003	₩ ₩ ₩	NHHNNHOU 0
AIN = 1.00 4G FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: 6Y 355E+00 .66422E+00 .29195E-01 N RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: DESLIP YAR RATE ROLL RATE ROLL 885E+01 .63203E-01 .10407E-01 .12961E+00 .	AND MOPENT COEFFICIENT MAGNITUCES ARE:  STATICA  TE.5COCCO  1.084228 0.238192 157.000000 1.20438 0.184409 1.213758 0.192826 1.213758 0.068485 314.000000 1.165116 0.068099 510.250000 0.519805 605.559561	IN = 1.00  R = .30 CCOE - C3  C FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: GY 34E+00 .66763E+00 .29137E-01  RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: ESLIP	AND MOVENT COEFFICIENT MACNITUCES ARE:  78.5C0000 1.089580 0.239786 157.0C0000 1.089580 0.236146 0.236146 1.213438 0.195057 1.221411 0.0070917 510.250C00 0.984723 0.242840
CONTRCL GAMANA NAME NUMBITHE FCRCINTHE FCRCINTHE SOUTH SIE	THE FORCE	CCNTRCL GA WAVE NUMBE THE FCRCIN .607	



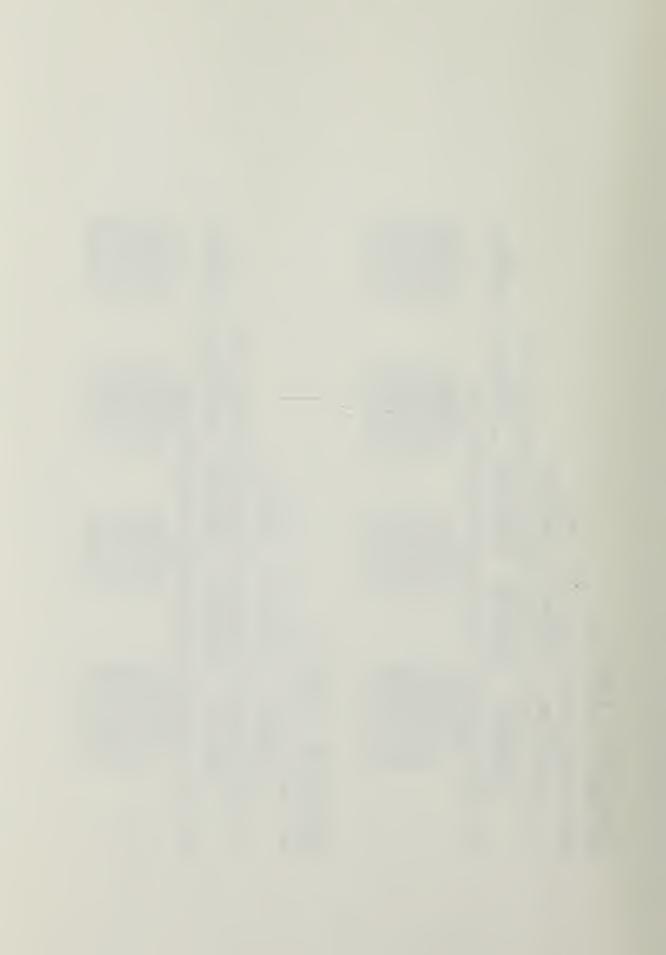
	.81705E+00	0.00000 0.015634 0.021009 0.021389 0.031689			.82506E+00	0.000001 0.015668 0.021144 0.021921 0.026546 0.036769
-01	MAGNITUDES ARE: ATE ROLL -01 .14936E+00	17 UCES ARE: 0.241812 0.248312 0.157788 0.079556 0.074354 0.217840		-01	ATE ROLL ROLL -01 .16253E+00	GNITUDES ARE: 0.244010 0.250583 0.200653 0.0085651 0.018059 0.216585
GNITUDES ARE: NEFC .29078E NSFER FUNCTION RATE RCLL R RATE RCLL R 8E+00 .23921E	TRANSFER FUNCTION AW RATE RCLL R 2828E+00 .23921E	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUE C.664992 1.096274 1.220762 1.230692 1.192676 1.014871 0.725697	-03	6 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	COEFFICIENT MAGN CS CS C	
CONTRCL GAIN = 1.00 E-03 WAVE NUMBER = 40000E-03 THE FCRCING FUNCTION MA 6 124	THE MCTION RESPONSE SIDE SLIP Y 19002E+01 .1	THE FORCE AND MOPENT 18.500000 235.500000 235.500000 314.500000 510.250000 510.559.60	CCNTRCL GAIN = 1.00 WAVE NUMBER =.50CCOE	THE FERCING FUNCTION .6	THE MOTICN RESPONSE Y SIDESLIP Y 187446+01 .1	THE FORCE AND MOFENT STATICN 78-5000000 2255-5000000 3525-50000000000000000000000000000000000



	, 83386E+00	0.002030 0.002030 0.002030 0.002030 0.002030 0.002030 0.0020303 0.0020303			YAK. 84303E+00	0.000002 0.015645 0.0215836 0.023767 0.034715
3 AGNITUDES ARE: GN 35E+OC .28965E-01	.42495E-01 .17739E+00	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUCES ARE:  CS CBM 0.676571 0.246143 1.109435 0.292660 1.234082 0.203316 1.222612 0.081735 1.078109 0.215178 0.845046 0.239721	GNITUDES ARE	6N 521E+00 .28912E-01	RANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: RATE ROLL RATE ROLL 162E+00 .54096E-01 .19378E+00	COEFFICIENT MAGNITLES ARE: C581585 C.681585 1.114085 1.237824 1.233947 1.233947 0.085158 1.106068 0.213641
GAIN = 1.00 EER = .60000E ING FUNCTION 0375E+00 .6	SIDESTIP 18452E+01	THE FCRCE AND MOMENT 78-500000 157-0000000 2345-5000000 352-5000000 510-2500000 605-55000000000000000000000000000		.60266E+00 .69	THE MCTICN RESPONSE T SIDESLIF 181356+01 .23	THE FCRCE AND MOVENT 18157-000000000000000000000000000000000000



YAW .85215E+00	0.00003 0.0015570 0.00291647 0.00391645 0.00391645 0.00391645	YAK .86086E+00	0.000004 0.0015445 0.021697 0.025196 0.052196 0.052378
ARE: 61 8864E-01 CTICN MAGNITUDES ARE: 011 RATE ROLL 7443E-01 .21164E+00	MAGNITUCES ARE:  1 0.249501 1 0.255337 5 0.207054 0 0.100690 0 0.211994	ARE: 8821E-01 CTICN MAGNITUGES ARE: 0LL RATE ROLL 2722E-01 .23099E+00	MACNITUCES ARE: 6 0.250518 6 0.295673 6 0.207838 0.103967 6 0.210251 6 0.236081
SAGNITUDES STE+00 .2 ANSFER FUN RATE R	T COEFFICIENT CS 0.68555 1.11661 1.25478 1.25478 1.129446 0.54541	-03 PAGNITUDES 1644E+00 .2 TRANSFER FUN AL RATE 0410E+0C .8	T COEFFICIENT C-68826 I-11668 I-23596 I-2559 I-25259 I-24417 I-14758 O-98530
CCNTRCL GAIN = 1.00 hAVE NUMBER = 80GC0E-03 THE FCRCING FUNCTION M 60166+00 .7052 THE MOTICN RESPONSE TRA SIDESLIP YAW 177596+01 .2675	THE FORCE AND INTERNATION 1235-500000000000000000000000000000000000	CCNTRCL GAIN = 1.00 WAVE NUMBER = .50cC0E. THE FCRCING FUNCTION .60075E+00 .7 THE MCTICN RESPONSE. SIDESLIF .17451E+01 .30	THE FCRCE AND MONEY THE FC



YAW 86884E+00	0.000005 0.015273 0.021693 0.026315 0.033197 0.045923	. 87579E+00	CIM 0.000041 0.012100 0.022943 0.038534 0.056385
E-01 N MAGNITUDES ARE: RATE E+00 .25189E+00	MAGNITLEES ARE:  8 0.251043 2 0.255275 3 0.205233 6 0.06289 1 0.2368427 7 0.234864	E-01 N MAGNITUDES ARE: RATE E+00 .54589E+00	GNITLES ARE: 0.238788 0.262610 0.174078 0.050419 0.050308 0.188221 0.223255
2 AGNITUDES ARE: 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	COEFFICIENT COEFFICIENT C-68965 1-1141919 1-22981 1-24633 1-24633 1-24633 1-24633 1-16028	MAGNITUDES ARE: GN 8883E+CO .28805 TRANSFER FUNCTIC AW RATE ROLL 8749E+00 .43080	COEFFICIENT MAG 0.656477 0.988779 1.0226686 1.027488 1.062360 1.123013 1.149684
CGNTRCL GAIN = 1.000E-0 WAVE NUMBER = 10000E-0 THE FCRCING FUNCTION N . 55557E+00 .728 THE MCTICN RESPONSE TR	THE FORCE AND MOPENT 18-5000000000000000000000000000000000000	CCNTRCL GAIN = 1.00 WAVE NUMBER = .20CCOE THE FCRCING FUNCTION .60042E+00 .8 THE MOTICN RESPONSE .13542E+C1 .6	THE FCRCE AND MOMENT 18-500000 157-000000 225-500000 314-000000 516-250000 605-559561



MAY OVE	2269241 1 0001000 0001000	. 53919E+00	0.000445 0.012275 0.0900447 0.1318647 0.131892 0.180129
E-01 RATAGN	TULES ARE: 0.221343 0.212946 0.100341 0.100341 0.176511	E-01 N MAGNITUDES ARE: RATE E+01 .14714E+01	GNITUDES ARE:  0.194994 0.150004 0.058770 0.181964 0.15134
PAGNITUDES ARE: GN OTGOE+01 .29606 TRANSFER FUNCTIC	COEFFICIENT 0-60918 0-75082 0-75082 0-75082 1-33245 1-50271	-02  MAGNITUDES ARE: GA 2258E+01 .30919 TRANSFER FUNCTIC AW RATE ROLL 4652E+00 .23124	COEFFICIENT MAGING CS 539106 0.602973 0.586367 0.988963 1.528344 2.178324 2.46343434
CONTRCL GAIN = 1.000 - 0.2  THE FCRCING FUNCTION MA  .61712E+00 .1076  THE MCTICN RESPONSE TRA  SIDE SLIP	### AND ################################	CCNTRCL GAIN = 1.00 WAVE NUMBER = .40CCOE-0. THE FCRCING FUNCTION P. 64446E+00 .122 THE MOTION RESPONSE TRA	THE FCRCE AND MOVENT 187-500000 235-500000 314-5000000 510-2500000 605-5500000



.30389E+00	0.001004 0.0015405 0.015405 0.118708 0.252619	.28242E+00	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
FCRCING FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE:  6725E+00 .13310E+01 .32267E-01  MOTION RESFONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE:  5165LIP YAM RATE ROLL RATE ROLL  522627E+00 .59599E+00 .41715E+01 .21251E+01 .	E FURCE AND MOMENT COFFICIENT MAGNITUGES ARE: 78-560600 157-000000 0.364403 0.128290 0.36453 235.500000 0.364024 0.15839 314-000000 0.3683288 0.36857 516.250000 3.687246 0.240926 605.959561	FCRCING FUNCTION PAGNITUDES ARE:  6 9215E+00 .13729E+01 .33206E-01  MCTION RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE:  5 32372E+00 .66510E+00 .7211CE+01 .30628E+01 .	E FCRCE ANE MCPENT COEFFICIENT MAGNITUCES ARE:  78-500000 157-000000 0-619974 0-225-50000 2-899204 0-479715 510-250000 6-161600 0-347508 605-959561 6-947445
THE THE	TH.	C C C N T H E	Ŧ



.74601E+00	CIM 0.004337 0.021714 0.088807 0.183479 0.303272 0.518561	15898E+01	0.008790 0.029149 0.112733 0.230361 0.391142 0.752460
: 4E-01 CN MAGNITUCES ARE: RATE SE+02 .46851E+01	GNITUDES ARE: 0.415664 0.705057 1.139604 1.463585 1.463585 0.613297	: 2E-01 Ch MAGNITUDES ARE: RATE ROLL 8E+02 .72727E+01	GNITUCES ARE: 1.288068 1.288068 2.503336 3.034832 3.014273 1.230213 1.346717
2 AGNITUDES ARE GN 77E+C1 .3344 ANSFER FUNCTI RATE 96E+01 .1286	COEFFICIENT MAC 1.078175 2.011559 2.432062 5.265799 7.539106 10.656343 12.141193	PAGNITUDES ARE GN 2592E+01 .3287 TRANSFER FUNCTI	COEFFICIENT MA( CS 3.398520 5.237886 7.127623 9.602432 12.984966 11.118134 21.009048
CGNTRCL GAIN = 1000-0 WAVE NUMBER = 700000-0 THE FCRCING FUNCTION P. 657126+00 134 THE MOTICN RESPONSE TR	THE FORCE AND MOMENT 18.1 TO 00000000000000000000000000000000000	CGNTRCL GAIN = 1.00 WAVE NUMBER = .80 CCOE THE FCRCING FUNCTION .68519E+00 .1 THE MCTICN RESPONSE SIDESLIF 21452E+01 .4	THE FORCE AND MCPENT 18-14-1000000000000000000000000000000000



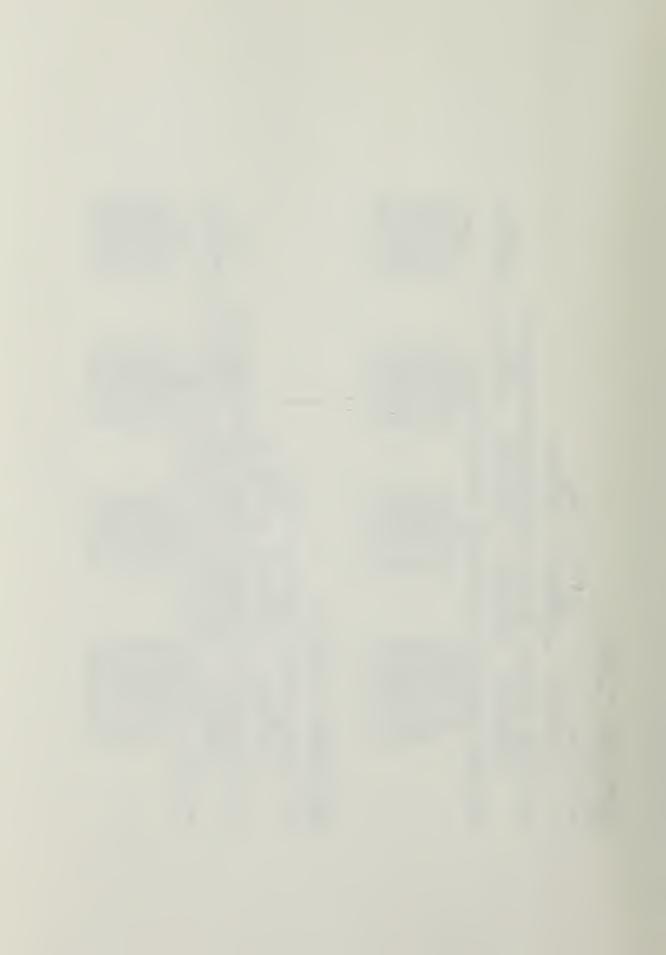
YAK+01	0.000820 0.000820 0.1002453 0.18200 0.258819 0.498819 0.498819	. 78021E+00	0.0005113 0.0005113 0.0005463 0.162331 0.216180 0.216180
5: 53E-01 1CN MAGNI TUDES ARE: 75E+02 53626E+01	MAGNITUCES ARE:  1. 480221  1. 480221  2. 478195  2. 860790  2. 824291  1. 223981	E: GL 3\$E-01 ICN MAGNITUDES ARE: LRATE ROLL 17E+02 .27078E+01	AGNITUEES ARE: 1.029070 1.347707 1.419152 1.737737 1.734595 0.825724 0.868258
-02 PAGNITLDES ARE 1188E+01 .3154 TRANSFER FUNCTI AN RATE \$385E+C1 .1892	COEFFICIENT 3-94203 5-79183 5-97236 8-35236 10-38728 14-05428	PAGNITLDES AR GN 4575E+0C .296 TRANSFER FUNCT AL RATE ROL	COEFFICIENT MA 2.764446 4.115517 4.671564 5.085283 7.039822 F.828053
CONTRCL GAIN = 1.CO = CONTRCL GAIN = .50CCOE = CONTRC FUNCTION NOT THE FCRCING FUNCTION NOT THE MCTICN RESPONSE TRESTOR SIDESLIF .453	THE FORCE AND STATICUS 235.500000000000000000000000000000000000	CONTROL GAIN = 1.000 E- MAVE NUMBER = .10000 E- THE FCRCING FUNCTION . 61786 E+00 .94	THE FORCE AND MOLENT 157-600000 235-500000 314-600000 510-250000 605-559561



	. 10874E+00	0.0020 0.1045517 0.10465517 0.027104 0.089759		YAW .38920E-01	0.0011M 0.0010789 0.00526429 0.0056459 0.0056459
	MAGNITUDES ARE: ATE ROLL +01 .27357E+00	ITUEES ARE: 0.428850 0.417080 0.334555 0.669204 0.386631 0.345990	-02	MAGNITUDES ARE: ATE ROLL +01 .92563E-01	GNITLEES ARE: CBM 0.289295 0.106886 0.512115 0.57279 0.154764 0.220805
GONTREL GAIN = 1000 = 01  THE FORCING FLACTION MAGNITUDES ARE:  293196+00 .883926+00 .140666-  THE MOTION RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION SIDESLIP YAR RATE ROLL RA .151716+00 .853626+00 .214446+	COEFFICIENT MAGNIT 1.134851 1.027805 0.419911 1.576807 2.747778 2.088320 1.568931	-01 MAGNITUDES ARE: GA 4178E+0C .52583E	TRANSFER FUNCTION AM RATE ROLL R 5828E+00 .11000E	COEFFICIENT MAGN 0.746151 0.820849 1.718292 1.714957 0.507745 2.346483 0.666339	
	THE FORCE AND MCPENT 78-5000000000000000000000000000000000000	CCNTRCL GAIN = 1.00 WAVE NUMBER = .30 C00 E-03 THE FCRCING FUNCTION MA GY 109 E1 E+00 .741	THE MCTICN RESPONSE SIDESLIP Y	THE FCRCE AND MOMENT STATICAND 157.000000 235.500000 352.500000 512.5500000 515.559561	



	YAW .18567E-01	0.01333 0.015648 0.058007 0.084582 0.049761 0.026307	YAW 98313E-02	0.001103 0.0056520 0.003433 0.0083433 0.0088937 0.0049153
-	MAGNITUDES ARE: TE ROLL 00 .44145E-01	1 L L E S ARE: 0.218872 0.331974 0.440645 0.429579 0.109567 0.109567	01 MAGNITUDES ARE: TE 0C . 23381E-01	1 L C E S A R E: 0.207938 0.424359 0.128790 0.346731 0.242600 0.242600
1 AGNITLDES ARE: GN 35E+00 .11734E-	RANSFER FUNCTION IN RATE ROLL RATE 151E+00 .69200E+	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUCS 0.577479 1.283806 1.408186 1.844090 2.016289 0.334192	1 AGNITLDES ARE: GG 71E+CO -17374E- ANSFER FUNCTION RATE RCLL RA 94E+CO -45815E+	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUM COFFICIENT MAGNITUM COFFI
GAIN = 1000 E- ING FLNCTION 4458E+00 .63	E MOTION RESPONSE TI SIDESLIP .4275IE-01 .29	THE FORCE AND MCPENT OF 157-500000000000000000000000000000000000	CCNTRCL GAIN = 1.00 WAVE NUMBER = .50000E-0 THE FCRCING FUNCTION M .36215E+00 .52E THE MCTION RESPONSE TR	THE FCRCE AND MOVENT C 18.500000 235.500000 314.00000 510.250000 605.550000



. 57977E-02	CTM 0.000919 0.048572 0.079713 0.068160 0.034207	.35238E-02	0.00120 0.037322 0.079499 0.107653 0.116011 0.09098
E NUMBER = .600006-01  FCRCING FUNCTION PAGNITUDES ARE:  513476+00 .456486+00 .246346-01  513476+00 .456486+00 .246346-01  PCTION RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE:  \$106.811P	FCRCE AND MOMENT COEFFICIENT MAGNITLCES ARE:  STATICN  16.5C0CC0 1.167705 235.5C0CC0 1.167705 0.224073 0.327057 0.426300 1.144318 0.254887 0.355.5C0CC0 1.0144178 0.345456 510.250CC0 0.342652 0.026384	FCRCING FUNCTION MAGNITLDES ARE:  65821E+00 .39145E+00 .31577E-01  MCTION RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE:  21551E-01 .56615E-01 .21346E+00 .77820E-02 .	FCRCE AND MONITUES ARE:  STATION  187-50000  157-00000  1-042583  0.221872  235-50000  1-341129  0.330599  1-35-50000  1-39594  0.241195  510.250000  1-335586  0.276931  605-959561  0.910171
CCCN WAV THE THE	THE	CCCN WAV THE	T H E



	0.000671 0.016938 0.016938 0.017323 0.007527 0.157054	YAW .28055E-02	0.000833 0.028223 0.073291 0.107683 0.097271
1 AGNITUDES ARE:	CES PRE 0.2557 0.2557 0.2557 0.2307 0.2712 0.174333	1 AGNITUDES ARE: 6 .54519E-02	UCES ARE: 0.286460 0.444364 0.457258 0.437751 0.437562 0.059268
11 AGNITUDES ARE: GN 124E+00 .33632E-0 AANSFER FUNCTION M	142E-01 .17422E+0 CCEFFICIENT MAGNIT 0.710651 1.119725 1.079087 C.966950 2.054621 1.062377	PAGNITUDES ARE: GA 347 EE + CC . 3983 I E - O TFANSFER FUNCTION M AL RATE ROLL RAT 9102E - 01 . 1922 2 E + O	COEFFICIENT MAGNIT 0.768290 1.374752 1.736910 1.72249 1.406672 2.502272 1.277543
= 1.00 = 80000E FUNCTION \$E+00 .4	A N   A N	CCNTRCL GAIN = 1.00 WAVE NUMBER = .50CC0E- THE FCRCING FUNCTION .83025E+CO .53 THE MOTICN RESPONSE 7	THE FCRCE AND MOMENT 18.5C0C00 235.5C0C00 314.5C0C00 510.250CC0 510.250CC0 510.250CC0 510.250CC0 510.250CC0



```
CTM
0.001330
0.054205
0.100758
0.082192
0.080567
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           1M 5E-02
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                36595E
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ARE:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  E-02
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          CEM :: 35.139.02
26.357.31
6.357.31
6.192.00
22.1666
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            FUNCTION MAGNITUDES
ROLL RATE
27620E+00 .705041
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     COEFFICIENT MAGNITLEES DE COEFFICIENT MAGNITLE MAGNITLEES DE COEFFICIENT MAGNITLEES DE COEFFICIENT MAGNITLEES DE COEFFICIENT MAGNITLEES DE COEFFICIENT MAGNITLEES DE COEFFICIE
                                                                                                                                                                                   FCRCING FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE:

$\frac{6}{5} \text{F} \text{C} \
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            YAN RATE
14363E+0C
CCNTRCL GAIN = 1.00
WAVE NUMBER = 10000E+00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 MCTICN RESPGN
SIDESLIP
32686E-01
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         $E+01
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 しくろうらん
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         FORCE
                                                                                                                                                                                             HE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    THE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      THE
```



	049E+0	0.015531 0.020300 0.018947 0.014725 0.000940		.40051E+00	CIM 0.000000 0.015533 0.020308 0.014771 0.001821
-01 MAGNITUDE	ATE ROL -03 .12230 ITUDES ARE: 0.23716	0.283312 0.191147 0.063820 0.220889 0.244694		N N O	GNITULES ARE:  0.237183 0.283337 0.191191 0.063702 0.224655
GNITUDES ARE: SE+00 .29296 ASEER FUNCTIC	2 .48 CIENT CSS .65262	1.081154 1.203919 1.208793 1.155873 0.939482 0.570731	-04 MAGNITUDES ARE: GN 29291F	RANSFER FUNCTIC	COEFFICIENT MAGN 0.652671 1.081226 1.204036 1.208967 1.156153 0.940000
BER = 10000E ING FUNCTION 1066E+00 • 6	SEIP OE+01 .I ND MOVENT STATICN 8.500000	157.000000 235.000000 314.000000 5100.00000 65.000000 65.000000	CCNTRCL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER = 20CCOE- THE FORCING FUNCTION	RESPONSE SEIP 3E+01 3	THE FORCE AND MOMENT STATICN 157.000000 235.500000 314.000000 350.2500000 605.959561



	.40056E+00	0.0015537 0.015537 0.015537 0.0150324 0.014851 0.024851 0.024851		YAW .40063E+00	0.000000 0.000000 0.00190545 0.00190547 0.003668
0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ROLL 02 .12265E+00	TUCES ARE: CBM 0.237238 0.283411 0.191285 0.0657112 0.220815	0.1	MAGNITUDES ARE: TE ROLL 02 .12295E+00	TUEES ARE: 0.237330 0.283531 0.191427 0.0654374 0.226783
GNITUDES ARE: N 4E+00 .29287 NSFFR FUNCTIO	165E-02 .1461	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUC CS 0.652818 1.081465 1.204360 1.209392 1.156748 0.940967	.04 PAGNITUDES ARE: GN 1186E+00 .29282E-	RANSFER FUNCTION RATE ROLL RA 1898E-02 .19536E-	COEFFICIENT MAGNITU  CS 0.653063 1.081861 1.204888 1.219060 1.157653 0.942379 0.576056
GAIN = 2.00 BER = 30000E ING FUNCTION 1046E+00 .6	SIDESLIP SIDESLIP 19535E+01	THE FORCE AND MOMENT 78-5000000000000000000000000000000000000	CONTROL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER = 400006-04 THE FORCING FLNCTION PAGE 6618	THE MOTION RESPONSE T SIDESLIP YA . 195316+01 .62	THE FORCE AND MOPENT 18.500000 157.000000 235.500000 314.000000 510.250000



1 AGNITUDES, ARE:	ROLL 12335E+00 .40071E+00 UDES ARE: 0.237458 0.237458 0.00000 0.191619 0.064712 0.065981 0.065981 0.065981 0.064504	1 AGNITUDES ARE: YAWE 2 .12383E+00 .40082E+0	UCES ARE: CBM 0.237622 0.283909 0.151859 0.065124 0.066131 0.220708 0.244501 0.020713
GNITUDES ARE: SE+00 .29277E-	AW RATE ROLL RATE 8639E-02 .24497E-02 COEFFICIENT MAGNITUD 1.082419 1.210970 1.210970 1.158864 1.158864	GNITUDES A 4E+00 .29 NSFER FUNC RATE RD 3E-02 .29	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUE 0.653846 1.083136 1.206549 1.212121 1.160381 0.946520 0.583251
GAIN = 2.00 BER = 50.00E ING FUNCTION 1026E+00 .6	SIDESLIP . 19526E+01 . 7 . 19526E+01 . 7 . 19526E+01 . 7 . 1959	IN = 2.0 R = .60C0 G FUNC I I GY 15E+00 RESPONS ESLIF 21E+01	THE FORCE AND MOPENT STATICN 78.5C0000 235.500000 314.000000 352.500000 510.2500000 605.959561



. 40095E+00	0.00000 0.0015585 0.015585 0.015484 0.015484	.40110E+00	CTM 0.00000 0.015604 0.015604 0.015401 0.0015115
GNITUDES ARE:	CES ARE: 0.237822 0.284167 0.192147 0.065510 0.220669 0.244461	L AGNITUDES ARE: PROLL 12505E+00	JDES ARE: 0.238057 0.238057 0.192482 0.066165 0.220630 0.244421
MAGNITUDES ARE: GN CONTINUES ARE: GN CONTINUES ARE: GN CONTINUE ARE AW RATE ROLL RATE 1016-01 .34582E-02	COEFFICIENT MAGNITLE 0.654384 1.084010 1.207680 1.213512 1.162201 0.949239 0.587895	MAGNITUDES ARE: GN 6208E+00 .29261E-01 TRANSFER FUNCTION MA AN RATE ROLL RATE 2594E-01 .39726E-02	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUD C. 655014 1.085037 1.209004 1.215137 1.164316 0.952381 0.593210
CCNTRCL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER = .70000E-04 THE FORCING FUNCTION MA 61005E+00 .6620 THE MOTION RESPONSE TRA 19515E+01 .1101	THE FORCE AND MOMENT STATICN 78-500000 235.500000 314.000000 3510.2500000 510.250000000000000000000000000000000000	CGNTROL GAIN = 2.006- WAVE NUMBER = 80.006- THE FCRCING FUNCTION . 60954E+00 . 66 THE MOTION RESPONSE 1	THE FORCE AND MOVENT STATICN 78.500000 235.500000 3952.500000 510.559561



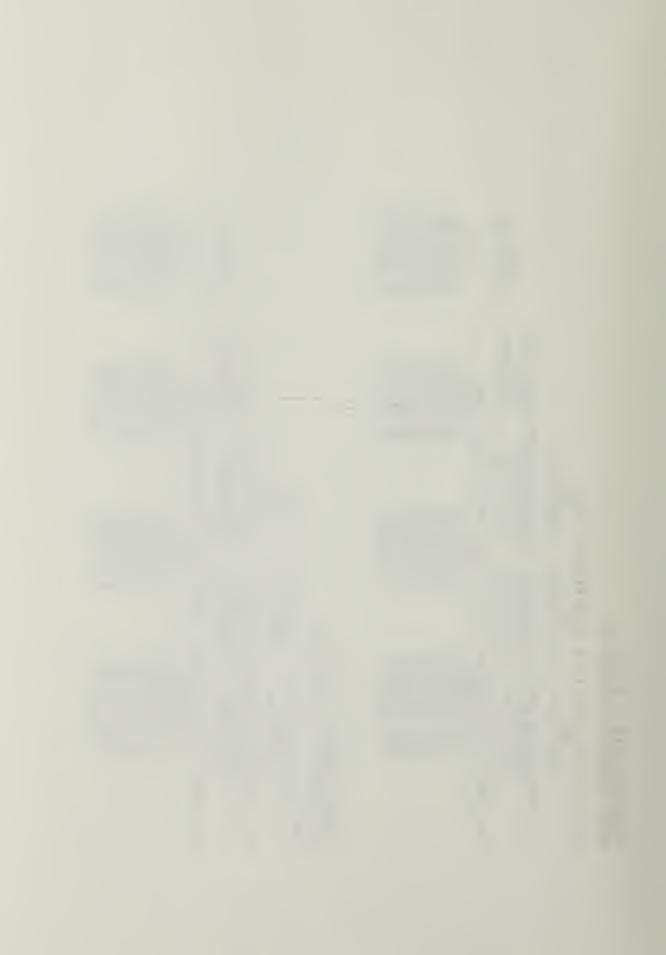
	YAW . 40127E+00	0.00000 0.015626 0.019524 0.019524 0.0159724 0.028080		YAW .40146E+00	0.00000 0.015650 0.015650 0.019660 0.016255 0.008971
-01	N MAGNITUDES ARE: RATE ROLL E-02 .12579E+00	MAGNITULES ARE:  CBM 0.238326 9 0.284817 6 0.192865 7 0.066789 0.220589 5 0.244380	-01	RATE ROLL ROLL E-02 .12660E+00	GNITUCES ARE: 0.238631 0.285208 0.193293 0.067479 0.220547
-04 MAGNITUDES ARE: 6N 6218E+00 .29256E	TRANSFER FUNCTION AN RATE ROLL R 4175E-C1 .44950E	COEFFICIENT MAGN 0.655739 1.086219 1.216995 1.216995 1.166727 0.955940 0.599175	-03 MAGNITUDES ARE: 6225E+00 .29251E	TRANSFER FUNCTION AN RATE ROLL R 5757E-01 .50263E	COEFFICIENT MAGN C.656558 1.087554 1.212238 1.219084 1.169428 0.959908
CONTRCL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER = .90000E-04 THE FORCING FUNCTION MAG .60983E+00 .66218	THE MOTICN RESPONSE 1 SIDESLIP YA .15501E+01 .14	THE FORCE AND MOPENT STATICN 78.500000 235.500000 314.000000 35.5000000 35.5000000 605.559561	CCNTRCL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER =.100006- THE FCRCING FUNCTION .60972E+00 .66	THE MOTICN RESPONSE 1 SIDESLIP VA 194538+01 .15	THE FORCE AND MOVENT 78-500000 157-600000 235-500000 314-500000 510-250000 605-55950



	.40450E+00	CTM 0.000000 0.016033 0.021669 0.021679 0.017796 0.017796		.40946E+00	CTM 0.000000 0.016631 0.023519 0.024569 0.025169 0.026386
	AGNITUDES ARE: E ROLL 1 .13869E+00	JCES ARE: 0.243458 0.291394 0.199927 0.077395 0.2200914 0.243899	H C C	11005 ARE ROLL 15613E+00	JDES ARE: CEM 0.251050 0.210092 0.010927 0.019520 0.219520 0.219520
03 MAGNITUDES ARE:	ZE+00 .29195E-0 NSFER FUNCTION M RATE ROLL RAT 3E-01 .10997E-0	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUC CS 0.669553 1.108755 1.239287 1.251801 1.251801 1.211231 1.211231 1.219936 0.700148	3 AGNITUDES ARE: GA 63E+00 .29137E-0	ROLL RAT	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUD C.690015 1.142145 1.281615 1.375255 1.108882 0.828241
= 20000E- FUNC 1 ION	\$E+00 .66 RESPONSE T SLIP 9E+01 .31	THE FORCE AND MOPENT OF STATICN TRIESTOCCO 2355 500000 352 500000 352 500000 605 519 559 561	NIROL GAIN = 2.00 VE NUMBER = 30 C00 E- E FORCING FUNCTION .60734E+00 .66	SIDESLIP YA 192036+01 .48	THE FORCE AND MOMENT STATICN S



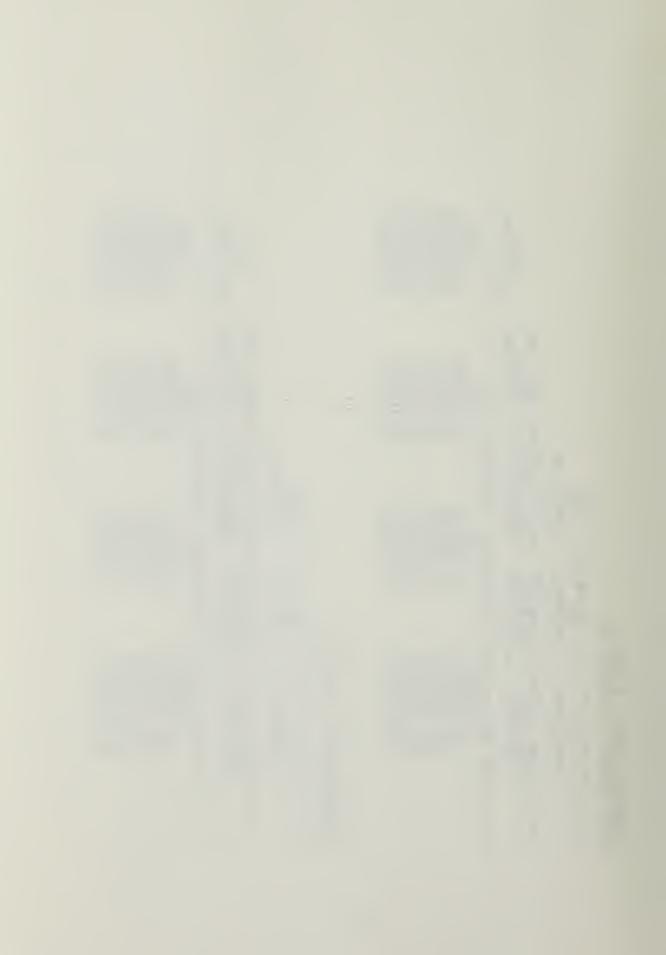
Y A W	C T W T W T W T W T W T W T W T W T W T	.42436E+00	0.000001 0.018198 0.027136 0.031440 0.035979 0.052540
-01 MAGNITUDES ARE:	ITUDES ARE: 0.260595 0.313220 0.105947 0.01059474	-01 MAGNITUDES ARE: ATE ROLL -01 .19840E+00	GNITUCES ARE:  0.271239 0.326701 0.236209 0.121115 0.091878 0.218140 0.242051
MAGNITUDES ARE: GA 7249E+00 .29078E TRANSFER FUNCTION AW RATE 5337F-01	COEFFICIENT COST COST COST COST COST COST COST COST	MAGNITUDES ARE: GN TRUDES ARE: GN TRANSFER FUNCTION AW RATE ROLL R 32806-01 .391946	COEFFICIENT MAGN CS 0.744517 1.230999 1.393380 1.435636 1.435771 1.327995 1.113428
GAIN = 2.00 CING FUNCTION 60611E+00 .6 SIDE SLIP	AND	CNTRCL GAIN = 2.00 AVE NUMBER = .50000E HE FCRCING FUNCTION .60491E+00 .6 HE MOTICN RESPONSE 18655E+01 .8	HE FORCE ANC MOPENT 18-500000 225-500000 38-200000



	YAW .43378E+00	0.000002 0.019040 0.029198 0.034937 0.041218 0.049998	.44416E+00	0.000002 0.019853 0.031191 0.057008 0.057008
01	MAGNI TUDES ARE: 1TE ROLL -01 .22044E+00	GNITUCES ARE: 0.282217 0.340544 0.250004 0.135642 0.059770 0.217337 0.241201	01 MAGNITUDES ARE: TE ROLL 01 .24212E+00	TLCES ARE: 0.292908 0.353960 0.263224 0.149072 0.216474 0.216474
03 MAGNITUDES ARE: 6N 635E+00 .28965	RANSFER FUNCTION W RATE 121 6E+00 .52227E-	COEFFICIENT MAGNI 0.774198 1.279286 1.453721 1.507099 1.440807 1.251355	MAGNITUDES ARE: GN 6N 1521E+0C .28912E- RANSFER FUNCTION W RATE ROLL RA	COEFFICIENT MAGNI 0.803134 1.326241 1.512183 1.576289 1.548426 1.379966
FORCING FUNCTION .60375E+00 .6	THE MOTICN RESPONSE T SIDESLIF YA .18375E+01 .10	THE FORCE AND MOVENT 187.500000 235.500000 314.000000 510.2500000 605.9599561	CCNTRCL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER = .700006- THE FCRCING FUNCTION .60266+00 .69 THE MOTION RESPONSE T SIDESLIP YA .180346+01 .12	THE FORCE AND MONENT 18.5COCCO 157.000000 235.500C00 314.000C00 510.250C00



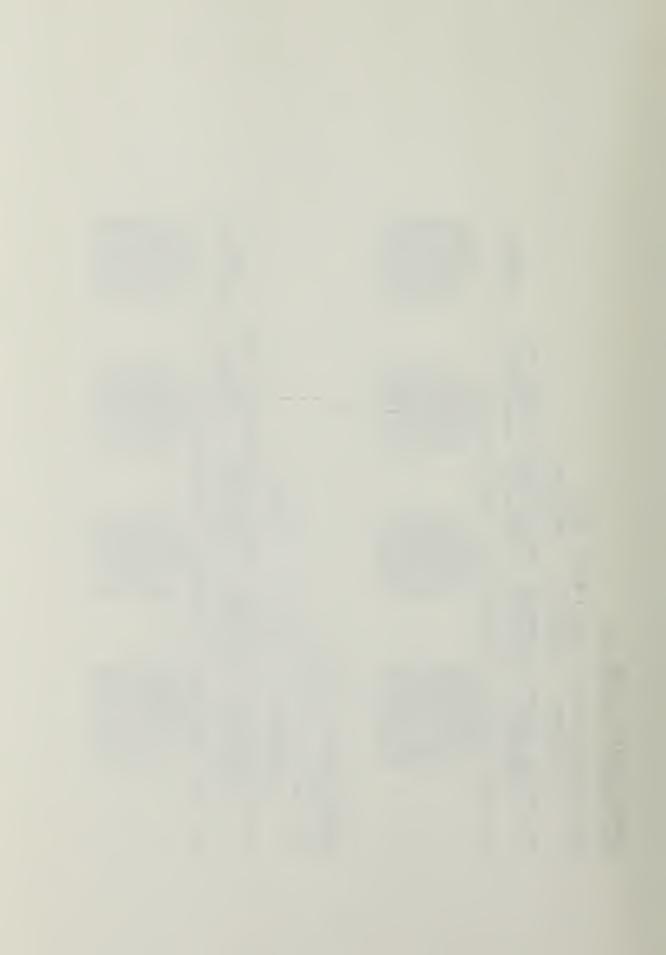
,45519E+00	0.000003 0.000003 0.0041463 0.00501463 0.00508568	YAW 46663E+00	0.000004 0.021270 0.034762 0.055205 0.055205 0.069692
O1 MAGNITUDES ARE: TEROLL O1 .26317E+00	CUCES ARE: 0.302857 0.366374 0.275361 0.161157 0.215560 0.239109	01 MAGNITUDES ARE: TE ROLL 00 .28354E+00	CUCES ARE: 0.311760 0.377404 0.286098 0.171781 0.121257 0.237878
GNITUDES ARE: NE+OC .28864E- NSFER FUNCTION RATE ROLL RA SE+OO .83083E-	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUE CS 0.830094 1.369819 1.566272 1.640429 1.647837 1.497267	J3 VAGNITUDES ARE: GN 544E+00 .28821E-( RANSFER FUNCTION ! RATE ROLL RATE RATE RATE RESERTE	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUE CS 0.854249 1.408638 1.614327 1.697717 1.758718 1.737387
CONTRCL GAIN = 2.00 = 0.03  THE FCRCING FUNCTION MAGE  .60166E+00 .7052  THE MOTION RESPONSE TRAIL .17666E+01 .1429	HE FORCE AND MOMENT C 157.000000 225.500000 314.000000 510.2500000 510.2500000 605.559561	CONTRCL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER = 5000000-0 THE FORCING FUNCTION M 60075000 .716 THE MOTION RESPONSE TR	THE FORCE AND MOMENT C. STATICN 157-60000 235-500000 352-500000 352-500000 510-2500000 510-250000000000000000000000000000000000



.47820E+00	0.000000 0.021841 0.036292 0.047108 0.059241	. 56390E+00	0.000039 0.022794 0.044185 0.065503 0.117918
IN = 2.00 E FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: GY 6N 97E+00 .72864E+00 .28783E-01 RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: ESLIP 51E+01 .18765E+00 .11966E+00 .30332E+00 .4	CE AND MOMENT COEFFICIENT MAGNITUCES ARE:  STATICN  78.500000  1.441879  0.319439  1.57.000000  1.441879  0.386826  1.455387  0.255262  1.477139  0.180914  352.500000  1.816387  0.127205  1.816387  0.236541	GAIN = 2.00 BER = .200006-02 ING FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: GY 0042E+00 .88883E+00 .28805E-01 CN RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: IDE SLIP YAL RATE ROLL RATE 3045E+01 .44266E+00 .51982E+00 .5	CE AND MOMENT COEFFICIENT MAGNITULES ARE:  STATICN  78.500000 1.481856 0.357810 157.000000 1.702482 0.308223 314.000000 1.842920 0.205594 352.500000 1.995697 0.151700 2.139095 0.202347
CONTRCL GA WAVE NUMBE THE FCRCIN . 599 THE MOTICN . 168	HE FOR	CCNTRCL WAVE NUM THE FORC	THE FORG



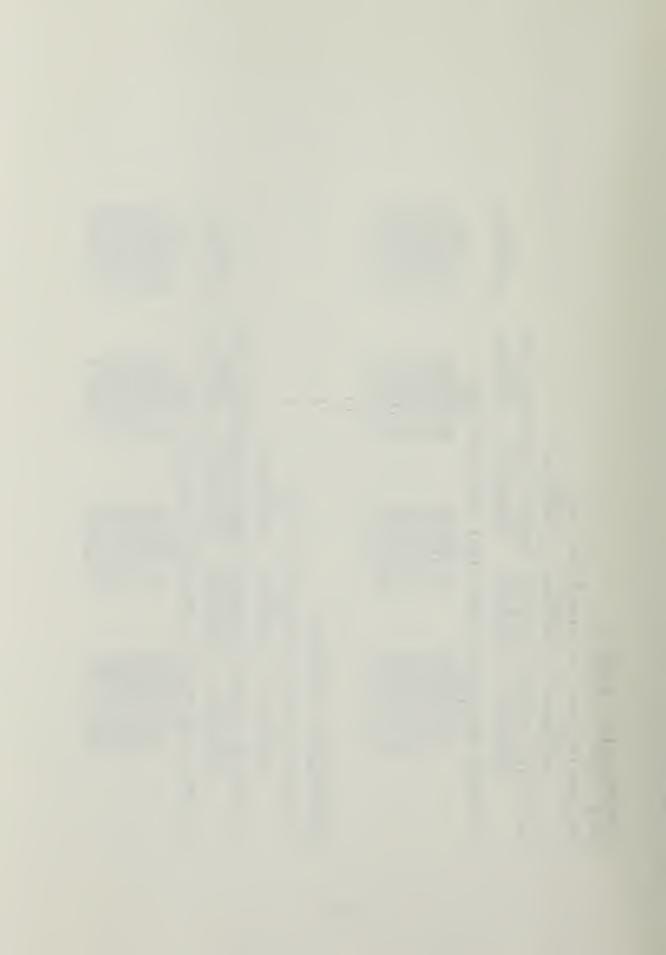
TUDES ARE: YAW 8681 0 = 54660 0 = 54660 0 = 54660 0 = 54660 0 = 54660 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		TUDES ARE: ROLL 13648E+01 .43141E+00	ARE:  BM
AGNITUDES ARE: 30E+01 .29606E-01 ANSFER FUNCTION MAGNI	COEFFICIENT MAGNITLEES  0.804209  1.239575  1.398894  1.589475  0.1851178  2.170668	GONITUDES ARE: 58E+01 .30915E-01 ANSFER FUNCTION MAGNIN RATE ROLL RATE 31E+00 .21449E+01 .3	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUCES C. 663383 C. 925644 1.050351 1.417698 1.922850 2.538595 0.11
CONTROL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER = .30000E-0. THE FORCING FUNCTION PARTIES FOR .1070 .61712E+00 .1070 THE MOTION RESPONSE TRA	CE AND	CCNTRCL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER = .40C00E-0. THE FCRCING FUNCTION MAGE FOR .122 .64448E+00 .122 THE MOTION RESPONSE TRA	THE FORCE AND MOPENT 1878-500000000000000000000000000000000000



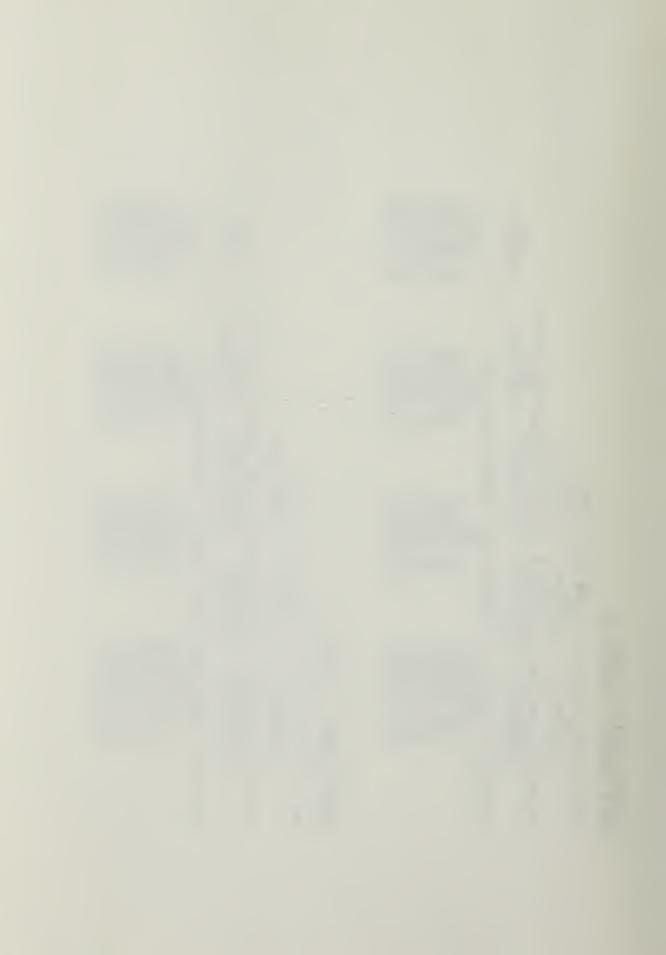
	.26054E+00	0.000964 0.016971 0.063951 0.178215 0.252218		.25709E+00	CTM 0.002074 0.016368 0.0139807 0.215932 0.337201 0.405529
-01	ATE ROLL +01 .20403E+01	TUCES ARE: 0.161028 0.116394 0.168855 0.289674 0.237832	-01	MAGNITUDES ARE: ATE ROLL FOI .30493E+01	AGNITUCES ARE:  0.0886 0.003586 0.158499 0.430644 0.630644 0.126528
-02 MAGNITUDES ARE: GR 3310E+01 .32267E-	RANSFER FUNCTION RATE ROLL R 1316+00 .400516	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUE 0.456905 0.559799 0.902206 1.677668 2.567989 3.639133 4.070953	02 MAGNITUDES ARE: 6N 725E+01 .3320EE	RANSFER FUNCTION MIN RATE ROLL RATE 171795E+00	COEFFICIENT MAGNI 0.037478 0.457497 1.427497 2.658466 4.057806 5.843296 6.617575
CONTRCL GAIN = 2.000E- WAVE NUMBER = 50000E- THE FORCING FUNCTION .67258E+00 .13	THE MOTICN RESPONSE T SIDESLIP YA .233636+00 .51	THE FORCE AND MOVENT 187-000000 235-500000 314-500000 510-2500000 510-2500000 605-559-50000000000000000000000000000000	CONTRCL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER = 600006- THE FCRCING FUNCTION 65215E+00 .13	THE MOTION RESPONSE T SIDESLIP YA .25511E+00 .60	THE FORCE AND MOVENT 1875-500000 235.500000 314.000000 510.5500000000000000000000000000



AC AC	とはとらくしい っ	.14739E+01	CIM 0.008666 0.020133 0.095681 0.321689 0.538637 1.000337
DES ARE:  •334446-01  FUNCTION MAGNITUDES	ICIENT MAGNITUCES ARE: 0.990999 0.817941 0.66052 1.105391 0.165751 0.662699 0.165751 0.51751	ITLDES ARE: 66. +01 .328726-01 FER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: 76. 76. 76. 76.	ICIENT MAGNITUCES ARE: CS CS 4.845032 4.845032 6.495617 8.607546 1.545469 1.170898 1.1234204
AN A	AND MOPENT COEFF AND MOPENT COEFF 78-500000 235-500000 314-000000 510-2500000	CCNTRCL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER = .80000E-02 THE FCRCING FUNCTION MAGNIT 68515E+00 .12592E+0 THE MOTICN RESPONSE TRANSFE SIDESLIP YAL RATE -19088E+01 .46280E+0	THE FORCE AND MOVENT COEFFI STATION 18-500000 235-500000 235-500000 314-000000 352-500000 510-250000



. 11522E+01	0.000112 0.000112 0.00260126 0.1054363 0.20511636 0.20511636 0.20511636	YAW .	0.004584 0.0028642 0.028642 0.1302244 0.159225
2.00 0000E-02 CIICN MAGNITUDES ARE: 0 .11188E+01 .31543E-01 ONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: 1 .40702E+01 .16442E+02 .46588E+01	ICN COEFFICIENT MAGNITUCES ARE: COMMON 3-307787 1-241728 0000 4-846958 1-633014 0000 5-746975 2-031952 0000 6-129591 2-273863 0000 10-875336 1-1098864	2.00 0000E-01 CTION MAGNITUDES ARE: 0 .54575E+CC .29635E-01 ONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: YAL RATE ROLL RATE ROLL 0 .26211E+01 .95183E+01 .24275E+01	1Ch COEFFICIENT MAGNITULES ARE: 1Ch 2.412622 0.857061 00000 3.597662 1.11357 00000 4.298811 1.487326 0000 4.578722 1.487326 0000 5.499517 0.730948
CONTRCL GAIN = 2. WAVE NUMBER = .900 THE FORCING FUNCT .65745E+00 THE MOTICN RESPON .14224E+01	THE FORCE AND 1814 1814 1814 1814 1814 1814 1814 181	CCNTRCL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER = 100 THE FCRCING FUNCT 6 1780E+00 THE MOTION RESPONSIDESLIP SIDESLIP 57289E+00	THE FCRCE AND STATE 1378-15000 1578-1578-1578-1578-1578-1578-1578-1578-



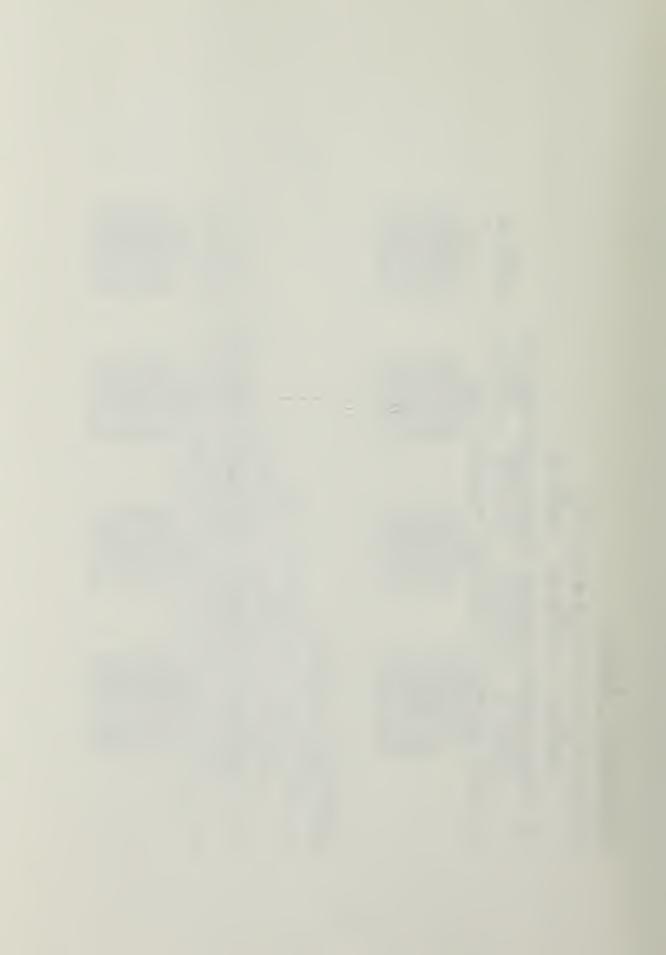
. 10517E+00	CIM 0.002023 0.045883 0.114601 0.1078601 0.026232 0.092132	.38345E-01	0.001575 0.071125 0.080916 0.052737 0.062072 0.062072
CONTRCL GAIN = 2.00006-01  THE FCRCING FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE:  CS315E+00 .88392E+00 .14066E-01  THE MOTICN RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE:  SIDE SLIP YAL RATE ROLL RATE ROLL .14167E+00 .82556E+00 .21006E+01 .26798E+00	THE FCRCE AND MOPENT COEFFICIENT MAGNITULES ARE:  STATICN 1-114007 1-57-000000 1-017117 0-420709 1-57-000000 1-017117 0-407246 0-310316 0-316330 3-52-500000 1-533462 0-536330 1-539562 0-5363381 510-250000 1-397262 0-331174	CCNIRCL GAIN = 30 CCOE-01 WAVE NUMBER = 30 CCOE-01 THE FORCING FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: GV GN GN 74178E+00 .52583E-02 THE MOTION RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE: SIDESLIP YAW RATE ROLL RATE ROLL 67613E-01 .45150E+00 .10901E+01 .92722E-01	THE FORCE AND MOMENT COEFFICIENT MAGNITUCES ARE:  CS



		YAW .18412E-01	0.001326 0.001326 0.00588027 0.0084807 0.0074144			.97785E-02	CTM 0.00561100 0.056505 0.056505 0.063465 0.059195 0.06665
	-01	MAGNITUDES ARE: TE ROLL 00 .43923E-01	GNITUCES ARE: 0.219122 0.330991 0.437231 0.423927 0.111295 0.146867		.01	MAGNITUDES ARE: NTE ROLL OO .23307E-01	GNITUDES ARE:  0.208348  0.423235  0.127333  0.388788  0.343851  0.242278  0.08861
E-01	MAGNITUDES ARE: GN 3635E+C0 .11734E-	TRANSFER FUNCTION AR RATE ROLL RA 8907E+00 .68853E+	COEFFICIENT MAGNI 0.578510 1.281893 1.405575 1.229513 1.834221 1.992366 0.310158	-01	PAGNITUDES ARE: GA 2871E+00 .17374E-	TRANSFER FUNCTION AM RATE ROLL RA 91906+00 .456656+	COEFFICIENT MAGNI C.588809 1.306915 1.11964 1.595331 1.596331 1.530070 1.170894 0.282030
CONTROL GAIN = 2.00 MAVE NUMBER = 40000E-	THE FCRCING FUNCTION .24458E+00 .63	THE MCTICN RESPONSE SIDESLIP 42022E-01 .28	THE FURCE AND MOVENT 2 STATICO 157.00000 235.500000 314.00000 316.250000 605.55950	CENTREL GAIN = 2.00	THE FCRCING FUNCTION .36215E+00 .53	THE MOTICN RESPONSE SIDESLIP YY	THE FORCE AND MOVENT STATION 16.500000 235.500000 352.500000 352.500000 510.2500000 510.250000000000000000000000000000000000



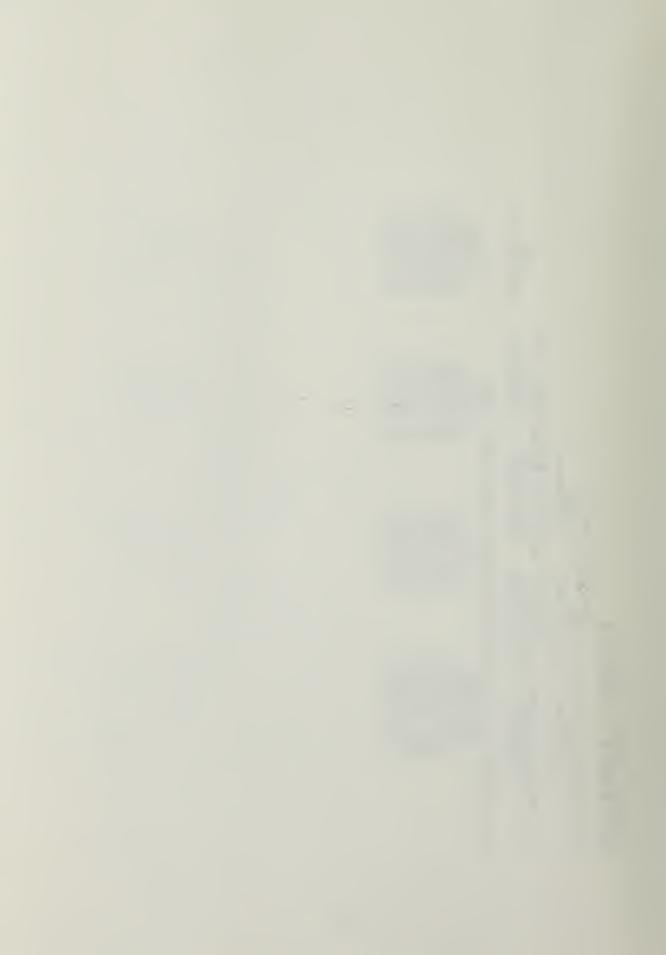
	.57760E-02	CIM 0.000917 0.0796574 0.071804 0.068332 0.034832			.35141E-02	0.000718 0.037326 0.079503 0.107624 0.090925
01	TE ROLL ROLL 00 . 13501E-01	TUCES ARE: 0.224260 0.336918 0.435014 0.293173 0.343716 0.312716		01	MAGNITUDES ARE: TE ROLL 00 .77687E-02	TLLES ARE: 0.236835 0.222257 0.249165 0.240145 0.276469 0.058689
01 MAGNITUDES ARE: GN 648E+00 .24634E	HE MOTICN RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNC 23889E-01 .13602E+00 .31 HE FORCE AND MOVENT COEFFICIENT 76.5000000 1.545455 314.000000 1.545455 1.14344	6 F I C I E F I C I E F I C I E F I C I E F I C I E F I C I E F I C I E F I C I E F I C I E F I C I E F I C I E F I C I E F I	1 ACMITINGS ABE	MAGNITUDES ARE: 6N 145E+00 .31577E-	RANSFER FUNCTION MRATE ROLL RA 545E-01 .21305E+	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUCS C
GAIN = 2.00 BER = .60000E ING FUNCTION 1347E+00 .4		E FURCE AND 1257 AND	CCNTRCL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER =.70000-	THE FCRCING FUNCTION .39	THE MOTICN RESPONSE T SIDESLIP 21878E-01 .96	THE FORCE AND MONENT 1870 GC00000000000000000000000000000000000



	.27058E-02	0.000670 0.016938 0.019290 0.014362 0.156994 0.156994		.28008E-02	0.000832 0.028222 0.073284 0.1197690 0.097136
	AGNITUDES ARE: ROLL 0 .55504E-02	UCES ARE: 0.255760 0.286218 0.230327 0.132555 0.174217	1	AGNITUDES ARE: ROLL 0 .54455E-02	UCES ARE: 0.286371 0.444054 0.496672 0.496672 0.496707 0.059653 0.154661
01 MAGNITUDES ARE: GN 424E+00 .33632E-0	RANSFER FUNCTION M W RATE ROLL RAT 963E-01 .17397E+0	COEFFICIENT MAGNITUE 0.710547 1.119617 1.157223 1.078794 0.966160 2.052601 1.061211	01 MAGNITUDES ARE: GN 478E+00 .39831E-0	RATE ROLL RATE 37E-01 .19200E+0	COEFFICIENT MAGNITU CS 1-374202 1-374202 1-735897 1-771327 1-406360 2-498814 1-274786
GAIN = 2.00 MEER = .80CCOE- CING FUNCTION 701 CSE+00 .40	HE FORCE AND MORENT PORCE TO A 10 MORENT PORCE AND MORENT PORCE AND MORENT PORCE POR	HE FCRCE ANC MOMENT 78-56000000000000000000000000000000000000	CCNTROL GAIN = 2.00 WAVE NUMBER = .90000E-0 THE FCRCING FUNCTION N. 83025E+00 .534	THE MOTION RESPONSE TR SIDESLIF 235816-01 .589	THE FORCE AND STATICN TRAFFIC NO. 157-600000 314-0000000 510-250000000000000000000000000000000000



```
YAW .36546E-02
                                 FUNCTION MAGNITUDES ARE ROLL RATE ROLL .27593E+00 .70436E-02
                                                   ARE:
29137 82
2621286
634651
2313987
747927
                                                   MAGNITLDES
                                                              000000
              COEFFICIENT MA
CS
0.807538
1.177540
0.621107
1.558413
2.834230
2.078382
                                YAW RATE
14344E+00
CCNTRCL GAIN = 2.00
WAVE NUMBER = 10000E+00
                                                    MOTICN RESPONSE
SIDESLIP
32615E-01
                                                    FORCE
              THE
                                 THE
                                                    THE
```



## COMPUTER PROGRAM -- NUMERICAL EXAMPLE

GN, GL, /785./, CS/100. 0 00-&CO DM(1),DIXX(1),DIZZ(1),DIXZ(1),DFCG(1) 84/ CBAR ×® 9 . .-CMEGA\*X(17)\*CGSA))\*A(17 | \*\*2 | FFLX(0.,-CMEGA\*X(1)\*COSA) + (LCG-XE)\*TANA)\*COSA -maa FUNCTIONS RY CMEGA 0.1 GO TC GECMET ENG FORC ING O FFA 000 SHIP • 100 308 AND A SHIP COLOR STANDARD AIR ->0 w READ PROBLEM P AT XXX = CO CALCUL OV RE 0 80 000COC 5



```
DYG= [0.*0.*]

DNG= [0.*0.*]

SNG [0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   )
A*CEXP(CMPLX(0.,-DMEGA*LS*CDSA))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                8-4.*MASS/(RhO*S*CBAR),0.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          EUDY/(0*5),0.)*CCSA
KC),0.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  BEGIN DYNAMICS CALCULATIONS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          BAR*E
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            2000000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IXXXS=170
IXZ=170
IXZ=17170
IXZ=17170
IXZ=17170
IXZ=17170
IXZ=17170
IXZ=17170
IXZ=170
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               JOU
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 22
```



```
C(3.2) = [-.0f56.0]

C(3.4) = [-.0f58.0]

C(3.4) = [-.0f58.0]

C(4.2) = [-.0f18.0]

C(4.2) = [-.0f18.0]

C(4.2) = [-.0f18.0]

C(5.2) = [-.0f18.0]

C(6.2) = 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            200
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               006
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   901
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  30
```



```
E(NDIV(I+1))-A(NDIV(I))*E(NDIV(I))+(O)
C*KK
K*R(I,1)*(A(NEIV(I+1))-A(NDIV(I)))
-/CBAR*R(2,1)*(A(A(NDIV(I+1))*R(C))
                                                                                  *DX
*X(J)*E(`,
A(J))/2.*
  UNCTION
VATE , 5X,
                                                                          +A(J)*E(J))/2.*DX
  TRANSFER
                 LOADING TRANSFER FUNCTIONS
   S I
                                                                                                SHEAR CALCULATION
                 THE
                 CALCULATE
                      ADDOUXDOU+
NENONONONONOO
ODNINATIANI
MILIANIATANIA
ADAKADARAKAA
   908
           S
                                                                                           2000
```



```
X(NDIV(I+1))*A(NCIV(I+1))*E(NDIV(I+1))-X(NDIV(I)-DAE(I)+DAIE(I))*2**Q*KK

2*C*KK*R(I;1)+A(NDIV(I+1))*A(NDIV(I+1))-CA(I)

1)-CA(I)

2.CEAR*Q*KK*R(2;1)*(LCG*(X(NDIV(I+1))-CA(I))

3.CEAR*Q*KK*R(2;1)*(LCG*(X(NDIV(I+1))-CA(I))

3.CEAR*Q*(NDIV(I))-X(NDIV(I+1))**2*A(NDIV(I+1))

3.CEAR*Q*(0:1:1)*CMEGA*R(1:1)*CAX(I)*K2

3.CEAR*Q*(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)*K2

3.CEAR*Q*(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CAX(I)-CA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                I(I)=(-CHCG(I))*CSHR(I)+(0., 1.)*OMEGA*2./CBAR*UO**2*(DIXZ(I)
1)-DIXX(I)*R(3,1))+DHCG(I)*G*CP(I)*COSA*R(4,1)
NUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 =DBEND(I)+G*CCSA*R(4,1)*(X(NDIV(I+1))+X(NDIV(I)))/2.*DM(
=DBEND(I)+2./CBAR*UO**2*R(2,1)*(X(NDIV(I+1))+X(NDIV(I)))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              CBEND(I)+(0.,1.)+OMEGA*2./CBAR*(DIXZ(I)*R(3,1)-DIZZ(I)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             = CBEND(I)-4./CEAR*Q*R(2,1)*K1*CAX(I)
= DBEND(I)-CGSA*R(4,1)*RHO*G*DAX(I)
= CBEND(I)+UO**2*(0.,1.)*OMEGA*R(I,1)*(X(NDIV(I+1))

I))/2.*CM(I)
= CBEND(I)+2./CEAR*UO**2*(0.,1.)*OMEGA*R(2,1)*(LCGI)
= CBEND(I)+2./CEAR*UO**2*(0.,1.)*OMEGA*R(2,1)*(LCGI)

I+1)/-X(NDIV(I+1)/**2)+(LCG*X(NCIV(I))-X(NDIV(I))**2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       V(L+1))) GO TO 1CO
(CMFLX(0, -CMEG **XENG(J)*COSA)) +R(1 1)
G-XENG(J))-2./CBAR*R(3,1)*(HCG-ZENG(J)))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    X (NCIV(L+1))-XENG(J))+YI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         $\frac{8 + R(2) \cdot 1) + C \cdot C(1) \cdot 1) + C \cdot C(1) \c
5+R(2,1)-G*CCSA*R(4,1))*DM(I)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 CBEND(I) = 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         CALCULATICNS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         THISTING
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         80
                                                                                        COC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       000
```





+ 02222\* (RF4\*\*4) RF4\*\*8)+ 0000001018\*(RF4\*\*10) STRULL = 63662\*(\*233 \$+\*000000001188\*(\*)+ \$EARS0=2.0/(3.14155 EMUK = 5\*SEARSO\*CCM GKAR=CCMPLX(BESSKI) GAMHAT=1.0/(1.0+4.0 SEARS = SEARSC\*GAMTAT



## MASS PROGRAM

യഗ -FOLLOWING E(8) LK 12ZTOT.
1.1ZZF 18)
1.Y(100) NDIV(8).XBARA(8).ZhK(8).XK(8).ZK(8).ZhK(8).XK(8) THE ON S ROJEC BCUNDRIES <u></u> (8) MODCT(8) LKEEL(8) MFRAME(8) XXTCT IYY ZZ(8) IXXE(8) IXXE(8) IXYE(8) IXYE(8) IXYE(8) IXYE(8) IXYE(8) IXYE(8) IXE(8) IXE(8) IXE(8) IXE(8) IXE(8) IXEEL(8) IXEEL(8) IXE(5,8) S ىلار \*DELTAX MHZ MN MN ...THE SAL S SEGMENT SOM FAC SURI ZZ Σ D INTC OR O ". VCLAIR, N M M 11 11 SACO \*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

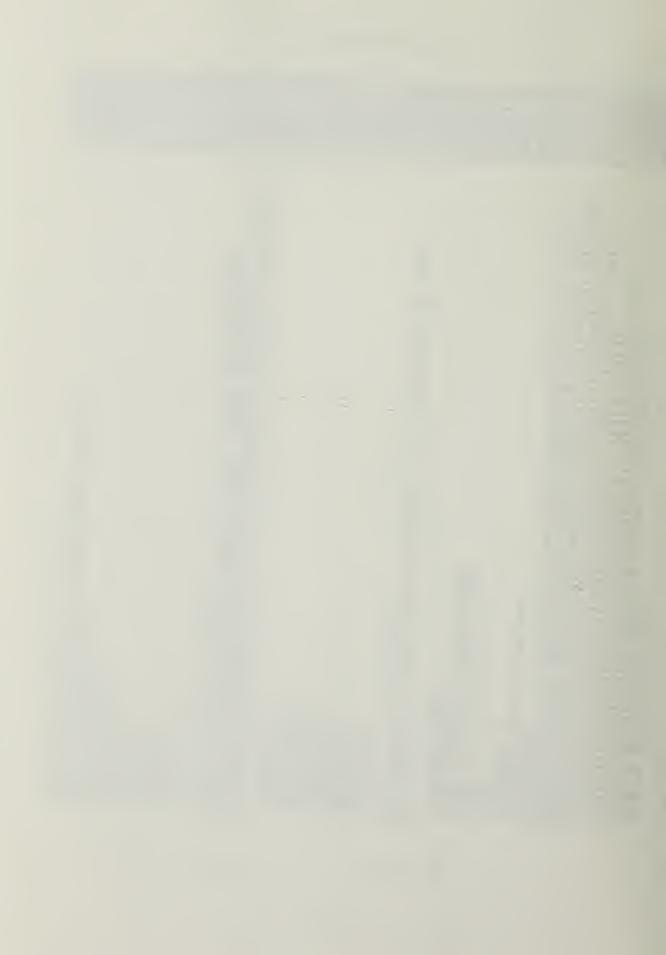
\*\*

\* IVIDEC S ND IV AMM . TRIC PARAME PROJECTE UN HULL IS 0250 0 12574500 GEOMETR VCLUME >>>>>> Ta WW 22222222

000000

06

0000



```
THE INERTIA CALCULATIONS
                                                           I)**2+DX2**2*Y(I+1)**2)/2.
ELTAA
SUM3= SUM3+P 1*DELTAX* (X(I)*Y(I)**2+X(I+1)*Y(I+1)**2)/2.
SUM4=SUM4+(X(I)*Y(I)+X(I+1)*Y(I+1))*DELTAX
                                                                                             NUMBER.
              (Y(I)**2+Y(I+I)**2)*DELTAX
      4
      ARE USED LATER
      VARIABLES
                                                                  SUMS
1) = SUPE
SUM7
          1=1 ,M
          4
      THE NEXT
                                                                                                 202
                                01
                                                                        30
                   20
    000
```



```
OF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             04
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             AI
                                                                                                                                                                                                          AND MOMENTS OF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  SEGMENT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            OF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     AIR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  18
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             VOLUME
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            VOLUME
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0F
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  EACH
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     QUANTITY
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            THE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             E14.6,//,10x, AIR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         8
                                                                                                                                                                                                        MASSES
OF THE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  AND HELIUM IN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            THAT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     THE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         FRAME+ENGINES+FINS+KEEL+FELIUP+AIR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     S, NS IG, XL, XR, XAPP, I IMAX, IER
                                                                   9-
                     9-
                                                                                                                                                                                                          CN THE
KEIGHT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             NONS
       .6)
12.
2.6
                                                                 25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     CALCULATE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               RHOAIR = . 002 3 C8
RHOHEL = . 0003 58449
VOLAIR = VOLUME = hICT / 32 . 2/ (RHOAIR - RHCFEL)
VOLHEL = VOLUME - VCLAIR
hRITE (6, 210) VGLFEL, VCLAIR, VOLUME
FORMAT (//, 10 x, 10 TAL VCLUME = ', E14.6,
                                                                   шa
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  AIR
                                                                                                                                                                                                         DEPEND
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            DISTANCE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     01
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  OF
                                                                                                                                                                                                        IE SHEAR AND BENCING PCPENTS DIERTIA FOR EACH SEGMENT. THE ICHN.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   +NF INS+WKEEL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    53114*32.2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  VCLUMES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    PGSSIBLE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Ø
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            FIND
FORMAT (//2x, PRCJECTED FORMAT (//2x, CENTER CF FORMAT (//2x, 13, 12x, 8(FORMAT (//2x, 13, 12x, 8(FORMAT (//2x, 13, 12x, 8(Format (//2x, 13, 12x, 8(Format (//2x, 13, 12x, 13))))

SURFAC=0.

SURFAC=SURFAC(J)

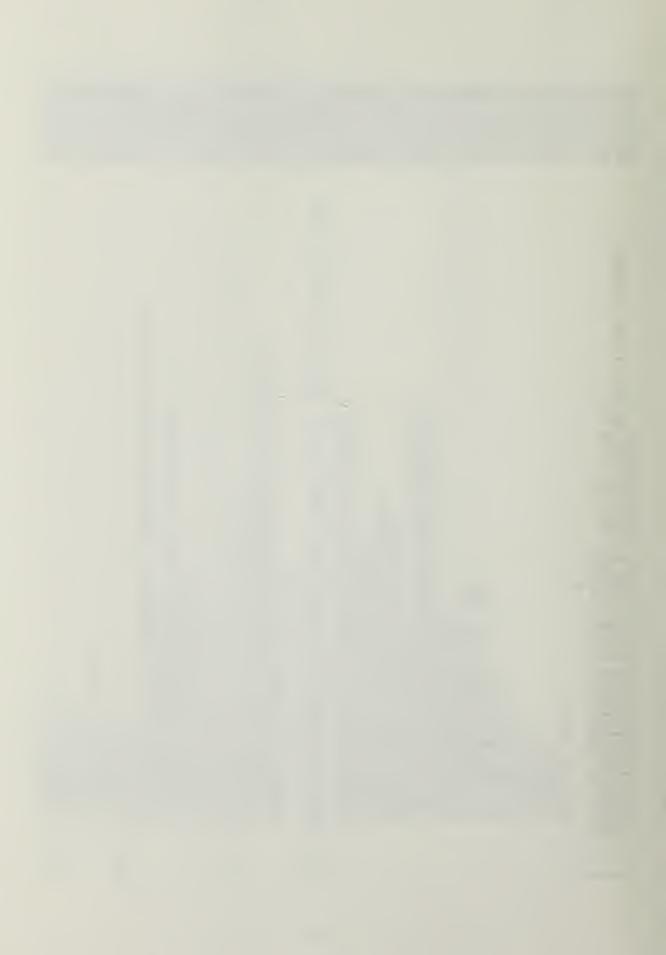
SURFAC=SURFAC+ASURF(J)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  THE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             VCLA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    SI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      EP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  SOLVE FOR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ITTERATE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       ALSE(F, E
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    NFRAME=259822
WENGS=118.8223
WFINS=121.118
KKEEL=8152.243
WTOT=NFRAME+NE
XFINS=667.45
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   KNCW ING
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   * (W.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             M WUSI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         CATA SOLUTION OF A STANDON OF A
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   MON
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     GME
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   CAN
                                                                                                                                                                                                          IZZ !
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             S
S
S
S
S
S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     SE
   20059
                                                                                                                                                                           8000000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    SOU
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             0000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      COC
```



```
USE
                                                     SETION FOR LATER
GPENT
AIR IN THE I TH SEGMENT
C AIR CG
                                                                            +1))
ALPFA1-SIN(2 ** ALFHA1))
** ALFHA2-SIN(2 ** ALPHA2))
                                                     SICRE THE AMMCUNI CF HELIUM AND AIR IN EACH IN THE INERTIA CALCULATIONS.
  ENC.
                                                                                                    0
          J=1 +
                         VAIR (1)
XBARA (1)
ZBARA (1)
SIMILAR
                                                                    110
                                                                                                  100
```

00000

0000



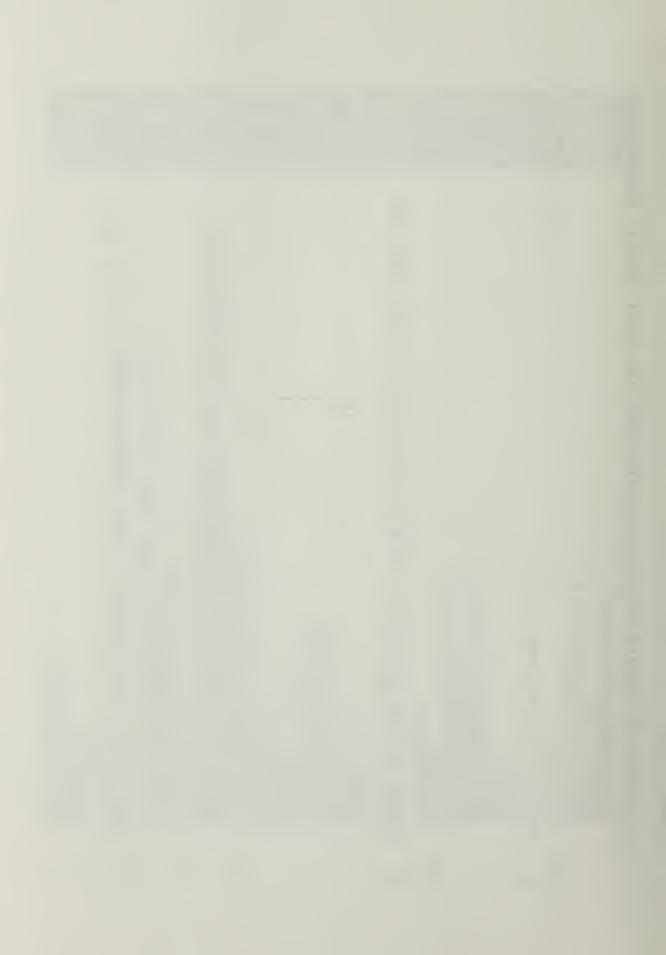
```
8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           SO
                                                      11
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      09
                                                    LAYER
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      .x(NDIV(J))).OR.(XENG(K).GT.X(NDIV(J+1)))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           SHELL
                                                     AIR
                                                     0F
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           THE
                                                     TOP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Z
                                                     10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           CONCENTRATED
                                                     LINE
                                                                                                                                    GMEN
                                                                       99
                                                                       NOOON
                                                                                                                                    ų,
                                                                                                                                    S
                                                     ENTER
                                                                      ××mmmm
                                                                                                                                    EACH
                                                                       88----
                                                                       *××××
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            8
                                                                                        ××××
9000
                                                                                                                                   Z
            7777
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            10
                                                                                                                                   HE I GHT
                                                                      VA
TATACC
TACACC
TACACC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            SUMEC
 ASA
                                                                      BBBER
PAPAR
ARRR
                                                                                                                                   NGINE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            SI
                                                                       AIXXNN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        XXX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        9999
                                                                                                                                    u
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         444
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               44
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             d
                                                                                                                                                       11 -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             2H
0H+
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ш
    -666666
                                                                                                                                   FINC
                                                                                                                                                      2
TANATA THE THE TENT T
                                                                                                                                                     V
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            œ
                                                                                                                                    MON
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ш
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            H
                                                                       202537
                                                                       COCONDON
```



```
XCEG=0.
EMTOT=0.
EMTOT=0.
EMTOT=0.

EMTOT=0.

CMAIR[I]*RFCHEL
CMAIR=WFRAME[I]*RFCHEL
CMAIR=WFRAME[I]*RFCHEL
CMAIR=WFRAME[I]*RFCHEL
CMAIR=WFRAME[I]*RFCHEL
CMAIR=WFRAME[I]*RFCHEL
CMAIR=WFRAME[I]*I]*RFCHEL
CMAIR=CMAIR+CMFRAM+CMENGS
CMENGS=0.
CMENGS=
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        THE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       THE
  DENSITY
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         UNDER
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       CAR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        LIES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     H SEGMENT
THE CENTROL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         90
  THE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         1HE
  USING
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        THAT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     PCRIION OF THE KEEL IN EACH I = TWICE THE DISTANCE FROM T
  CALCULATED
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        KEEL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         THE
                                                                                                                                                    S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ñ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          *VCENTR(I
    ON INERTIA CAN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    THE POSITION BLOYANCY
                                                                                                                                                  BUOYANT
                                                                                                                                                                                    BSUM=0.
CBX=0.
DC 320. I=1.P
BUCY(I)=RHOAIR:
BSUM=BSUM+BLCY
CBX=CBX+BLCY(I
CONTINUE
CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    THE P
                                                                                                                                                    CALCULATE THE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       mm
mm
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           LK=466.07
ZKEEL=66.
SKEEL=CKEE
FKEEL=CKEE
    MOMENT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        SOLVES FCR
CENTER OF 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     EXT FINE
ENGTH OF
                                      SDEN= LE
CO 120
MFRAME
XBARF(
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   320
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               2
     ပပ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        0000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        0000
```



```
J=CMICI#32.2
OT+(CMHEL+CMAIR)*32.2
(CMHEL*XBDRH(I)+CMAIR*XEARA(I)+CMFRAM*XBARF(I)+CMKEEL*XKEE
E)/CMIOT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 CMHEL*ZBARH(I)+CMAIR*ZBARA(I)+CMKEEL*ZKEEL+EMZE)/CMTGI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      /32.2
/32.2
CMKEEL+CMENGS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           LK*NKEEL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               = FKEEL-X1
= (FKEEL+X1)/2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       RHCHEL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      CGX=0.

CGH=0.

LOO 190 I=1,M

CMHEL=VHEL(I)*RFCHE

CMAIR=VAIR(I)*RFCAI

CFRAM=PFRAME(I)

CMKEEL=NK(I)/32.2

EMZE=0.

CMECS=0.

CMICT=0.

CMICT=0.
                                                                                                                                                                                                   () = X2 - SKEEL
() = (X2+SKEEL
50
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       CALCULATES THE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            160
K)=0
K)=0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              II III
                                                                                                                    2000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         326
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              53
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     160
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      151
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               152
```



```
# XFINS) /WID1*32.2

# XFINS) /WID1*32.2

# KEPENTS OF INEFTIA

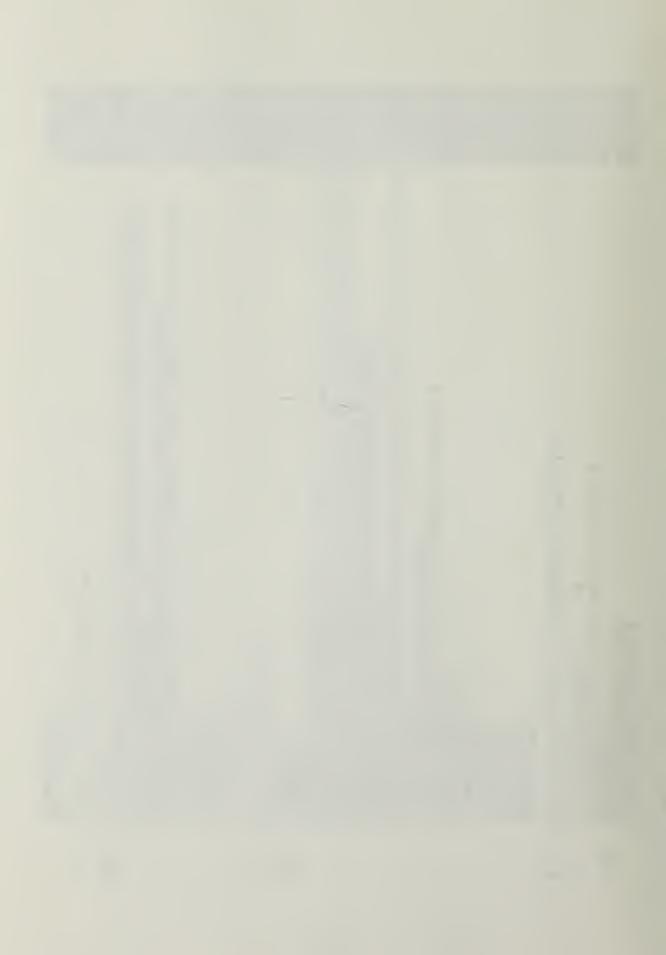
# KRO34300

# KRO34300

# KRO34400

# KRO3400

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     (FUNC2 (A, B, X(1+1), 2CG(J))-FUNC2 (A, B, X(1), 2CG(J)))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      (J,1)/32.2*(YE(J,1)**2+(ZE(J,1)-ZCG(I))**2)
(J,1)/32.2*((XE(J,1)-XCG(I))**2+
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       J.1)/32.2*((XE(J,1)-XCG(I))**2+YE(J/32.2*(XCG(I)-XE(J,I))*(ZE(J,I)-ZCG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Y(I+1)-Y(I))/(X(I+1)-X(I)))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       FRAME CCNTRIBLTION TO MOMENTS OF INEFILA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  AIR AND PELIUP CONTRIBUTION
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ENGINE CCNTRIBLTICNS
                                                                                         190
                                                                                                                                                                                                         COC
```



```
[ J ] + DA IR (I ) * RHDAIR* ( 2CG ( J ) - HAIR ( I ) ) * * 2 + DHEL ( I ) * RHDHEL * EL (I ) ) * * 2 + CHEL * ( X ( I ) - XCG ( J ) ) * * 2 + CHEL * ( X ( I ) - XCG ( J ) ) * * 2 + CHEL * ( X ( I ) - XCG ( J ) ) * * 2 + CHEL * ( X ( I ) - XCG ( J ) ) * * 2 + CHEL * ( X ( I ) - XCG ( J ) ) * * 2 + CHEL * ( X ( I ) - XCG ( J ) ) * * 2 + CHEL * ( I ) * RHOHEL * ( I ) * RHOHEL * ( I ) * RHOAIR* ( X CG ( J ) - X ( I ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) + CCG ( J ) - X ( I ) ) * ( HHEL ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) + CCG ( J ) - X ( I ) ) * ( HHEL ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) + CCG ( J ) + CCG ( J ) ) * ( HHEL ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) + CCG ( J ) ) * ( HHEL ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) + CCG ( J ) ) * ( HHEL ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) + CCG ( J ) ) * ( HHEL ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) + CCG ( J ) ) * ( HHEL ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) + CCG ( J ) ) * ( HHEL ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) + CCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) + CCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) + CCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZCG ( J ) ) * ( HAIR ( I ) - ZC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (CIXX+FM*(ZF**2+CGH**2))+(CIXX+FM*(ZF+CGH)**2)+
ZF-CGH)**2)
(CIYY+FM*(CGH**2+(XF-CGX)**2))+(CIZZ+FM*((ZF+CGH)**2))+(CIZZ+FM*((ZF+CGH)**2+(XF-CGX)**2))
(CIZZ+FM*((XF-CGX)**2+ZF**2))+2.*(CIZZ+FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-CGX)**;FM*(XF-C
                                                                (E(J)+WK(J)/32.2*(ZKEEL-ZCG(J))**2
(E(J)+WK(J)/32.2*(LKEEL(J)**2/12.+(XKEEL(J)-
(CG(J))**2)
(E(J)+WK(J)/32.2*(LKEEL(J)**2/12.+(XKEEL(J)-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         AIRSHIP CG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (J)+WK(J)/32.2*(XCG(J)-XKEEL(J))*(ZKEEL-ZCG(J))
1,K2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         GET IXX, IYY, IZZ, AT THE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         SUM UP CCMPGNENT PARTS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             156.5
47.2
132.2/4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                CONTRIBUTION
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       CITY (CITY (
                                                           + XCG(7) = IXXX+

IXCG(7) = IXXX+

IXCG(7) = IXXX+

IXCG(7) = IXXX+

IXX(1) = IXXX+

IXX(1) = IXXX+

+ IXXX+

- IXXX+

-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Z I J
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        000
```



```
9
            EL*EL*
       226
          666
    54W2H098
         8
    というといいと
         22
```



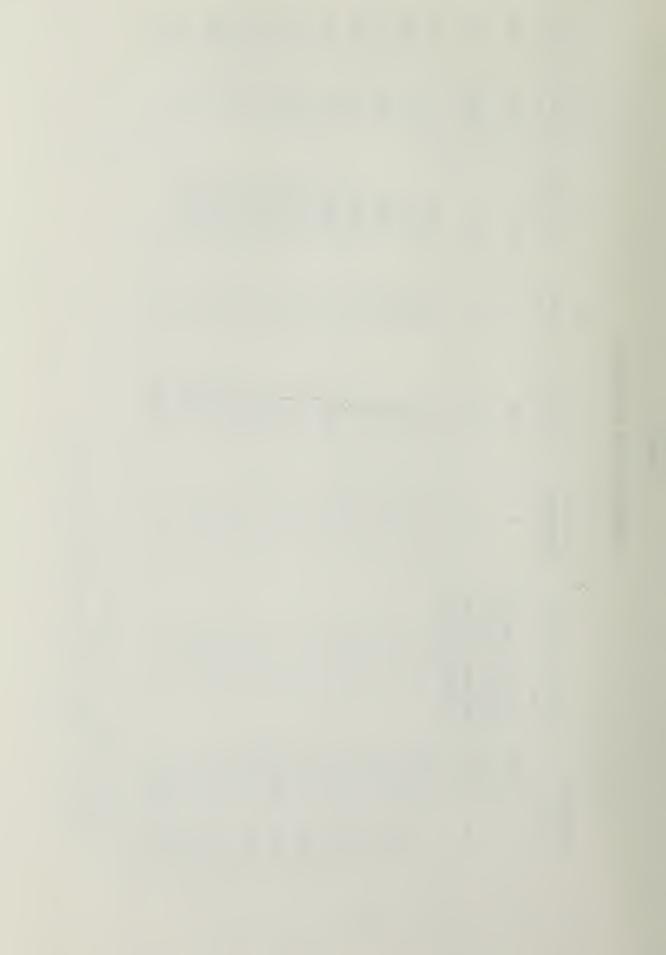
```
RETURN
END
FUNCTION
FUNCTION
FUNCTION
FUNCTION
FUNCTION
FOR END
FUNCTION
FOR END
FUNCTION
FOR END
FOR
```



PARAMETERS FOR TURBULENCE

Altitude (ft)	Mission Segment*	Turbulence Component**	P <sub>l</sub> (unitless)	b <sub>1</sub> (ft/sec)	P <sub>2</sub> (unitless)	b <sub>2</sub> (ft/sec)	ř (ft)
0 - 1,000	Low Level Contour (rough terrain)	>	1.00		10_5		200
0 - 1,000	Low Level Contour (rough terrain)		1.00	3.1	10-5	14.06	200
0 - 1,000	C, C, D	V, L, L	1.00	2.51	0.005	5.04	200
1,000 - 2,500	C, C, D	V, L, L	0.42	3.02	0.0033	5.94	1750
2,500 - 5,000	C, C, D	V, L, L	0.30	3.42	0.0020	8.17	2500
5,000 - 10,000	C, C, D	V, L, L	0.15	3.59	0.00095	9.22	2500
10,000 - 20,000	C, C, D	V, L, L	0.062	3.27	0.00028	10.52	2500
20,000 - 30,000	C, C, D	V, L, L	0.025	3.15	0.00011	11.88	2500
30,000 - 40,000	C, C, D	V, L, L	0.011	2.93	0.000095	9.84	2500
40,000 - 50,000	C, C, D	V, L, L	9700.0	3.28	0.000115	8.81	2500
50,000 - 60,000	C, C, D	V, L, L	0.0020	3.82	0.000078	7.04	2500
60,000 - 70,000	C, C, D	V, L, L	0.00088	2.93	0.000057	4.33	2500
70,000 - 80,000	C, C, D	V, L, L	0.00038	2.80	0.000044	1.80	2500
above 80,000	C, C, D	V, L, L	0.00025	2.50	0	0	2500

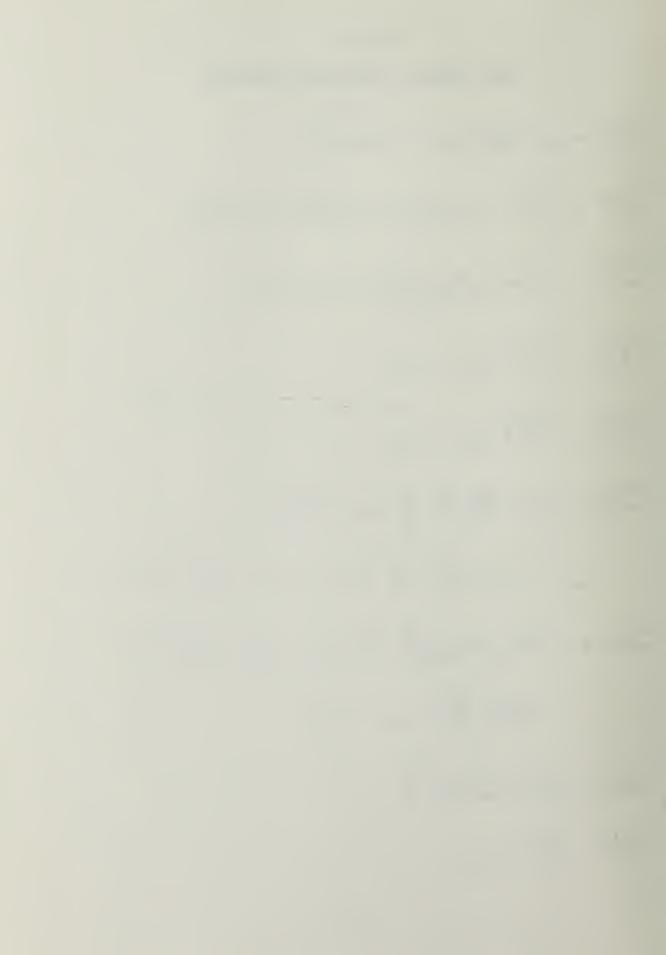
\*Climb, cruise, and descent (C, C, D)
\*\*Vertical, lateral, and longitudinal (V, L, L)



#### TABLE II

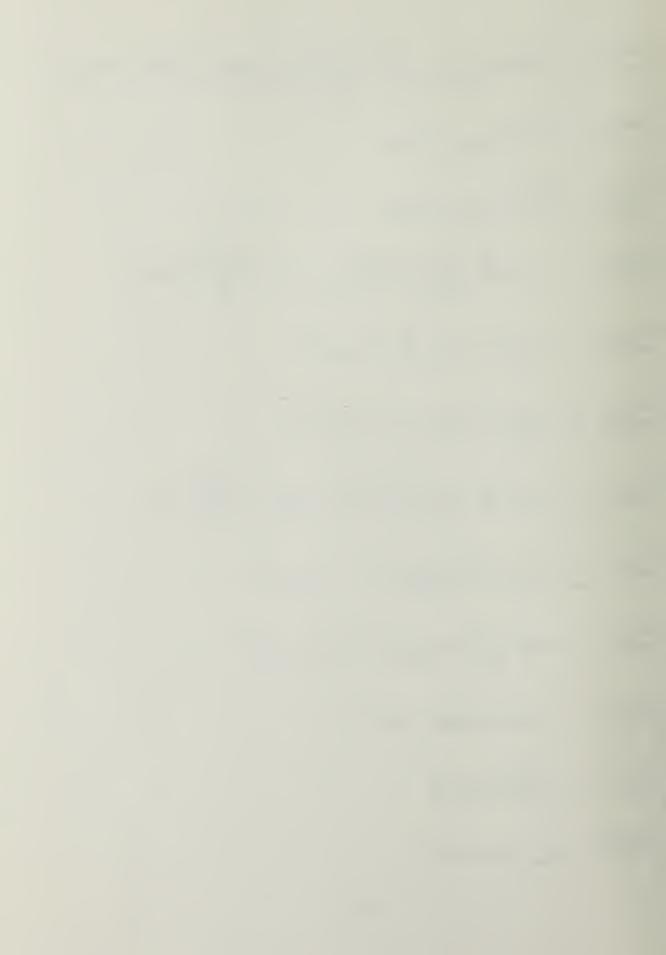
#### LOAD RESPONSE TRANSFER FUNCTIONS

$$\begin{split} \frac{(\mathrm{d} \mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{g}})_{h}}{\Gamma} &= \rho \mathbf{U}_{o}^{2} \, \mathbf{K} \, \frac{\mathrm{d} \mathbf{A}}{\mathrm{d} \xi} \, \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\Omega \xi \, \cos \alpha_{o}\right) \mathrm{d} \xi \\ \frac{(\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{g}})_{S}}{\Gamma} &= -\rho \frac{\mathbf{U}_{o}^{2}}{2} \, \mathbf{S}_{S} \left( \left( \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Y}\beta} \right)_{S} \mathbf{H} \left( \mathbf{k}_{S} \right) \, \mathbf{n}_{S} \right] \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\Omega \mathbf{1}_{S} \cos \alpha_{o}\right) \\ \frac{(\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{g}})_{T_{K}}}{\Gamma} &= -\rho \frac{\mathbf{U}_{o}^{2}}{2} \, \mathbf{S}_{T_{K}} \left( \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Y}\beta} \right)_{T_{K}} \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\Omega \mathbf{1}_{T_{K}} \cos \alpha_{o}\right) \\ \frac{(\mathbf{N}_{\mathbf{g}})_{T_{K}}}{\Gamma} &= \frac{(\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{g}})_{T_{K}}}{\Gamma} \, \left( \mathbf{1}_{cm} - \mathbf{1}_{T_{K}} \right) \\ \frac{(\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{g}})_{T_{K}}}{\Gamma} &= \frac{(\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{g}})_{T_{K}}}{\Gamma} \, \left( \mathbf{h}_{cm} - \mathbf{h}_{T_{K}} \right) \\ \frac{(\mathbf{d} \mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{w}})_{h}}{\Gamma} &= \left\{ \rho \mathbf{U}_{o}^{2} \, \mathbf{K} \, \frac{\mathrm{d} \mathbf{A}}{\mathrm{d} \xi} \left[ \frac{\hat{\mathbf{V}}}{\Gamma} - \frac{2}{c} \, \left( \mathbf{1}_{cm} - \xi \right) \frac{\hat{\mathbf{R}}}{\Gamma} \right] \\ &+ \rho \mathbf{U}_{o}^{2} \mathbf{A} \left\{ \mathrm{i}\Omega \left[ \frac{\hat{\mathbf{V}}}{\Gamma} - \frac{2}{c} \, \frac{\hat{\mathbf{R}}}{\Gamma} \left( \mathbf{1}_{cm} - \xi \right) \right] \mathbf{k}_{2} + \frac{2}{c} \, \frac{\hat{\mathbf{R}}}{\Gamma} \, \mathbf{k}_{1} \right\} \right\} \mathrm{d} \xi \\ \frac{(\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{w}})_{S}}{\Gamma} &= -\rho \frac{\mathbf{U}_{o}^{2}}{2} \, \mathbf{S}_{S} \left\{ \left( \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Y}\beta} \right)_{S} \left[ \frac{\hat{\mathbf{V}}}{\Gamma} - \frac{\hat{\mathbf{R}}}{\Gamma} \left( \mathbf{1}_{cm} - \mathbf{1}_{S} \right) \right] \right\} \\ \frac{(\mathbf{N}_{\mathbf{w}})_{S}}{\Gamma} &= \rho \frac{\mathbf{U}_{o}^{2}}{2} \, \mathbf{S}_{S} \, \overline{\mathbf{C}}_{S} \left( \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{n}_{T}} \right)_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} \, \frac{\hat{\mathbf{R}}}{\Gamma} \\ \frac{(\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{w}})_{S}}{\Gamma} &= \frac{(\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{w}})_{S}}{\Gamma} \, \left( \mathbf{h}_{cm} \right)_{S} \\ \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \mathbf{n}_{cm} \right\}_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} = \frac{(\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{w}})_{S}}{\Gamma} \, \left( \mathbf{n}_{cm} \right)_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} \, \frac{\hat{\mathbf{R}}}{\Gamma} \right\} \left\{ \mathbf{n}_{cm} \right\}_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} \\ \frac{(\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{w}})_{S}}{\Gamma} &= \frac{(\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{w}})_{S}}{\Gamma} \, \left( \mathbf{n}_{cm} \right)_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} \, \frac{\hat{\mathbf{R}}}{\Gamma} \right\} \left\{ \mathbf{n}_{cm} \right\}_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} = \frac{(\mathbf{N}_{\mathbf{w}})_{S}}{\Gamma} \, \left( \mathbf{n}_{cm} \right)_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} \right\}_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} \\ \frac{(\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{w}})_{S}}{\Gamma} &= \frac{(\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{w}})_{S}}{\Gamma} \, \left( \mathbf{n}_{cm} \right)_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} \, \frac{\hat{\mathbf{R}}}{\Gamma} \right\}_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} \left\{ \mathbf{n}_{cm} \right\}_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} \left\{ \mathbf{n}_{cm} \right\}_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} \right\}_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} \left\{ \mathbf{n}_{cm} \right\}_{S}^{\mathbf{a} c} \left\{ \mathbf$$



$$\begin{split} \frac{(\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{W}})_{T_{\mathbf{K}}}}{\Gamma} &= -\rho \frac{\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{-2}}{2} \mathbf{S}_{T_{\mathbf{K}}} (\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{Y}_{\hat{\mathbf{S}}}})_{T_{\mathbf{K}}} \left[ \hat{\overline{\mathbf{Y}}} - \frac{2}{c} \quad \hat{\overline{\mathbf{R}}} \right] (\mathbf{1}_{cm} - \mathbf{1}_{T_{\mathbf{K}}}) - \frac{2}{c} \frac{\hat{\mathbf{P}}}{\Gamma} (\mathbf{1}_{cm} - \mathbf{1}_{T_{\mathbf{K}}}) \\ \frac{(\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{W}})_{T_{\mathbf{K}}}}{\Gamma} &= \frac{(\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{W}})_{T_{\mathbf{K}}}}{\Gamma} (\mathbf{1}_{cm} - \mathbf{1}_{T_{\mathbf{K}}}) \\ \frac{(\mathbf{0}_{\mathbf{W}})_{T_{\mathbf{K}}}}{\Gamma} &= -\left[ \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{-2} \hat{\mathbf{1}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{T}}} + \frac{2}{c} \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{-2} \hat{\mathbf{1}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{T}}} \right] (\mathbf{1}_{cm} - \xi) + \frac{2\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{-2}}{c} \frac{\hat{\mathbf{R}}}{\Gamma} \right] (\mathbf{dm})_{\mathbf{h}} \\ \frac{(\mathbf{dL}_{\mathbf{m}})_{\mathbf{h}}}{\Gamma} &= \hat{\mathbf{1}} \hat{\mathbf{I}} \frac{2}{c} \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{2} (-\mathbf{dI}_{\mathbf{XX}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{P}}} + \mathbf{dI}_{\mathbf{XZ}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{F}}} ) \\ \frac{(\mathbf{dN}_{\mathbf{m}})_{\mathbf{h}}}{\Gamma} &= \hat{\mathbf{I}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \frac{2}{c} \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{2} (-\mathbf{dI}_{\mathbf{ZX}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{R}}} + \mathbf{dI}_{\mathbf{XZ}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{F}}} \right) \\ \frac{(\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{m}})_{\mathbf{S}}}{\Gamma} &= -\left[ \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{-2} \hat{\mathbf{1}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{T}}} + \frac{2}{c} \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{-2} \hat{\mathbf{1}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{T}}} \right] (\mathbf{1}_{\mathbf{cm}} - \mathbf{1}_{\mathbf{S}}) + \frac{2\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{-2}}{c} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{R}}} \right]_{\mathbf{m}}^{2} \\ \frac{(\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{m}})_{\mathbf{S}}}{\Gamma} &= \hat{\mathbf{I}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \frac{2}{c} \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{2} \left[ -(\mathbf{dI}_{\mathbf{XX}})_{\mathbf{S}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{F}}} + (\mathbf{dI}_{\mathbf{XZ}})_{\mathbf{S}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{R}}} \right] \\ \frac{(\mathbf{N}_{\mathbf{m}})_{\mathbf{S}}}{\Gamma} &= \hat{\mathbf{I}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \frac{2}{c} \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{2} \left[ -(\mathbf{dI}_{\mathbf{ZZ}})_{\mathbf{S}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{R}}} + (\mathbf{dI}_{\mathbf{XZ}})_{\mathbf{S}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{R}}} \right] \\ \frac{(\mathbf{N}_{\mathbf{m}})_{\mathbf{S}}}{\Gamma} &= \hat{\mathbf{I}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \frac{2}{c} \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{2} \left[ -(\mathbf{dI}_{\mathbf{ZZ}})_{\mathbf{S}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{R}}} + (\mathbf{dI}_{\mathbf{XZ}})_{\mathbf{S}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{R}}} \right] \\ \frac{(\mathbf{N}_{\mathbf{M}})_{\mathbf{S}}}{\Gamma} &= \hat{\mathbf{I}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \frac{2}{c} \mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{O}}^{2} \left[ -(\mathbf{dI}_{\mathbf{ZZ}})_{\mathbf{S}} \hat{\overline{\mathbf{R}}} \right] \\ \frac{(\mathbf{N}_{\mathbf{M}})_{\mathbf{S}}}{\Gamma} &= \hat{\mathbf{I}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \\ \frac{2}{c} \hat{\mathbf{0}} \hat$$

$$\frac{(dL_{mg})_{h}}{\Gamma} = h_{cm} g d m \cos \alpha \frac{\hat{\Phi}}{\Gamma}$$



### TABLE III

## GEOMETRICAL AND INERTIAL PROPERTIES

### OF THE USS AKRON (ZR-4)

total volume =  $7,382,400 \text{ ft}^3$ 

 $\bar{c} = 785.0 \text{ ft}$ 

 $s = 37,914 \text{ ft}^2$ 

 $1_{cm} = 364.24 \text{ ft}$ 

 $h_{cm} = -37.66 \text{ ft}$ 

 $l_{\rm b} = 363.01 \, {\rm ft}$ 

mass = 17,039 slugs

buoyancy = 548,642 lb

 $I_{xx} = 38,685,100 \text{ slug-ft}^2$ 

 $I_{zz} = 471,799,000 \text{ slug-ft}^2$ 

 $I_{xz} = 102,129,000 \text{ slug-ft}^2$ 

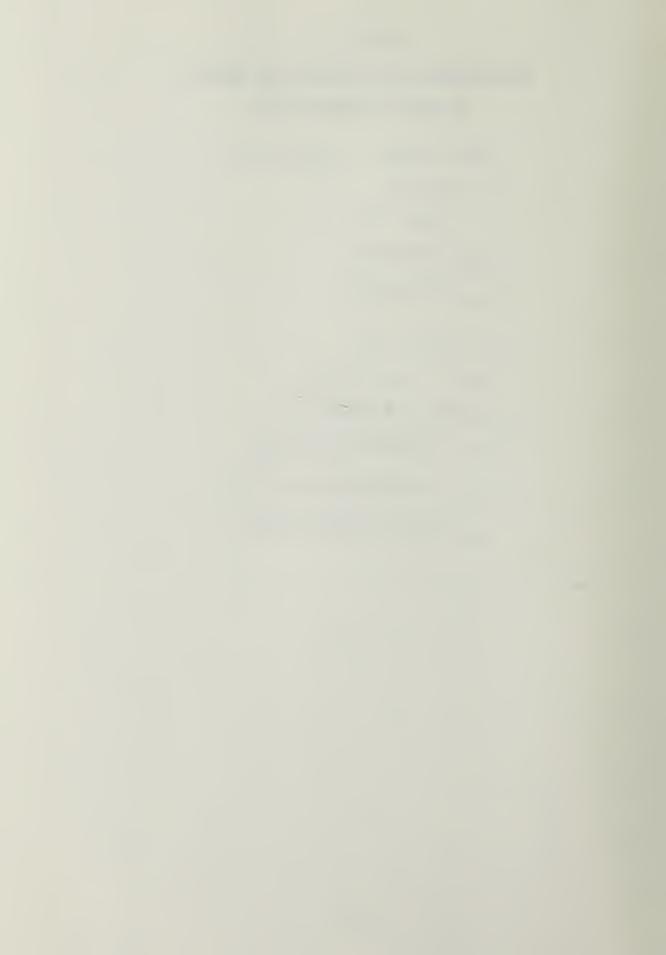
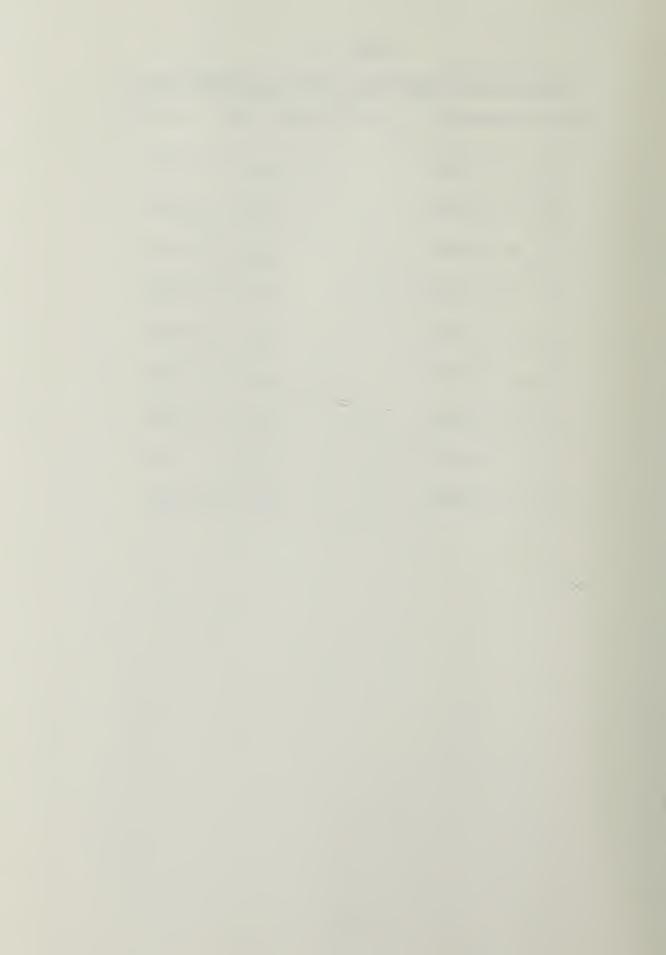


TABLE IV

# STABILITY DERIVATIVES OF THE USS AKRON (ZR-4)

neutral buoyancy,  $U_0 = 123$  ft/sec, ALT = 1000 ft

$c_{y_{\beta}} = -0.7224$	$C_{Y_{\beta}^{\bullet}} = -0.9863$
$C_{Yr} = -0.3418$	$C_{Yr} = 0.0586$
$C_{y_p} = -0.0648$	$C_{y_{\dot{p}}} = -0.0913$
$C_{n_{\beta}} = -0.1710$	$C_{n_{\beta}} = 0.0293$
$C_{n_r} = -0.2352$	$C_{n_{r}} = -0.0991$
$C_{n_p} = -0.0150$	$C_{n_{\dot{p}}} = 0.0028$
$c_{1_{\beta}} = -0.0322$	$C_{1\dot{\beta}} = -0.0456$
$C_{lr} = -0.0153$	$C_{1\dot{r}} = 0.0028$
$C_{lp} = -0.0066$	$C_{1p} = -0.0042$



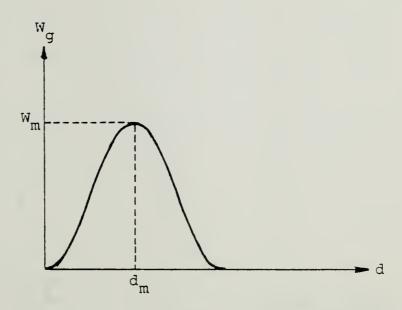


Figure 1. The (1-Cosine) Gust Shape

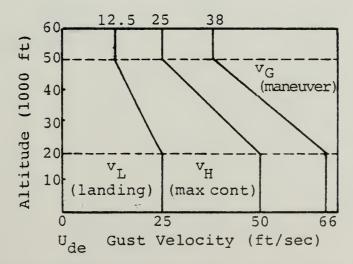


Figure 2. Derived Gust Velocity for Gust Loads Formula



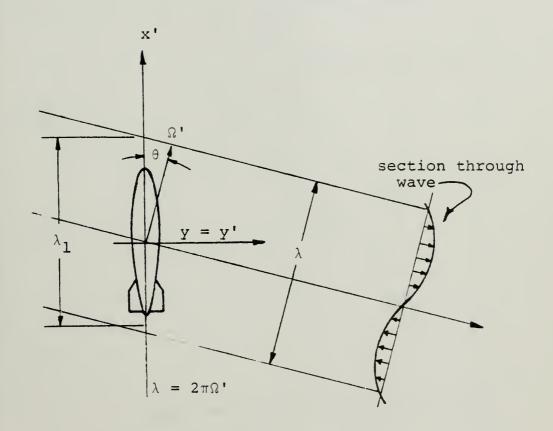


Figure 3. Elementary Spectral Components in Two Dimensions



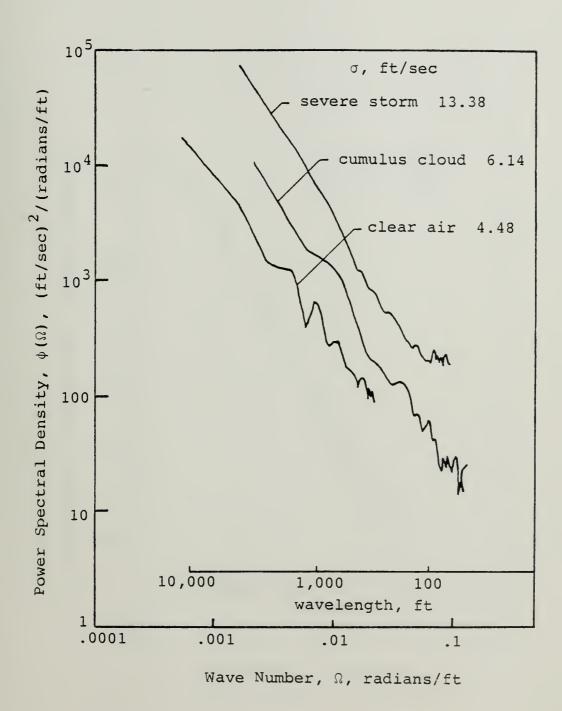
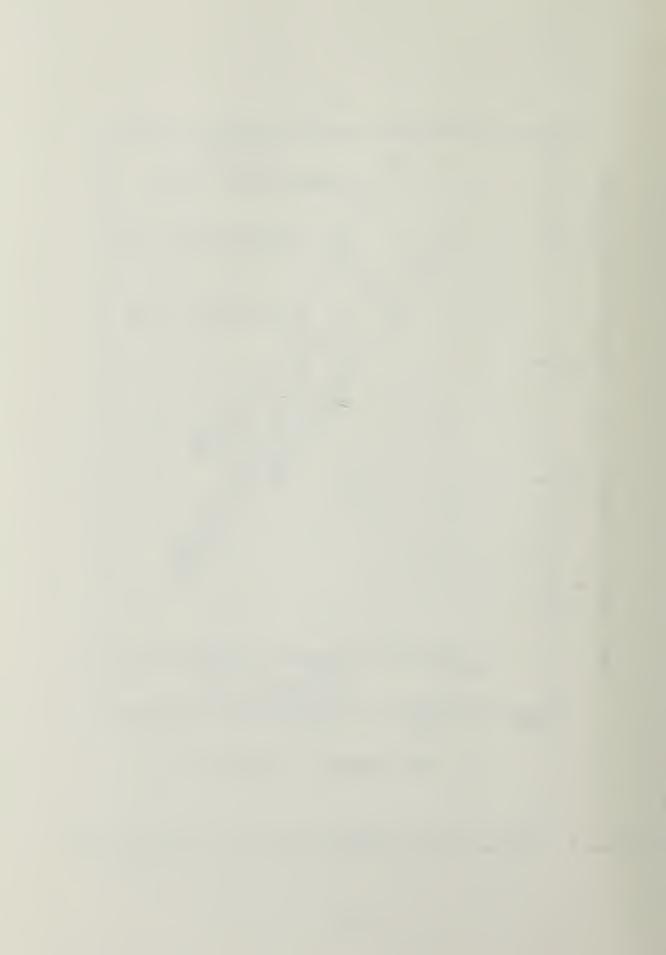


Figure 4. Typical Power Spectra of Vertical Gust Velocity



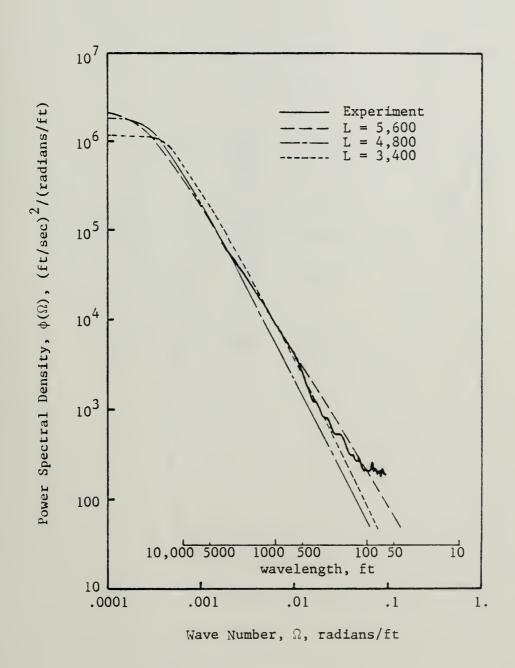


Figure 5. Measured and Fitted von Karman Spectra of Vertical Gust Velocity from Severe Storm



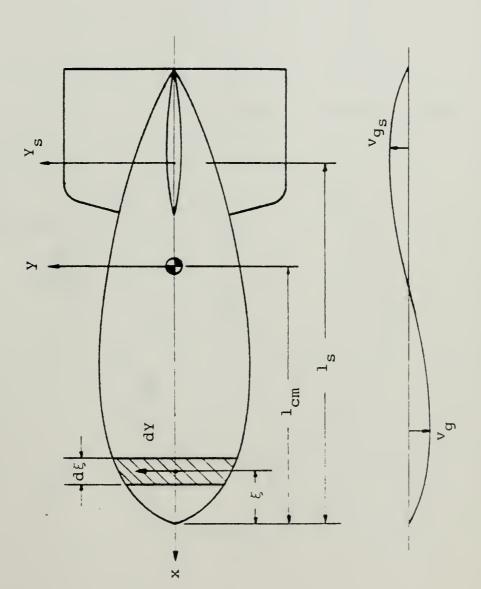


Figure 6. Schematic of Airship Loads from Turbulence



 $\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{B}}$  shown in positive sense

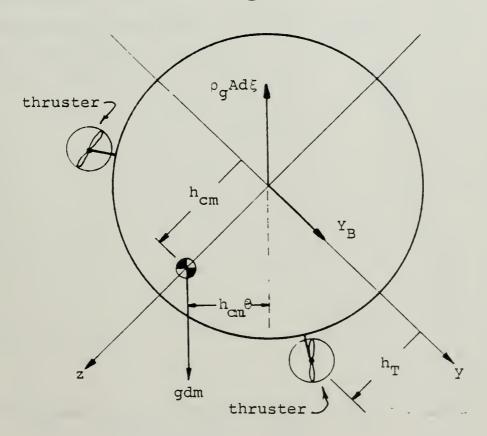


Figure 7. Schematic of Buoyancy Forces and Moments



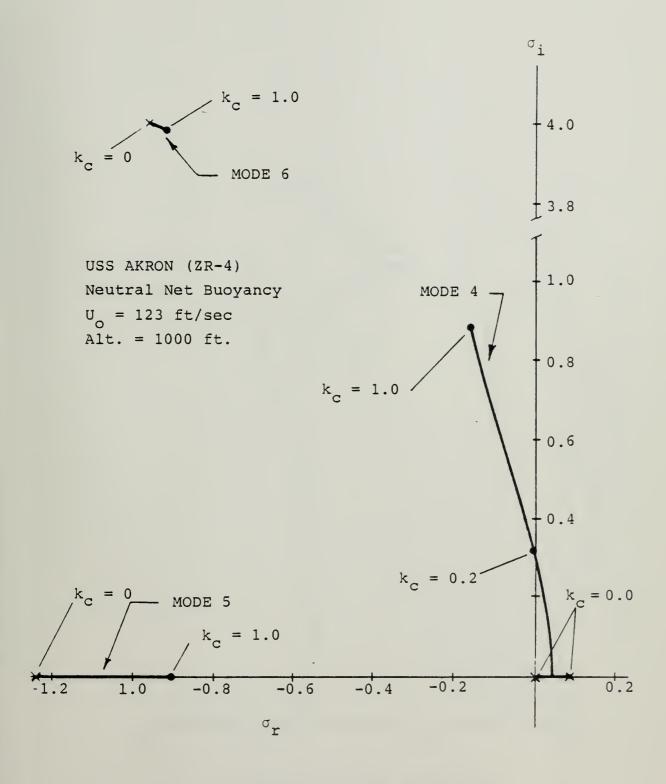
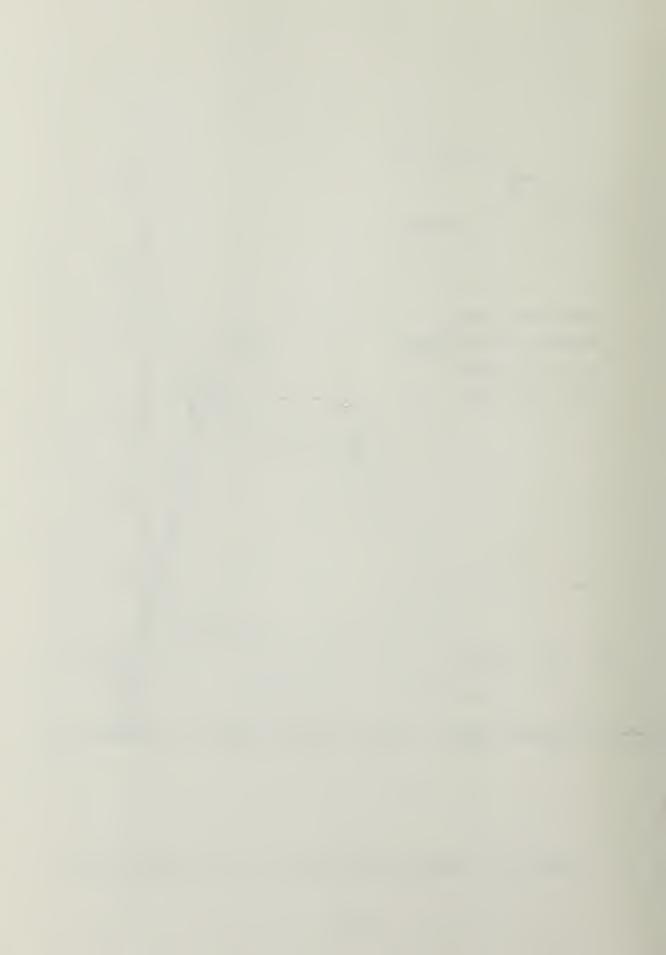
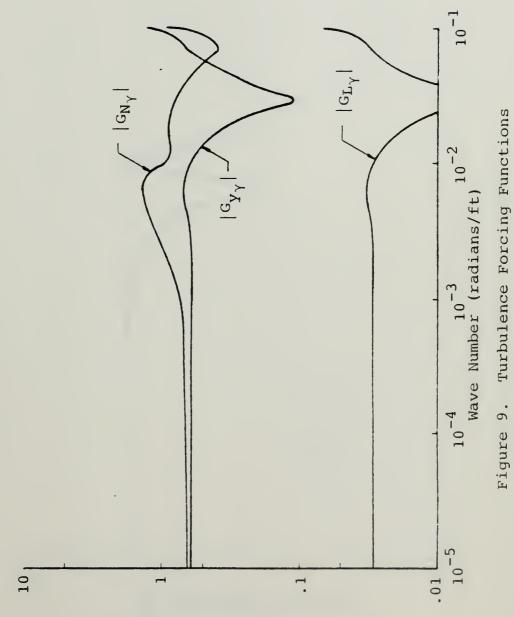
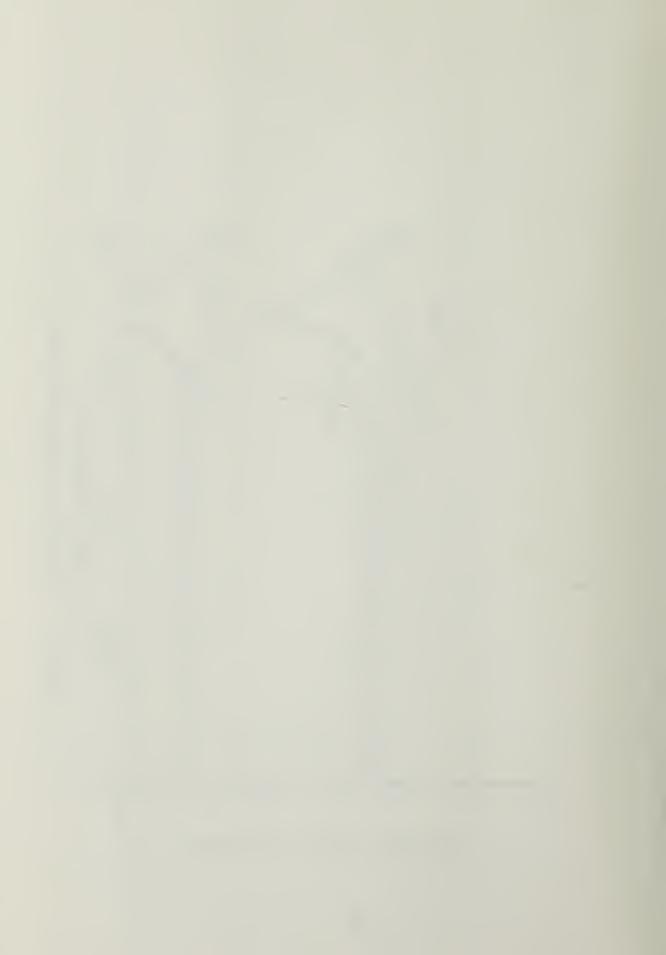


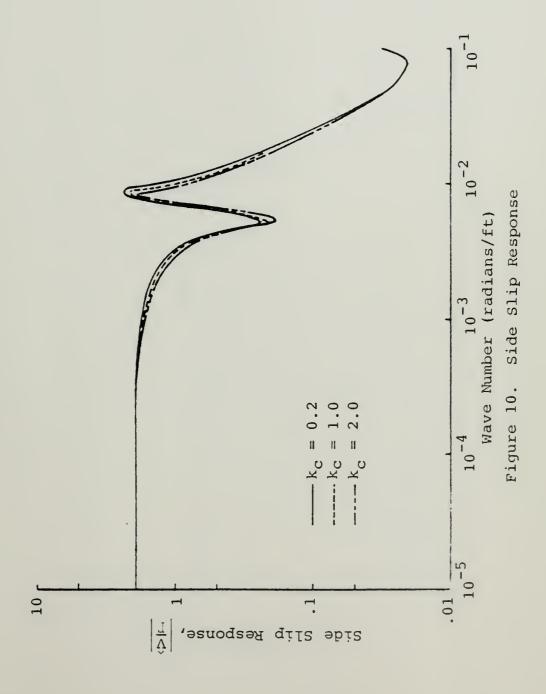
Figure 8. Lateral Root-Locus of the USS AKRON (ZR-4)



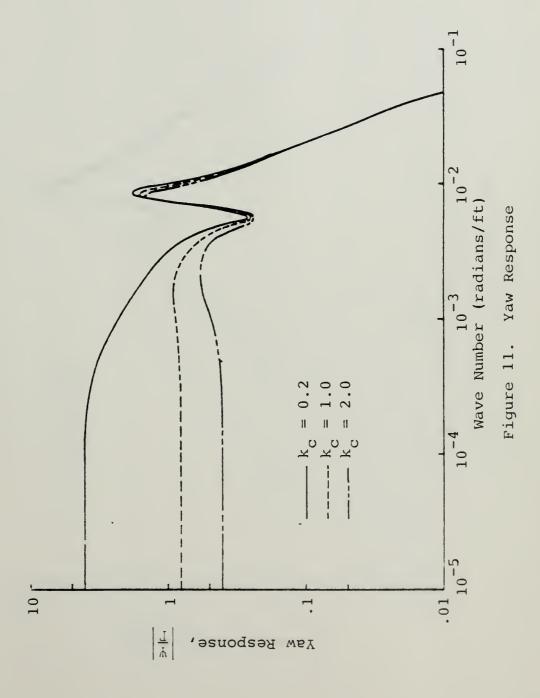


Turbulence Forcing Functions

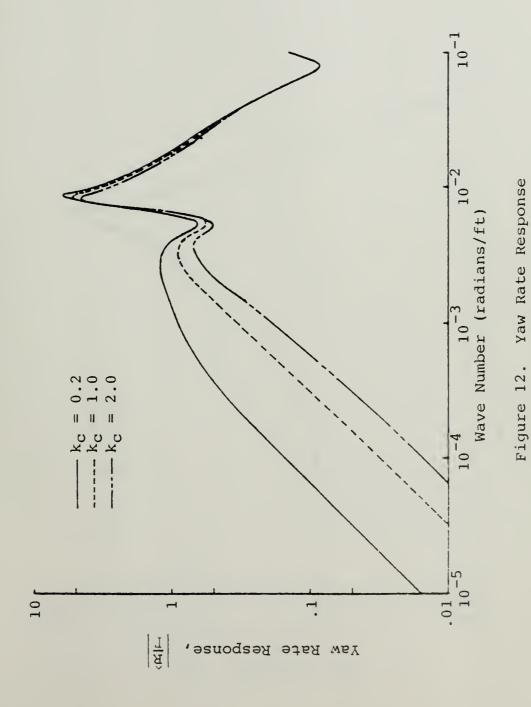




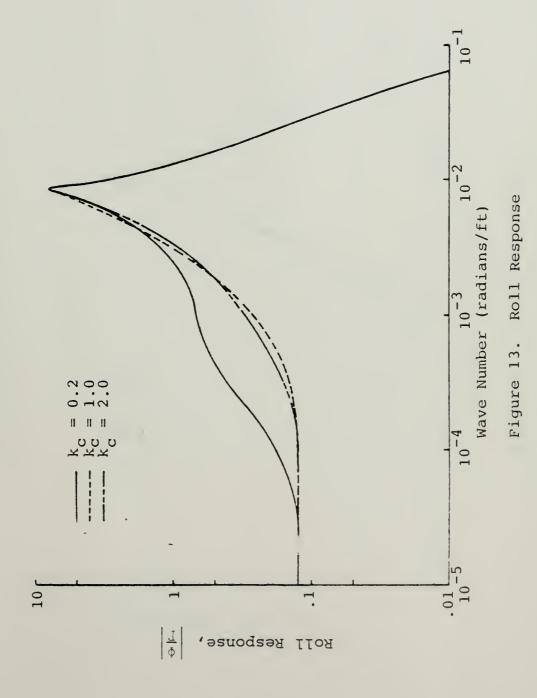














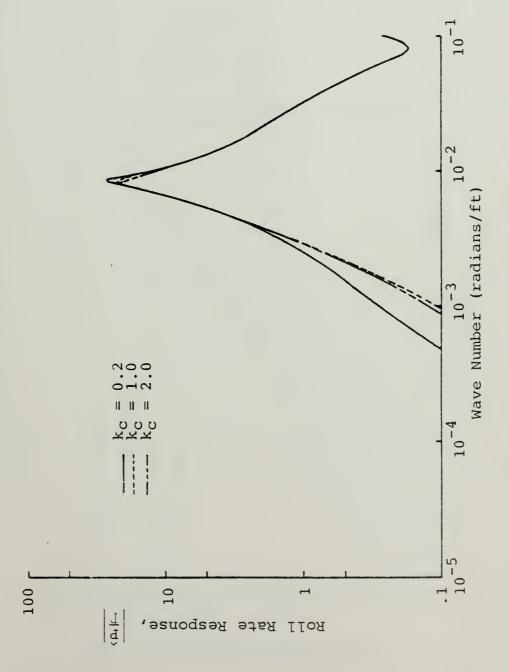


Figure 14. Roll Rate Response



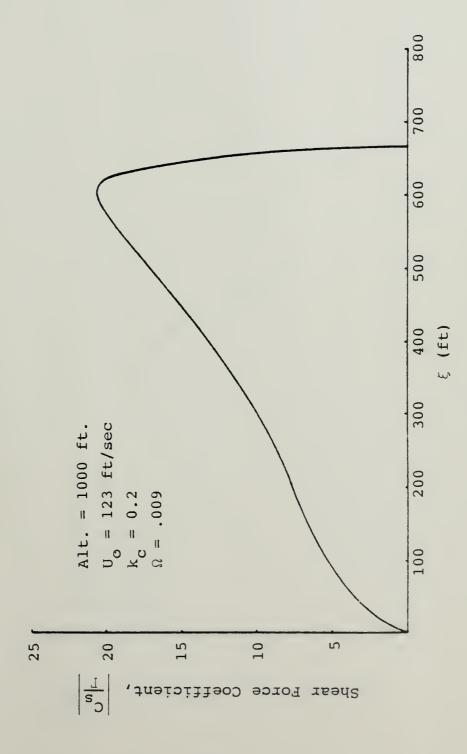
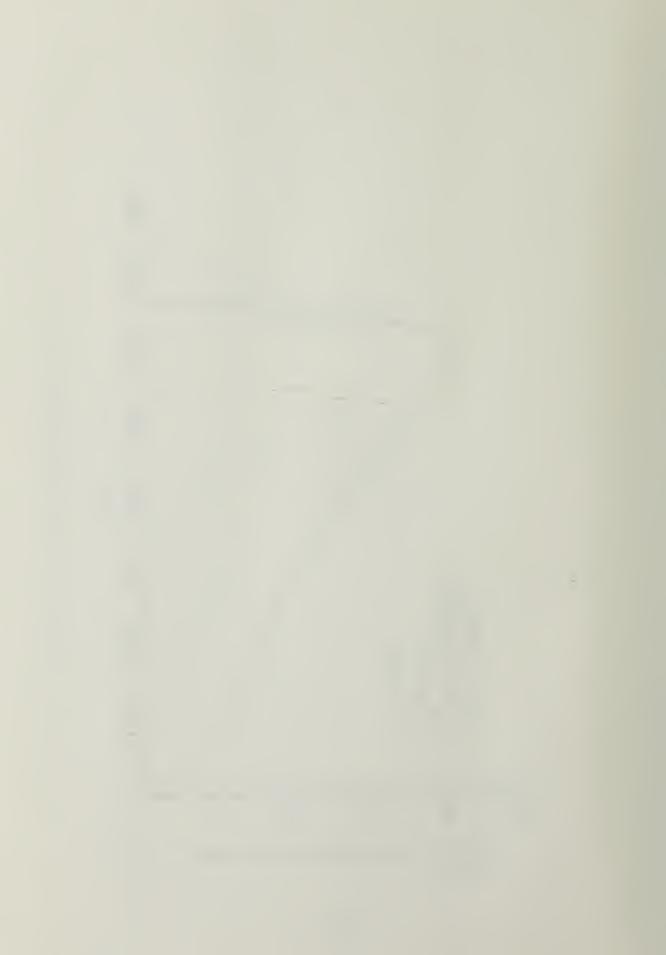


Figure 15. Shear Force Coefficient



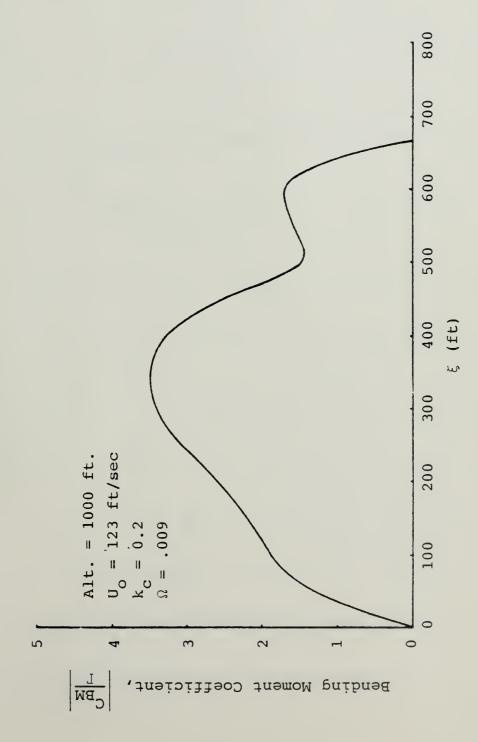


Figure 16. Bending Moment Coefficient



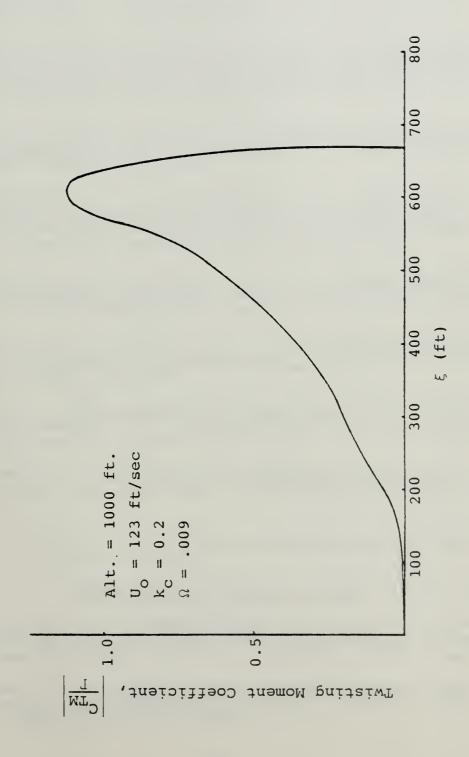
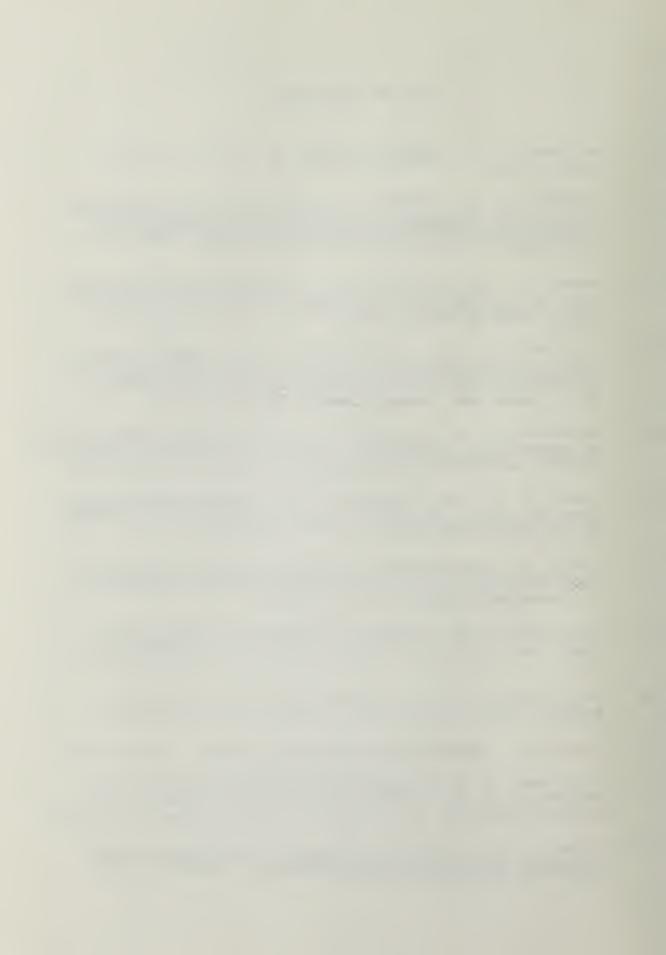


Figure 17. Twisting Moment Coefficient

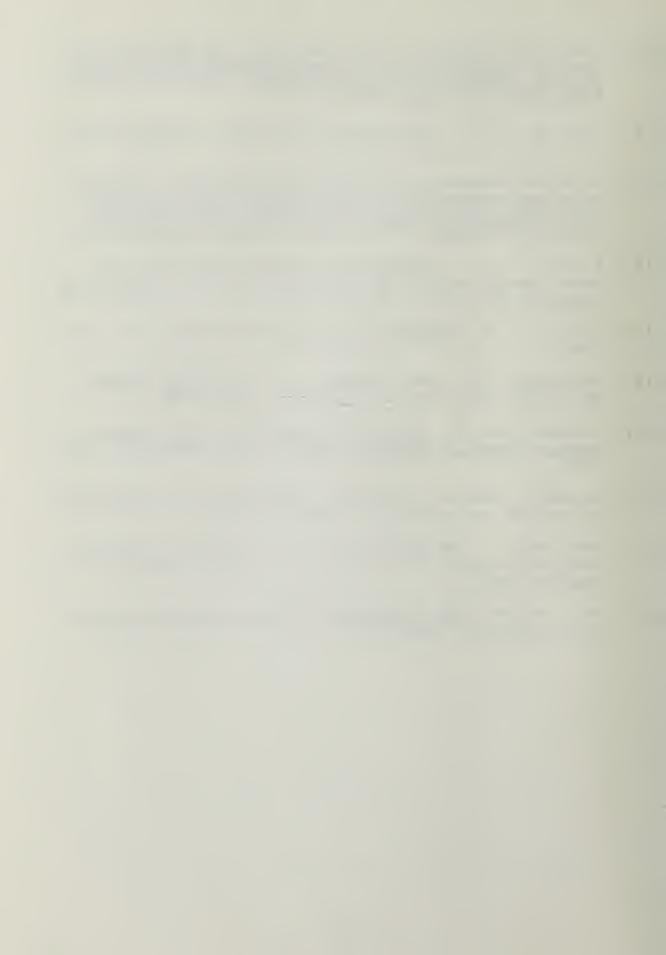


## LIST OF REFERENCES

- 1. Burgess, C. P., Airship Design, pp. 99-100, Ronald Press, 1927.
- 2. Houbolt, J. C., Steiner, R., and Pratt, K. G., Dynamic Response of Airplanes to Atmospheric Turbulence Including Flight Data on Input and Response, NASA TR-R-199, 1964.
- 3. Press, H., and Meadows, M. T., A Reevaluation of Gust-Load Statistics for Applications in Spectral Calculations, NACA TN 3540, 1955.
- 4. Calligeros, J. M., and McDavitt, P. W., Response and Loads on Airships due to Discrete and Random Gusts, MIT Aeroelastic and Structures Research Lab. Tech. Rept. 72-1, Cambridge, Massachusetts, February 1958.
- 5. DeLaurier, J. D., and Hui, K. C. K., Airship Survivability in Atmospheric Turbulence, American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics Paper No. 81-1323, July 1981.
- 6. Jones, S. P., and DeLaurier, J. D., <u>Aerodynamic Estimation Techniques for Aerostats and Airships</u>, AIAA Paper No. 81-1339, July 1981.
- 7. Etkin, B., The Turbulent Wind and Its Effect on Flight, UTIAS Review No. 44, University of Toronto Institute for Aerospace Studies, August 1980.
- 8. Batchelor, G. K., <u>Theory of Homogeneous Turbulence</u>, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 1953.
- 9. Dobrolenskiy, Yu. P., Flight Dynamics in Moving Air, NASA TT F-600, July 1971.
- 10. Etkin, B., Dynamics of Atmospheric Flight, Wiley, 1972.
- 11. Ferzinger, J. H., <u>Large-Eddy Simulation</u>, Lecture presented at the AIAA Professional Study Seminar on Turbulence Modeling, Palo Alto, California, 20-21 June 1981.
- 12. Ribner, H. S., <u>Spectral Theory of Buffeting and Gust Response</u>; <u>Unification and Extension</u>, <u>Journal of Aero.</u> Sci., Vol. 23, No. 12, 1956.

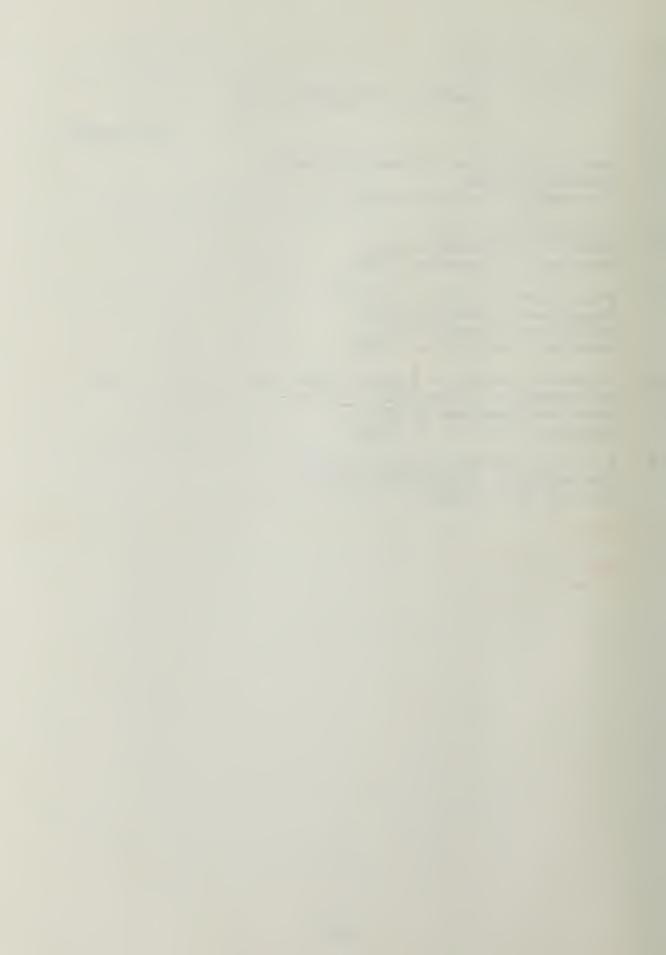


- 13. Air Force Flight Dynamics Laboratory, An Exposition on Aircraft Response to Atmospheric Turbulence Using Power Spectral Density Analysis Techniques, Technical Report AFFDL-TR-76-162, May 1977.
- 14. Houbolt, J. C., "Atmospheric Turbulence," AIAA Journal, Vol. 11, No. 4, April 1973.
- 15. National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Terrestrial Environment (Climatic) Criteria Guidelines for Use in Aerospace Vehicle Development, 1977 Revision, edited by Kaufman, J. W., NASA TM 78118, November 1977.
- 16. Filotas, L. T., "Approximate Transfer Functions for Large Aspect Ratio Wings in Turbulent Flow," AIAA J. of Aircraft, Vol. 8, No. 6, June 1971.
- 17. Ribner, H. S., <u>Propellers in Yaw</u>, NACA Report No. 820, 1945.
- 18. DeLaurier, J. D. and Schenck, D. M., Airship Dynamic Stability, AIAA Paper No. 79-1591, July 1977.
- 19. Freeman, Hugh B., Force Measurements on a 1/40-Scale Model of the U.S. Airship 'Akron', NACA Report No. 432, 1932.
- 20. Woodward, Donald E., Private Communication, Association of Balloon and Airship Constructors, 1981.
- 21. Scholaert, H. and DeLaurier, J. D., Private Communication, University of Toronto Institute for Aerospace Studies, 1981.
- 22. Munk, Max M., The Aerodynamic Forces on Airship Hulls, NACA Report No. 184, 1924.



## INITIAL DISTRIBUTION LIST

		No. Copies
1.	Defense Technical Information Center Cameron Station Alexandria, Virginia 22314	2
2.	Library, Code 0142 Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, California 93940	2
3.	Department Chairman, Code 67 Department of Aeronautics Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, California 93940	1
4.	Professor Donald M. Layton, Code 67Ln Department of Aeronautics Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, California 93940	10
5.	LT John J. Wrobleski, Jr. USS DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER (CVN-69) EPO New York 09532	5











Thesis
W923 Wrobleski
c.1 The lateral response of an airship to turbulence.

Thesis

W923 Wrobleski

c.1 The lateral response of an airship to tur-bulence.

thesW923
The lateral response of an airship to tu

3 2768 001 90670 4 DUDLEY KNOX LIBRARY